

BASE PROSPECTUS DATED 17 JUNE 2015

Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V. (Incorporated in the Netherlands with limited liability and having its statutory domicile in The Hague)

EUR 6,000,000,000 Debt Issuance Programme

Under the EUR 6,000,000,000 Debt Issuance Programme (the "**Programme**") described in this base prospectus (the "**Base Prospectus**"), Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V. ("**FMO**" or the "**Issuer**") may from time to time issue notes (the "**Notes**") denominated in any currency agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer (as defined below).

The maximum aggregate nominal amount of all Notes from time to time outstanding under the Programme will not exceed EUR 6,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency calculated as described herein).

The Notes may be issued on a continuing basis to one or more of the dealers specified below and any additional dealer appointed under the Programme from time to time, which appointment may be for a specific issue or on an ongoing basis (each a "**Dealer**" and together the "**Dealers**"). The Dealer or Dealers with whom the Issuer agrees or proposes to agree an issue of any Notes is or are referred to as the "**relevant Dealer(s)**" in respect of those Notes.

An investment in the Notes entails certain risks. Prospective investors should have regard to the risk factors described under the section 'Risk Factors' in this Base Prospectus.

The Notes of each series (each a "Series") or tranche (each a "Tranche") will initially be represented by a global note. Each global note which is not intended to be issued in new global note form (a "Classic Global Note" or "CGN") as specified in the relevant Final Terms (as defined below) will be deposited on the issue date thereof either (i) with a common depositary on behalf of Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. ("Euroclear") and Clearstream Banking, société anonyme ("Clearstream, Luxembourg") and/or any other agreed clearing system specified in the applicable Final Terms or (ii) with Nederlands Centraal Instituut voor Giraal Effectenverkeer B.V., formerly known as NECIGEF, ("Euroclear Netherlands"). Each global note which is intended to be issued in a new global note form (a "New Global Note" or "NGN"), as specified in the relevant Final Terms, will be deposited on or around the relevant issue date with a common safekeeper for Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg. See 'Form of the Notes' as set out herein.

This Base Prospectus has been approved by the Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets (*Stichting Autoriteit Financiële Markten*, the "**AFM**"), which is the Netherlands' competent authority for the purpose of Directive 2003/71/EC (as amended, including by Directive 2010/73/EU) and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State (the "**Prospectus Directive**"), as a Base Prospectus issued in compliance with the Prospectus Directive and relevant implementing measures in the Netherlands for the purpose of giving information with regard to the issue of Notes during the period of twelve months after the date hereof.

Application may be made for Notes to be listed and admitted to trading on Euronext in Amsterdam ("Euronext in Amsterdam"), the regulated market of Euronext Amsterdam N.V., the Official List of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (the "Luxembourg Stock Exchange") and the regulated market of London Stock Exchange plc (the "London Stock Exchange"). Euronext in Amsterdam, the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and the London Stock Exchange are regulated markets for the purposes of Directive 2004/39/EC (the "Markets in Financial Instruments Directive"). The Programme also permits Notes to be issued on the basis that they will not be admitted to listing, trading and/or quotation by any listing authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system.

The AFM has been requested by the Issuer to provide the *Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier* (the "CSSF") in Luxembourg, the Finanstilsynet (the "Norwegian Finanstilsynet") in Norway, the *Financial Services and Markets Authority* in Belgium (the "FSMA"), the *Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht* in Germany (the "BfF") and the *Financial Conduct Authority* (the "FCA") in the United Kingdom in its capacity as competent authority ("UK Listing Authority") under the UK Financial Services and Market Act 2000, with a certificate of approval attesting that the Base Prospectus has been drawn up in accordance with the Regulation 809/2004/EC (the "Prospectus Regulation", which term includes any amendments thereto). Additionally, the Issuer may request the AFM to provide the Finanstilsynet (the "Danish Finanstilsynet") in Denmark, the *Finanssivalvonta* (the "Finansivalvonta") in Finland and the *Finansinspektionen* (the "Finansinspektionen") in Sweden with a certificate of approval attesting that the Base Prospectus has been drawn up in accordance with the Prospectus Regulation.

The AFM shall notify the European Securities and Markets Authority ("**ESMA**") of the approval of this Base Prospectus and any supplement hereto at the same time as such approval is notified to the Issuer. In addition, the AFM shall provide ESMA with a copy of this Base Prospectus and any supplement hereto.

Certain Tranches of Notes with a denomination of less than EUR 100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency) may be offered in circumstances where there is no exemption from the obligation under the Prospectus Directive to publish a prospectus. Any such offer is referred to as a "Non-exempt Offer".

The Issuer may agree with any Dealer that Notes with a minimum denomination of at least EUR 100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency) may be issued in a form not contemplated by the Terms and Conditions of the Notes as set out herein, in which case a supplement to the Base Prospectus, if appropriate, will be made available which will describe the effect of the agreement reached in relation to such Notes and, if relevant, which will be subject to the prior approval of the AFM.

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The Notes may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to or for the account or benefit of U.S. persons (as defined in Regulation S ("Regulation S") under the Securities Act), except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

The Notes are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, except in certain transactions permitted by U.S. tax regulations. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and regulations thereunder (the "Revenue Code").

Series or Tranches of Notes issued under the Programme may be rated or unrated. Where a Tranche or Series of Notes is rated, such rating will not necessarily be the same as the ratings assigned to the Programme. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency. The rating of a certain Series or Tranche of Notes to be issued under the Programme may be specified in the applicable Final Terms. Whether or not each credit rating applied for in relation to a relevant Series or Tranche of Notes will be issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies, as amended (the "CRA Regulation") will be disclosed clearly and prominently in the Final Terms. In general, credit institutions as defined in Regulation 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (the Capital Requirements Regulation or "CRR"), such as the Issuer, are restricted from using a rating for regulatory purposes if such rating is not issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under the CRA Regulation unless the rating is provided by a credit rating agency operating in the European Union before 7 June 2010 which has submitted an application for registration in accordance with the CRA Regulation and such registration is not refused.

Arranger

Rabobank

Dealers

Citigroup Crédit Agricole CIB

Daiwa Capital Markets Europe Deutsche Bank

FMO HSBC

ING J.P. Morgan

Mizuho Securities Rabobank

This Base Prospectus is issued in replacement of a base prospectus dated 2 June 2014.

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SUMMARY

Summaries are made up of disclosure requirements known as "**Elements**". These Elements are numbered in Sections A - E (A.1 - E.7). This summary contains all the Elements required to be included in a summary for this type of securities and the Issuer. Because some Elements are not required to be addressed, there may be gaps in the numbering sequence of the Elements. Even though an Element may be required to be inserted in a summary because of the type of securities and Issuer, it is possible that no relevant information can be given regarding the Element. In this case a short description of the Element should be included in the summary with the mention of 'Not Applicable'.

	Section A – Introduction and Warnings			
A.1	Introduction and warning	This summary should be read as an introduction to the Base Prospectus. Any decision to invest in the Notes should be based on consideration of the Base Prospectus as a whole (including any documents incorporated by reference) by the investor. Where a claim relating to the information contained in the Base Prospectus is brought before a court, the plaintiff investor might, under the national legislation of the Member State, have to bear the costs of translating the Base Prospectus before the legal proceedings are initiated. Civil liability attaches only to those persons who have tabled the summary including any translation thereof, but only if the summary is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus or it does not provide, when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus, key information in order to aid investors when considering whether to invest in the Notes. Words and expressions defined in the 'Terms and Conditions of the Notes' below or elsewhere in this Base Prospectus have the same meanings in this summary.		
A.2	Consent to use of this Base Prospectus	Certain Tranches of Notes with a denomination of less than EUR 100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency) may be offered in circumstances where there is no exemption from the obligation under the Prospectus Directive to publish a prospectus. Any such offer is referred to as a "Non-exempt Offer". Issue specific summary: [Not Applicable. No Non-exempt Offer of the Notes will be made.] [Not Applicable. The Notes are issued in denominations of at least EUR 100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency).] [Consent: Subject to the conditions set out below, the Issuer consents to the use of the Base Prospectus in connection with a Non-exempt Offer of Notes in the Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction by the Dealer[s], [,] [and] [each financial intermediary whose name and address is published on the Issuer's website and identified as an Authorised Offeror in respect of the relevant Non-exempt Offer] [and any financial intermediary which is authorised to make such offers under the applicable legislation implementing Directive 2004/39/EC] and publishes on its website the following statement (with the information in square brackets completed with the relevant information): 'We [insert legal name of financial intermediary], refer to the [insert title of relevant Non-exempt Offer Notes] (the "Notes") described in the Final Terms dated [insert date] (the "Final Terms") published by Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V. (the "Issuer"). We hereby accept the offer by the Issuer of its consent to our use of the Base Prospectus (as defined in the Final Terms) in connection with the Offer of the Notes in the Netherlands (the "Non-exempt Offer") in accordance with the Authorised Offeror Terms and subject to the conditions to such consent, each as specified in the Base Prospectus, and we are using the Base Prospectus in connection with the Non-		

In connection with this Non-exempt Offer, the Issuer accepts responsibility for the content of the Base Prospectus in relation to any investor to whom an offer of any Notes in this Non-exempt Offer is made by any financial intermediary to whom the Issuer has given its consent to use the Base Prospectus (an "Authorised Offeror"), provided that such Non-exempt Offer has been made in accordance with all the conditions as described under 'Consent' above and 'Conditions to consent' below.

Offer period: The Issuer's consent referred to above is given for Non-exempt Offers of Notes during the period from [] to [] (the "**Offer Period**").

Conditions to consent: The conditions to the Issuer's consent [(in addition to the conditions referred to above)] are such that such consent (a) is only valid in respect of the relevant Tranche of Notes; (b) is only valid during the Offer Period; [and] (c) only extends to the use of the Base Prospectus to make Non-exempt Offers of the relevant Tranche of Notes in the Netherlands [and (d) []].

An investor intending to acquire or acquiring Notes in a Non-exempt Offer from an Authorised Offeror other than the Issuer will do so, and offers and sales of such Notes to an investor by such Authorised Offeror will be made, in accordance with any terms and other arrangements in place between such Authorised Offeror and such investor including as to price, allocations, expenses and settlement arrangements. The Issuer will not be a party to any such arrangements with such investors in connection with the Non-exempt Offer or sale of the Notes concerned and, accordingly, the Base Prospectus and any Final Terms will not contain such information.

Each investor must look at the relevant Authorised Offeror at the time of any such Non-exempt Offer for the provision of information regarding the terms and conditions of the Non-exempt Offer and the Authorised Offeror will be solely responsible for such information (other than where such information is contained in the Base Prospectus, as completed by the applicable Final Terms).

B.1 Legal and commercial name of the Issuer is Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V. The commercial name of the Issuer is FMO. B.2 Domicile, legal form, FMO is a public company with limited liability (naamloze vennootschap) incorporated in the Netherlands, having its statutory seat at The Hague, the

Section B - The Issuer

country of incorporation of the Issuer

legislation and

FMO is a public company with limited liability (*naamloze vennootschap*) incorporated in the Netherlands, having its statutory seat at The Hague, the Netherlands. FMO is registered in the trade register of the Netherlands Chamber of Commerce under no. 27078545.

B.4b Global economic activity in 2015 is expected to show the strongest growth since 2010, although that growth is set to vary sharply among the regions in which we are active. We have broad and deep experience in managing volatility and uncertainties through diversification, in order to achieve healthy returns. We will maintain our risk policy, diversification and adequate capitalisation (with a BIS ratio of 21,3% at the end of 2014, which is well above the minimum requirements for banks under CRR, FMO is one of the best capitalised banks in the

Netherlands).

With our healthy pipeline and well-diversified portfolio, supported by a strong capital base, we are moderately positive that the economic environment will allow

us to reach our growth and income targets for 2015.

A number of downside risks could play out in 2015, affecting our clients and FMO.

The IMF forecasts that emerging markets will grow by 4% on average in 2015, yet there, too, expectations per region vary greatly. A sharp slowdown in Russia could drag the whole Eastern Europe and Central Asia region into recession – including many countries where we are active, such as Georgia, Kyrgyzstan and Azerbaijan. Such a scenario would likely hit FMO's profitability via additional provisions and lower private equity results. Economic slowdown would also mean less job creation in the region. The crisis in Ukraine, if it persists, is likely to further affect agricultural and financial clients.

China could see a significant slowdown in growth, which would reduce demand for commodities and undermine the economic growth of countries reliant on natural resource exports. Growth in the Southern hemisphere, will depend on positive developments in China continuing in coming years. In the Latin America and Caribbean region, Brazil and Argentina are expected to grow by just over 2%, affecting the economic prospects of the entire region.

Persistently low oil prices could also reduce appetite for investing in renewable energy, which could make FMO's green targets difficult to achieve. On the other hand, we also see that policy makers are taking a more holistic approach to their country's energy mix as climate change is starting to affect them more directly. With the technology becoming more affordable, many governments are starting to remove subsidies on renewable forms of energy. Africa's growth prospects in coming years are optimistic, with seven out of the top 10 fastest growing emerging market economies expected to be on that continent. We are also exploring opportunities for more projects in countries such as Myanmar and Pakistan. We also see opportunities in upper middle-income countries such as India, South Africa and Indonesia and expect to be able to catalyze more investors there. We will strengthen our role in the syndications market in order to close more and larger transactions, and we will scale up our fund management activities. In addition, we will continue our cooperation with DEG and Proparco, our French counterpart, in the joint finance facility.

High liquidity in more developed countries as a result of continued loose monetary policies could put pressure on our pricing, although this effect could be offset if commercial banks further reduce activities in our markets due to increased regulation. Dollar strength could affect some developing markets as investors repatriate money to the US, and we could see devaluations in some developing economies, which would make it hard for some of our clients to repay hard currency loans.

This is an important year for shaping a new and more progressive international climate regime. During the Lima Climate Summit in 2014, preparatory work was done when China and the US signed President Obama's climate pact. This implies an encouraging shift towards widespread political participation in a major international agreement to reduce greenhouse gas emissions at the UNFCCC COP21 climate change conference in Paris this December. This would be supportive in helping us achieve our climate change objectives and our focus in 2015 will be on structurally improving sourcing of green investments. We have increased our target for green investments as a percentage of total new commitments from 20% to 25%.

Related to this, 2015 is also the year of the formulation of a new global development agenda that will replace the Millennium Development Goals agenda. As part of this process, the UN International Conference on Financing for Development in July 2015 should result in an outcome agreed between

	1	L			4 . 4	- f - (1	2015
		governments, which will st development agenda. This devel					
		We will gain more experience various factors that determine innovative approach to inclusi solutions that create impact like boost yields. This will help us target as part of our Impact & I	ne an inverse the project to determine	estment's s and dedi ct with II e whether	impact. cating ca OH to help to set an	By piloti pacity, we smallho	ng a more e can devise lder farmers
		On the footprint side we will water as a further refinement to of the world's freshwater is use our clients in this area.	showing o	our sustaii	nability ef	forts. Giv	en that 70%
		Our focus in the rollout of t quality of non-financial indica impact we make, how we cop targets we set.	tors, so tha	t the qual	ity of this	data can	support the
		We will develop new product markets. This is part of our str for it.					
		Our staff is expected to grow 2020 ambitions set against the raise the bar. To that end, we wour organization through train operational excellence and coo	backdrop ovill continuting and de	of a fastly e to streng	changing gthen lead	world, released	equires us to all layers of
		Besides building up our own also partner with parties that allowing us to offer our clien assess their level of satisfaction clients during the year.	t have exp ts relevant	erience a products,	nd know knowled	ledge in lge and n	these fields etworks. To
B.5	Organisational structure	The outstanding shares in the (51%), with the remainder (4' AMRO, Rabobank and ING private sector and certain private	9%) held by , etc.), a D	y commer Outch unio	cial Dutch	n banks (s	uch as ABN
B.9	Profit forecast or estimate	Not Applicable. No profit Prospectus.	forecasts	or estim	ates are	made in	this Base
B.10	Qualifications in the audit reports	Not Applicable. The audit statements for the financial 2014 are unqualified.					
B.12	Selected historical key	The selected historical key fir	nancial info	rmation fo	or FMO is	s set out b	elow:
	financial information	(x € million)	2014 IFRS	2013 IFRS	2012 IFRS	2011 IFRS	2010 IFRS
		New investments 1) of which are Government funds 2)	1,632 177	1,524 144	1,390 160	1,306 165	1,026 81
		Committed investment portfolio	8,013	6,633	6,281	5,874	5,292
		of which are Government funds	978	844	831	828	726
	1	_1					

	Balance sheet					
	Net loans	3,860	2,981	2,817	2,585	2,269
	Equity investments	1,149	962	914	795	688
	portfolio 3)					
	Shareholders' equity	2,138	1,963	1,815	1,665	1,514
	Debt securities and	4,197				
	debentures / notes		3,610	3,292	2,679	2,365
	Total assets	7,088	6,184	5,564	5,059	4,305
	Profit and loss account					
	Income					
	Net interest income	169	155	154	147	133
	Income from equity	72	43	89	46	52
	investments					
	Other income including	19	56	28	45	40
	services	• • • •			•••	
	Total Income	260	254	271	238	225
	Expenses					~~
	Operating expenses	-62	-62	-57	-52	-50
	Operating profit before	198	192	214	186	175
	value adjustments					
	Value adjustments					
	> to loans and guarantees	-36	4	-23	-23	-18
	> to equity investments	-15	-22	-23	-36	-11
	Total value adjustments	-51	-18	-46	-59	-29
	Share in the results of associates	2	-5	4	-9	5
	Profit before tax	149				
	(including results from associates)		169	172	118	151
	Taxes	-25	-36	-27	-25	-25
	Net profit	124	133	145	93	126
	Average number of full-	362				
	time employees		342	306	283	270
	Offset CO ₂ emissions (tons) 4)	5,162	4,922	6,288	3,600	3,791
	 New investments and C investments for FMO's accoun The Government funds including associates. Since 2012 FMO has used offset its CO₂ emissions the compensates for the largest she directly through KLM, its prothrough the Climate Neutral Green for the second of the compensation. 	t and for Coude MASS a new offs rough the nare its Co eferred can	Fovernme FIF, IDF, setting m Climate O ₂ emissi	nt funds nt AEF and I ethodology Neutral ons — emp	nanaged b FOM OS. y. Before Group. ployee fli	y FMO. 2012 FMO FMO now ght travel –
Material adverse change statement	There has been no material adv December 2014.	verse chan	ge in the	prospects	of the Iss	uer since 31
Significant changes statement	There has been no significant Issuer or its subsidiaries, taken	_				sition of the

B.13	Recent events	Not Applicable. There are no recent events particular to FMO which are to a material extent relevant to the evaluation of FMO's solvency.
B.14	Dependence upon other entities within the group	Not Applicable. FMO is not dependent upon other entities within the group.
B.15	Issuer's principal activities	The Issuer is a development bank based in the Netherlands. The Issuer's core business comprises providing long-term financing to private companies and financial institutions in Asia, Latin America, Africa and other developing regions. The Issuer makes use of financial products such as loans and equity investments as well as a non-financial product, knowledge transfer. The Issuer's lending and guarantee operations include project finance, corporate loans and lines of credit to financial institutions.
B.16	Controlling shareholders	The outstanding shares in the share capital of FMO are held by the Dutch State (51%), with the remainder (49%) held by commercial Dutch banks (such as ABN AMRO, Rabobank and ING, etc.), a Dutch union, other representatives of the private sector and certain private individuals.
B.17	Credit ratings	FMO has been rated 'AA+/Stable/A-1+' by Standard & Poor's and 'AAA/Stable/F1+' by Fitch.
		Tranches of Notes may be rated or unrated. Where a Tranche of Notes is rated, such rating will not necessarily be the same as the ratings assigned to FMO. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.
		Issue specific summary:
		[The Notes to be issued[have been]/[are expected to be] rated [] by []. / The Notes to be issued have not been rated.]
		Section C – Securities
C.1	Type and class of the Notes, security	The Notes described in this summary are debt securities which may be issued under the EUR 6,000,000,000 Programme.
identification number(s)		The Notes are issued in Series (as defined below) comprising one or more Tranches (as defined below) of Notes of that Series, and each Series will be the subject of the final terms (each the " Final Terms ") prepared by or on behalf of FMO.
		"Tranche" means Notes which are identical in all respects (including as to listing) and "Series" means a Tranche of Notes together with any further Tranche or Tranches of Notes which are (i) expressed to be consolidated and form a single series and (ii) identical in all respects (including as to listing) except for their respective Issue Dates, Interest Commencement Dates and/or Issue Prices from the date on which such consolidation is expressed to take effect.
		The Notes will be issued in bearer form.
		A Note may be a Note bearing interest on a fixed rate basis ("Fixed Rate Note"), a Note bearing interest on a floating rate basis ("Floating Rate Note"), a Note during the term of which no interest shall become due and payable ("Zero Coupon Note"). A Note may be a Note redeemable in instalments ("Instalment

		Note"), the Issue Price of a Note may be payable in instalments ("Partly Paid Note") depending on the Redemption/Payment Basis specified in the applicable Final Terms.
		The security identification number(s) will be specified in the applicable Final Terms.
		Issue specific summary:
		Type: debt instruments
		The Notes are [Fixed Rate Notes]/[Floating Rate Notes]/[Zero Coupon Notes]/ Instalment Notes]/[Partly Paid Notes] and are in bearer form.
		The Notes are issued as Series Number [] [, Tranche Number []]. The Aggregate Nominal Amount of the Notes is [].
		[ISIN Code: []]
		[Common Code: []]
		[Other relevant code: []]
C.2	Currency of the Notes	Notes may be denominated in any currency agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer (including, without limitation, the Euro, the United States dollar, the Japanese yen, the British pound, the Swiss franc, the Canadian dollar, the Australian dollar, the Hong Kong dollar, the Norwegian Krone, the Swedish Krona, the Danish Krone and the New Zealand dollar).
		Issue specific summary:
		The Specified Currency of the Notes is [Euro][the United States dollar] [Japanese yen][British pound][Swiss franc][Canadian dollar][Australian dollar][Hong Kong dollar][Norwegian Krone][Swedish Krona][Danish Krone][New Zealand dollar][specify any other currency that is applicable].
C.5	Restrictions on the free transferability of the Notes	FMO and the Dealers have agreed certain customary restrictions on offers, sale and delivery of Notes and of the distribution of offering material in the European Economic Area, the United States, the United Kingdom, Japan and the Netherlands.
		Issue specific summary:
		The Issuer and the Dealer[s] have agreed certain customary restrictions on offers, sale and delivery of Notes and of the distribution of offering material in [insert relevant jurisdiction(s)].
C.8	Rights attached to the Notes, including raking and limitations to those rights	Ranking (status) The Notes will constitute unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer and will rank pari passu without any preference among themselves and with all other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer save for those preferred by mandatory provisions of law.
		Taxation All payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes, Receipts and Coupons by the Issuer will be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of any present or future taxes or duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed or levied by or on behalf of the Netherlands or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In such event,

subject to certain exceptions, the Issuer will pay such additional amounts as shall be necessary in order that the net amounts receivable by the holders of the Notes, Receipts or Coupons after such withholding or deduction shall equal the respective amounts of principal and interest which would otherwise have been receivable in the absence of such withholding or deductions.

Events of Default

The terms and conditions of the Notes contain the following events of default:

- (a) default is made for more than 14 days in the payment of interest or principal in respect of the Notes;
- (b) the Issuer fails to perform or observe any of its other obligations under the Notes and such failure has continued for the period of 30 days following the service on the Issuer of notice requiring the same to be remedied;
- (c) any other loan or debt of the Issuer or a Material Subsidiary, in each case having an outstanding aggregate principal amount of at least USD 7,500,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency), shall become due and payable prior to the stated maturity thereof following a default or any security therefore becomes enforceable or the Issuer or a Material Subsidiary fails to make repayment of any such loan or debt at the maturity thereof or at the expiration of any grace period originally applicable thereto or any guarantee of any loan, debt or other moneys given by the Issuer or a Material Subsidiary shall not be honoured when due and called upon;
- (d) any order is made by any competent court or resolution passed for the winding up or dissolution of the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries save either (a) for the purposes of reorganisation on terms approved by an extraordinary resolution of the Noteholders or (b) in the case of a Material Subsidiary, a solvent winding up where all (or substantially all) of the assets of such Material Subsidiary are vested in the Issuer or another Material Subsidiary or (c) in the case of the Issuer in connection with a reorganisation under which the continuing entity effectively assumes all the rights and obligations of the Issuer;
- (e) the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries is or is deemed unable to pay its debts pursuant to or for the purposes of any applicable law in its jurisdiction of incorporation or is declared bankrupt, or is granted a suspension of payment (*surséance van betaling*);
- (f) the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries ceases or threatens to cease to carry on the whole or a substantial part of its business;
- (g) the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries stops or threatens to stop payment of, or is unable to, or admits inability to, pay its debts (or any class of its debts) as they fall due;
- (h) any of the following events:
 - <u>(i)</u> proceedings are initiated against the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries under any applicable liquidation, insolvency, composition, reorganisation or other similar laws;
 - (ii) an application is made for the appointment of an administrative or other receiver, manager, administrator or other similar official, or an administrative or other receiver, manager, administrator or other similar official is appointed in relation to the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries or, as the case may be, in relation to the

whole or a material part of the undertaking or assets of any of them;

- (iii) an encumbrancer takes possession of the whole or a material part of the undertaking or assets of the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries; or
- (<u>iv</u>) a distress, execution, attachment, sequestration or other process is levied, enforced upon, sued out or put in force against the whole or a material part of the undertaking or assets of the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries;

and in any case (other than the appointment of an administrator) is not discharged within 30 days; or

(i) if the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries initiates or consents to judicial proceedings relating to itself under any applicable liquidation, insolvency, composition, reorganisation or other similar laws or makes a conveyance or assignment for the benefit of, or enters into any composition or other arrangement with, its creditors generally (or any class of its creditors) or any meeting is convened to consider a proposal for an arrangement or composition with its creditors generally (or any class of its creditors).

Meetings

Meetings of Noteholders may be convened to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by extraordinary resolution of a modification of the Notes, the Receipts, the Coupons or certain provisions of the Agency Agreement. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all Noteholders including Noteholders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and Noteholders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority.

Governing Law

The Notes will be governed by, and construed in accordance with either the laws of the Netherlands or England, as specified in the relevant Final Terms.

C.9 Interest, maturity, redemption, yield and representative of the Noteholders

Interest

Notes may be interest-bearing or non-interest-bearing. Interest (if any) may be at a fixed or floating rate and may vary during the lifetime of the relevant Series. In each case, interest will be payable on such date or dates as may be agreed between FMO and the relevant Dealer at the time of issue of the Notes, specified in the applicable Final Terms. In addition, the interest rate and yield in respect of Notes bearing interest at a fixed rate will also be so agreed and specified.

Maturities

Any maturity, subject to minimum or maximum maturities as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or equivalent body) or any laws or regulations applicable to the Issuer or the relevant Specified Currency, as agreed between FMO and the relevant Dealer at the time of issue of the relevant Notes, specified in the applicable Final Terms.

Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled earlier, each Note will be redeemed by FMO at its Final Redemption Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms in the relevant Specified Currency on the Maturity Date.

Early Redemption

FMO will be permitted to redeem all (but not some only) Notes for taxation reasons.

In addition, the Notes may be redeemed prior to their maturity date in certain circumstances as specified in the relevant Final Terms, including pursuant to an

		Issuer Call Option and an Investor Put Option.
		The terms under which the Notes may be redeemed early will be agreed between FMO and the relevant Dealer at the time of issue of the relevant Notes, specified in the applicable Final Terms.
		Representative of the Noteholders Not Applicable. No representative of the Noteholders has been appointed by the Issuer.
		Issue specific summary:
		Interest [Fixed Rate Notes: The Notes are Fixed Rate Notes. The Notes bear interest from [] at a rate of [] per cent. per annum payable [annually/semi-annually/quarterly] in arrears on [] in each year up to and including the Maturity Date [adjusted in accordance with [specify Business Day Convention and any applicable Business Centre(s) for the definition of 'Business Day']/not adjusted]. Indication of yield: [] per cent. per annum.]
		[Floating Rate Notes: The Notes are Floating Rate Notes. The Notes bear a floating rate of interest from [] of [LIBOR/EURIBOR] +/- [] per cent. per annum payable [annually/semi-annually/quarterly] in arrears on [] in each year[, subject to adjustment in accordance with the [Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention/Modified Following Business Day Convention.]
		[Zero Coupon Notes: The Notes are Zero Coupon Notes and do not bear interest. The Accrual Yield is [] per cent. per annum.]
		Maturity The maturity date of the Notes is [[]/the Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest to the relevant month and year: []]. Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled, the Issuer will redeem the Notes at [[] per Specified Denomination]/[[] in nominal amount of the Note] in [insert specified currency] on [].
		Issuer Call Option [Applicable/Not Applicable] (If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
		Optional Redemption Date(s): [] Optional Redemption Amount(s) of each Note [and method of calculation of such amount(s)]: [] per Specified Denomination Notice Period: []
		Investor Put Option [Applicable/Not Applicable] (If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
		Optional Redemption Date(s): [] Optional Redemption Amount(s) of each Note [and method of calculation of such amount(s)]: [] per Specified Denomination Notice Period: []
C.10	Derivative component in interest payments	Not Applicable. The Notes do not have a derivative component in the interest payment.

C.11	Listing and admission to trading Market where the Notes will be traded	The Notes may be listed and admitted to trading on the regulated market of Euronext in Amsterdam, the Luxembourg Stock Exchange or the London Stock Exchange, or may be issued on an unlisted basis. **Issue specific summary:* [Application may be made for the Notes to be listed and admitted to trading on [Euronext in Amsterdam/ the Luxembourg Stock Exchange/ the London Stock Exchange] with effect from []/[Not Applicable. The Notes are not intended to be listed and admitted to trading.] See the above element, C.11.
	l	Section D – Risks
D.2	Key information on the key risks that are specific to the Issuer	By investing in the Notes, investors assume the risk that FMO may become insolvent or otherwise unable to make all payments due in respect of the Notes. There is a wide range of factors which individually or together could result in FMO becoming unable to make all payments due in respect of the Notes. It is not possible to identify all such factors or to determine which factors are most likely to occur. The inability of FMO to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with any Notes may occur for other reasons. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to FMO or that it currently believes to be immaterial could also have a material impact on its business operations. FMO has identified a number of factors which could have an adverse effect on its liquidity position and ability to fulfil its obligations under the Notes independently. The material risks FMO faces in its operations include the following risks: • FMO's most important risk is credit risk, particularly as a result of it having to take risks that commercial market parties are usually not prepared to take. If a substantial number of the clients in FMO's loan portfolio fail to repay their loans in full, or if a substantial number of such other counterparties fail to meet their contractual obligations, FMO could experience an operational loss, which could reduce its profitability and lower its equity base; • Changes in the level of currency exchange rates, interest rates, credit spreads included in interest rates (caused by the market perception of credit risk, liquidity risk or other risks) and changes between different types of interest rates may negatively affect FMO's business by decreasing its interest rates may negatively affect FMO's business by decreasing its interest income; • Ratings downgrades could have an adverse impact on FMO's operations and financial condition and could, in turn, impair FMO's access to liquidity; • Negative effects from FMO's procedures, information systems and/or employees, advisors or

may be more expensive to fund FMO, it may be more difficult to hedge risks, the risk that counterparties default on their obligations might increase, investments might lose value, the solvency of FMO might suffer, and assets/investments might be less liquid;

- Impairment losses may occur on certain balance sheet items; and
- Changes in the financial services laws and/or regulations governing FMO's business may adversely affect its operations or profitability.

D.3 Key information on the key risks that are specific to the Notes

The key risks that are specific to the Notes, include the following risks:

- the risk that exchange rates may change significantly and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the relevant currencies may impose or modify exchange controls or may dispose of the relevant currency;
- Each potential investor in the Notes must determine the suitability of that investment in light of its own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor should:
 - ➤ have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the Notes, the merits and risks of investing in the Notes and the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus and any applicable supplement;
 - ➤ have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the Notes and the impact the Notes will have on its overall investment portfolio;
 - ➤ have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the Notes;
 - > understand thoroughly the terms of the Notes and be familiar with the behaviour of financial markets;
 - ➤ be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investments and its ability to bear the applicable risks; and
 - be aware that it may receive no interest;
- A potential investor should not invest in Notes unless it has the expertise (either alone or with a financial adviser) to evaluate how the Notes will perform under changing conditions, the resulting effects on the value of the Notes and the impact this investment will have on the potential investor's overall investment portfolio;
- The Notes will be new securities which may not be widely distributed and
 for which there is currently no active trading market, and there is no
 assurance as to the development or liquidity of any trading market for any
 particular Series or Tranche of Notes;
- The Notes may be redeemed prior to maturity;
- One or more independent rating agencies may assign ratings to the Notes and/or FMO, and such ratings may not reflect the potential impact of all risks related to structure, market, and other factors that may affect the value of the Notes or the standing of FMO;

- Because the Global Notes are held by or on behalf of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or Euroclear Netherlands, investors will have to rely on their procedures for transfer, payment and communication with FMO;
- Whether New Global Notes allow for the possibility of debt instruments being issued and held in a manner which will permit them to be recognised as eligible collateral for monetary policy of the Eurosystem and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem, either upon issue or at any or all times during their life, will depend upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria at the relevant time:
- The conditions of the Notes are governed by either Dutch law or English law as in effect as at the date of this Base Prospectus, and no assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change to Dutch law, English law or administrative practice after the date of this Base Prospectus, including but not limited to, the introduction of, and changes to, taxes, levies or fees applicable to FMO's operations (such as the imposition of a financial transaction tax);
- The Issuer will under, and subject to the terms and conditions of, the agency agreement ensure that it maintains a paying agent in a member state of the European Union that is not obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to a directive or regulation of the European Union relating to the taxation of interest income or an inter-governmental agreement on its taxation in which the Netherlands or the European Union is involved or any provision implementing or complying with or introduced in order to conform to such directive, regulation or agreement (together, the "EU Directive");
- The U.S. Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act may affect payments made to custodians or intermediaries in the subsequent payment chain leading to the ultimate investor if any such custodian or intermediary generally is unable to receive payments free of FATCA withholding, and may, under certain circumstances, also affect payments to an ultimate investor that is a financial institution;
- Pursuant to implemented and proposed banking legislation for ailing banks
 the relevant regulator may use its powers in a way that could result in
 subordinated and/or senior debt instruments of FMO, such as Notes,
 absorbing losses; and
- If, during the term of the relevant sustainability notes, no green finance projects or inclusive finance projects will be found that comply with FMO's core environmental and social requirements, the net proceeds of the issue of such notes will remain in FMO's liquidity portfolio and may temporarily be used for different purposes in case of liquidity stress situations, which can negatively affect FMO's reputation.

Section E - Offer

E.2b Reasons for the offer and use of proceeds

The net proceeds from the issue of the Notes will be applied by the Issuer for the financing of private enterprises and financial institutions in Africa, Asia, Latin America, Eastern Europe and other developing countries or areas.

The Issuer may issue sustainability notes. The proceeds from the issue of each sustainability note will only be used to finance debt investments which comply with the Issuer's core environmental and social requirements, as specified in the applicable Final Terms. Certain sustainability notes will have further

requirements, as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If in respect of any particular issue of Notes, there is a particular identified use of proceeds, this will be stated in the applicable Final Terms.

Issue specific summary:

The net proceeds from the issue of the Notes will be applied by the Issuer for [the financing of private enterprises and financial institutions in Africa, Asia, Latin America, Eastern Europe and other developing countries or areas.]/[].

E.3 Terms and Conditions of the offer

The terms and conditions of each offer of Notes, if applicable, will be determined by agreement between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer at the time of issue and specified in the applicable Final Terms. An investor intending to acquire or acquiring any Notes in a Non-exempt Offer from an Authorised Offeror other than the Issuer will do so, and offers and sales of such Notes to an investor by such Authorised Offeror will be made in accordance with any terms and other arrangements in place between such Authorised Offeror and such investor including as to price, allocations, expenses and settlement arrangements. The investor must look at the relevant Authorised Offeror for the provision of such information and the Authorised Offeror will be solely responsible for such information. FMO has no responsibility or liability to an investor in respect of such information.

Issue specific summary:

[Not Applicable]

Conditions to which the offer is subject: [Offers of the Notes are conditional on their issue. As between the Authorised Offerors and their customers, offers of the Notes are further subject to conditions as may be agreed between them and/or as specified in the arrangements in place between them.]

Total amount of the offer: if the amount is not fixed, description of the arrangements and time for announcing the definitive amount to the public: []

Description of the application process, including offer period and any possible amendments, during which the offer will be open: [A prospective Noteholder should contact the applicable Authorised Offeror in the Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction prior to the end of the Offer Period. A prospective Noteholder will subscribe for the Notes in accordance with the arrangements existing between such Authorised Offeror and its customers relating to the subscription of securities generally. Noteholders will not be required to enter into any contractual arrangements directly with the Issuer in connection with the subscription of the Notes.][

Description of possibility to reduce subscriptions: [Not Applicable/give details]

Description of manner for refunding excess amount paid by applicants: [Not Applicable/give details]

Details of the minimum and/or maximum amount of application: [There are no pre-identified allotment criteria. The Authorised Offeror will adopt allotment criteria in accordance with customary market practices and applicable laws and regulations.] []

Details of the method and time limits for paying up and delivering the Notes: [Investors will be notified by the relevant Authorised Offeror of their allocations of Notes and the settlement arrangements in respect thereof.] []

Manner in and date on which results of the offer are to be made public:

[Investors will be notified by the applicable Authorised Offeror of their allocations of Notes and the settlement procedures in respect thereof on or around [date]. [Procedure for exercise of any right of pre-emption, negotiability of subscription rights and treatment of subscription rights not exercised: [Not Applicable/give details] Categories of potential investors to which the Notes are offered and whether tranche(s) have been reserved for certain countries: [Offers may be made by the Authorised Offerors in the Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction to any person during the Offer Period. In other EEA countries and in all jurisdictions (including the Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction) outside of the Offer Period, offers will only be made by the [Dealers] pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive, as implemented in such countries. All offers of the Notes will be made in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.] Process for notification to applicants of the amount allotted and the indication whether dealing may begin before notification is made: [Prospective Noteholders will be notified by the relevant Authorised Offeror in accordance with the arrangements in place between such Authorised Offeror and the prospective Noteholders.] Name(s) and address(es), to the extent known to the Issuer, of the placers in the various countries where the offer takes place: The Initial Authorised Offerors identified in paragraph 8(vi) ('General Consent') of Part B of the Final Terms [and any additional Authorised Offerors who have or obtain the Issuer's consent to use the Base Prospectus in connection with the Non-exempt Offer and who are identified on the Issuer's website as an Authorised Offeror]. Amount of any expenses and taxes specifically charged to the subscriber or purchaser: [Not Applicable/give details] **E.4** The relevant Dealer(s) may be paid commission in relation to any issue of Notes Interests of persons involved under the Programme. In addition, in the Programme Agreement, the Issuer has in the issue/offer agreed to reimburse the Dealer(s) for certain of their expenses in connection with the establishment of the Programme and the issue of the Notes under the Programme and to indemnify the Dealers against certain liabilities incurred by them in connection therewith. A description of any interest, including conflicting ones, that is material to the issue/offer, detailing the persons involved and the nature of the interest will be specified in the applicable Final Terms. This description may be satisfied by disclosure that, except for the commissions payable to the Dealers, so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the offer of the Notes has an interest material to the offer. Issue specific summary: Except for the commissions payable to the Dealers, so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the offer of the Notes has an interest material to the offer.]/[] **Estimated** E.7 There are no expenses charged to the investor by the Issuer or any Authorised expenses charged Offeror. However, such expenses may be charged to investors in connection with by the Issuer or a specific issue of Notes. If so, details will be specified in the applicable Final any Authorised Terms. Offeror

Issue specific summary:
[There are no expenses charged to the investor by the Issuer or any Authorised Offeror]/[The following expenses are to be charged to the investor by the Issuer or any Authorised Offeror: []]

RISK FACTORS

FMO believes that the factors described below represent the material risks inherent in investing in Notes, but the inability of FMO to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with any Notes may occur for other reasons. The risks described below are not the only risks FMO faces. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to FMO or that it currently believes to be immaterial could also have a material impact on its business operations. Prospective investors should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this Base Prospectus including any documents incorporated by reference herein and form their own opinion prior to making any investment decision. Prospective investors should read the entire Base Prospectus. Words and expressions defined in the 'Terms and Conditions of the Notes' below or elsewhere in this Base Prospectus have the same meanings in this section.

Risks relating to FMO

Should the risks stated below materialise, this could cause losses for FMO and could have an adverse effect on its liquidity position. As a result FMO may not be able to fulfil its obligations under the Notes independently.

The material risks FMO faces in its operations include:

Credit risk

The most important risk to FMO is credit risk, particularly as a result of FMO having to take risks that commercial market parties are usually not prepared to take. Credit risk is the risk of loss of principal or loss of a financial reward stemming from a borrower's failure to repay a loan or otherwise meet a contractual obligation. This primarily involves risks connected to providing long-term financing to companies in developing countries. In addition to financing in developing countries, FMO has credit risks in connection with the liquid assets maintained by it, its investment portfolio and its hedging contracts. FMO can incur losses on loans that are not repaid by its clients, or when its counterparties in respect of its liquid assets, derivatives or other transactions fail to meet their contractual obligations. If a substantial number of the clients in FMO's loan portfolio fail to repay their loans in full, or if a substantial number of such other counterparties fail to meet their contractual obligations, FMO could experience an operational loss, which could reduce its profitability and lower its equity base.

Market risk

FMO's market risk consists of currency and interest rate risks. FMO's lending activity (debt placements) is denominated mostly in US Dollars (about 75% of its lending capacity) and in emerging market currencies, while the majority of borrowings in the capital markets are in US Dollars supplemented by currencies such as Japanese Yen and Swiss Francs and Euro. FMO also offers certain debt products for which the interest rates are fixed. FMO's equity portfolio is denominated mostly in US Dollars and to a lesser extent in emerging market currencies. Changes in the level of currency exchange rates, interest rates, credit spreads included in interest rates (caused by the market perception of credit risk, liquidity risk or other risks) and changes between different types of interest rates may negatively affect FMO's business by decreasing its interest income. In a period of changing interest rates (and higher and more volatile credit spreads), interest expense may increase at different rates than the interest earned on assets. Accordingly, changes in interest rates could decrease interest result of FMO. FMO enters into derivatives to manage the currency and basic interest rate risks associated with the products described above across its portfolio as a whole. Especially in its equity activities FMO runs currency risks that cannot be covered, as the future cash flow is unknown. This currency risk is due to a sensitivity of its equity portfolio to the exchange rate Euro versus US Dollar as an increase or decrease of the US Dollar by 10% results in substantial movement in the value of the equity portfolio expressed in Euro. If FMO is unable to hedge these currency and interest rate exposures, either on account of the investment being an equity investment or because FMO is unable to identify or obtain a suitable hedging instrument, or if FMO for any reason elects not to enter into a currency or interest rate hedging instrument, FMO will be exposed to market risk which could affect FMO's profitability.

Liquidity risk

The present treasury policy on investment provides for the need to maintain cash holdings, among other things to cover the liquidity risk. FMO has been rated 'AA+/Stable/A-1+' by Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services Europe Ltd. ("Standard & Poor's") and 'AAA/Stable/F1+' by Fitch Ratings Limited ("Fitch"). As of the date of

this Base Prospectus, Standard & Poor's and Fitch are established in the European Union and registered under the CRA Regulation.

FMO currently shares the same Standard & Poor's and Fitch credit ratings as the State, primarily as a result of the undertakings provided to FMO by the State in the agreement between the State and FMO (the "State Agreement") (see 'Nederlandse Financieringsmaatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V. - State Agreement'). Accordingly, any further change in the credit rating of the State could result in a corresponding change to FMO's credit rating. Although FMO has not to date experienced an increase in its costs of accessing capital markets as a result of Standard & Poor's downgrade, if ratings are (further) lowered, FMO's cost of accessing capital markets as its main source of funding may increase, and it may encounter increased liquidity risks. This may also have an impact on FMO's competitive position with its clients in the public sector and its financial condition. Standard & Poor's and Fitch review their ratings and rating methodologies on a recurring basis and may decide on a (further) downgrade at any time.

FMO retains a sizeable portfolio of liquid investments to generate liquidity if required. The State Agreement addresses liquidity risk in article 8 (see 'Nederlandse Financieringsmaatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V. - State Agreement'). If FMO's access to the capital markets were to decline or the cost of accessing such markets should increase significantly or if FMO is unable to attract other sources of financing, these developments could have an adverse effect on FMO's financial condition and results of operations and could, in turn, impair FMO's access to liquidity. Under the State Agreement, the State has undertaken to provide support to FMO to the extent necessary to fulfil its obligations in respect of, among other things, all loans raised on the capital markets and all short-term funds raised on the money market with maturities of two years or less. If and to the extent that the State were to fail to fulfil its obligations under the State Agreement in a timely manner or at all, FMO could be unable to fulfil these obligations in a timely manner or at all when due.

Operational risk

Operational risks can arise from inadequate procedures, regulatory breaches, including inadequate compliance with internal and external laws and/or wilful or negligent actions or omissions by employees, advisors or contractors of FMO. Examples are fraud, unreported risk positions and other events of an operational nature that can have a negative outcome for FMO. Negative effects from FMO's procedures, information systems and/or employees, advisors or contractors can increase costs and/or other liabilities for FMO, and can negatively affect FMO's profitability and reputation.

No reliance upon the State

Although (i) the State is a majority shareholder in FMO and (ii) FMO has an agreement with the State which provides FMO with financial support (see 'Nederlandse Financieringsmaatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V. - State Agreement' for an extensive description of this agreement), the State's involvement and/or financial support may over time, subject to a twelve-year notice period, be decreased substantially or terminated altogether and alter FMO's risk profile, financial position or future prospects. As a consequence, any such decrease or termination may have an adverse effect on FMO's financial position, credit rating and results of operations, which could have a negative impact on the risk profile of FMO.

Due to the economic crisis, the following risks may arise:

- It may be more difficult to obtain funds and it may be more expensive to fund FMO. Due to the global economic crisis, it is difficult, and could become more difficult, to obtain liquidity and term funding on favourable terms. Any increase of costs of funding may have an adverse effect on the financial position and results of operations of FMO.
- It may be more difficult to hedge risks. FMO enters into hedging arrangements in order to mitigate the market risks that are inherent to FMO's business and operations. It may become more difficult to maintain this hedging strategy as a consequence of which the hedging arrangements may not have the desired beneficial impact on FMO's financial position or results of operations and may result in losses.
- The risk that counterparties default on their obligations might increase. Counterparties may not be able to pay or perform under their obligations to FMO due to e.g. bankruptcy, lack of liquidity, downturns in the economy, operational failure or for other reasons. Any such defaults could lead to losses for FMO which could have a material adverse effect on FMO's business, results of operations and financial position.

- Investments might lose value. The fair value of investments made by FMO may change. Any such change may adversely affect the financial position of FMO.
- The solvency of FMO might suffer. FMO may not be able to meets its payments obligations due to insufficient financial resources or may only be able to secure such financial resources at high costs.
- Assets/investments might be less liquid. FMO requires liquidity in its day-to-day business activities primarily to pay its operating expenses and interests on its debt and other liabilities. The principal source of liquidity for FMO is the wholesale lending market, and as a result of obtaining a full banking license as per 3 March 2014, it may now also enter the retail lending market. Further liquidity is also available through cash flow from FMO's assets and investment portfolio. Any change in such liquidity may have a negative effect on FMO's financial position.

Impairment losses may occur on certain balance sheet items

The carrying amount of assets, save for deferred tax assets, is reviewed for impairment every time events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount might not be realised. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset is higher than its realisable value. An impairment loss is charged directly to the income statement and/or debited directly to equity to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset. Any related deferred tax assets or liabilities are determined by comparing the revised carrying amount of the asset with its tax base.

Changes in the financial services laws and/or regulations governing FMO's business may adversely affect its operations or profitability

FMO is subject to detailed banking laws and government regulation in the Netherlands. The Dutch Central Bank (*De Nederlandsche Bank*) ("**DNB**") has broad administrative power over many aspects of the banking business, including liquidity, capital adequacy, permitted investments, ethical issues and anti-money laundering. As of 4 November 2014, FMO is subject to indirect supervision by the European Central Bank ("**ECB**") under the new system of supervision, which comprises the ECB and the national competent authorities of participating EU Member States, the Single Supervisory Mechanism ("**SSM**"). The SSM is one of the elements of the Banking Union. The ECB may give instructions to DNB in respect of FMO or even assume direct supervision over the prudential aspects of the FMO's business.

Banking laws, regulations and policies currently governing FMO may also change at any time in ways which have an adverse effect on FMO's business, and it is difficult to predict the timing or form of any future regulatory or enforcement initiatives in respect thereof. As a relatively small organization, FMO is heavily burdened financially and operationally by the pressure of increasing regulations which need to be reconciled and implemented in line with FMO's business and the heightened duty to provide reports to DNB. In light of the responses to the global economic and financial crisis, financial institutions have been confronted with a succession of new legislation and regulations, including, in particular, rules and regulations regarding capital adequacy, liquidity, leverage, accounting and other factors affecting banks.

In December 2010, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision published its final standards on the revised capital adequacy framework known as "Basel III". These standards are significantly more stringent than the existing requirements. In order to facilitate the implementation of the Basel III capital and liquidity standards for banks and investment firms, on 20 July 2011 the European Commission proposed a legislative package to strengthen the regulation of the banking sector. On 26 June 2013 the Council and the European Parliament adopted the package known as "CRD IV". CRD IV consists of a directive (the Capital Requirements Directive or "CRD IV Directive") and a regulation (the Capital Requirements Regulation or "CRR") which aims to create a sounder and safer financial system. The CRD IV Directive governs amongst other things the access to deposit-taking activities while the CRR establishes the majority of prudential requirements institutions need to respect. On 1 August 2014, the CRD IV Directive was implemented in Dutch law. The application in full of all measures under CRD IV (including any national implementation thereof in the Netherlands) will have to be completed before 1 January 2019. The CRR entered into effect on 1 January 2014 and has direct effect in the Netherlands.

CRD IV, in implementing Basel III, intends to increase the quality and quantity of capital, to require increased capital against derivative positions and to introduce a capital conservation buffer, a counter-cyclical buffer, a systemic buffer, a new liquidity framework (liquidity coverage ratio ("LCR") and a net stable funding ratio ("NSFR")) as well as a leverage ratio. The LCR addresses the sufficiency of high quality liquid assets to meet short-term liquidity needs under a specified acute stress scenario which may not fall below 100% of the

estimated net cash outflows for the following 30 days. The NSFR requires that banks maintain a stable funding profile in relation to their on- and off-balance sheet activities, i.e., that long-term assets are covered with sufficient stable funding. The leverage ratio is defined as Tier-1 capital divided by a measure of non-risk weighed assets. The leverage ratio requirement will be phased in with initially a reporting period, a disclosure obligation as of 1 January 2015 and the migration to a binding harmonized requirement on 1 January 2018. If Basel III is followed under CRD IV, the leverage ratio will be 3%, but there is still uncertainty as to the exact size and implementation of the leverage ratio under CRD IV (and national implementation (if any)). With respect to the ratio, the Dutch government has announced that it wishes to implement a leverage ratio of at least 4% for - in any case - significant Dutch banks.

FMO cannot fully predict what impact the new rules and regulations will have on its business until the final rules are implemented and what the scope of these rules and regulations will be. Any new or changed regulations may adversely affect FMO's business and/or results of operations.

Under Basel III regulatory capital is lower compared to the previous year, which is caused by the introduction of the mandatory deduction of certain investments in financial entities, prudent valuation adjustments, stricter conditions for adding interim- and year-end profit into the regulatory capital base and the increased portfolio. Additional published Basel III regulations are monitored continuously.

Risks relating to the Notes

Exchange rate risk and exchange controls

FMO will pay principal and interest on the Notes in the Specified Currency. This presents certain risks relating to currency conversions if an investor's financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit (the "Investor's Currency") other than the Specified Currency. These include the risk that exchange rates may change significantly (including changes due to devaluation of the Specified Currency or revaluation of the Investor's Currency) and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor's Currency may impose or modify exchange controls or may dispose of the Investor Currency. An appreciation in the value of the Investor's Currency relative to the Specified Currency would decrease (i) the Investor's Currency-equivalent yield on the Notes, (ii) the Investor's Currency-equivalent walue of the Principal payable on the Notes and (iii) the Investor's Currency-equivalent market value of the Notes.

Government and monetary authorities may impose (as some have done in the past) exchange controls that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate of a Specified Currency or the applicable currency in case of a Dual Currency Note. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected, or no interest or principal.

Factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with the Notes

Each potential investor in the Notes must determine the suitability of that investment in light of its own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor should:

- have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the Notes, the merits and risks of investing in the Notes and the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus and any applicable supplement;
- have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the Notes and the impact the Notes will have on its overall investment portfolio;
- have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the Notes;
- understand thoroughly the terms of the Notes and be familiar with the behaviour of financial markets;
- be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investments and its ability to bear the applicable risks; and
- be aware that it may receive no interest.

Risks related to the structure of a particular issue of Notes

A wide range of Notes may be issued under the Programme. A number of these Notes may have features which contain particular risks for potential investors.

A potential investor should not invest in Notes unless it has the expertise (either alone or with a financial adviser) to evaluate how the Notes will perform under changing conditions, the resulting effects on the value of the Notes and the impact this investment will have on the potential investor's overall investment portfolio.

Notes subject to optional redemption by the Issuer

An optional redemption feature of Notes is likely to limit their market value. During any period when the Issuer may elect to redeem Notes or the perceived likelihood of its ability to redeem is increased, the market value of those Notes will generally not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. This may also be true prior to any redemption period. The Issuer may be expected to redeem Notes when its cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Notes. At those times, an investor generally would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Notes being redeemed and may only be able to do so at a significantly lower rate. Potential investors should consider reinvestment risk in light of other investments available at that time.

Dual Currency Notes

FMO may issue Notes with Specified Denominations of at least EUR 100,000, with interest or principal payable in one or more currencies which may be different from the Specified Currency, i.e. currency in which the Notes are denominated. A prospective investor should be aware that:

- the market price of such Notes may be very volatile;
- it may receive no interest;
- payment of interest may occur at a different time or in a different currency than expected;
- due to the difference in currency, the interest or principal may be subject to disadvantageous changes in exchange rates; and
- it may lose all or a substantial portion of its principal due to devaluation of the currency other than the Specified Currency.

There is no active trading market for the Notes

Notes will be new securities which may not be widely distributed and for which there is currently no active trading market (unless in the case of any particular Series or Tranche, such Series or Tranche is to be consolidated with and form a single series with a Tranche of Notes which is already issued). If the Notes are traded after their initial issuance, they may trade at a discount to their initial offering price, depending upon prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities, general economic conditions and the financial condition of FMO. Although applications may be made for the Notes to be listed and admitted to trading on Euronext in Amsterdam, the Luxembourg Stock Exchange or the London Stock Exchange as specified in the applicable Final Terms, there is no assurance that such applications will be accepted, that any particular Series or Tranche of Notes will be so admitted or that an active trading market will develop. Accordingly, there is no assurance as to the development or liquidity of any trading market for any particular Series or Tranche of Notes.

The Notes may be redeemed prior to maturity

Unless specified otherwise in the applicable Final Terms, in the event that FMO would be obliged to increase the amounts payable in respect of any Notes due to any withholding or deduction for or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or on behalf of the Netherlands or any political subdivision thereof or any authority therein or thereof having power to tax, FMO may redeem all outstanding Notes in accordance with the Conditions.

In addition, if in the case of any particular Series or Tranche of Notes the relevant Final Terms specify that the Notes are redeemable at FMO's option in certain other circumstances FMO may choose to redeem the Notes at times when prevailing interest rates may be relatively low. In such circumstances an investor may not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as that of the relevant Notes.

Credit rating risk

Credit or corporate ratings may not reflect all risks. One or more independent rating agencies may assign ratings to the Notes and/or FMO. The ratings may not reflect the potential impact of all risks related to structure, market, and other factors that may affect the value of the Notes or the standing of FMO. A credit rating and/or a corporate rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be revised or withdrawn by the rating agency at any time. In the event a rating assigned to the Notes and/or FMO is lowered for any reason, the market value of the Notes may be adversely affected, but no person or entity is obliged to provide any additional support or credit enhancement with respect to the Notes.

Because the Global Notes are held by or on behalf of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or Euroclear Netherlands, investors will have to rely on their procedures for transfer, payment and communication with FMO

Notes may be represented by one or more Global Notes (as defined below). Such Global Notes will in the case of a CGN be deposited with (i) a common depositary for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other agreed clearing system specified in the applicable Final Terms or (ii) with Euroclear Netherlands, and, in the case of an NGN, be deposited with a common safekeeper for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. Except in the circumstances described in the relevant Global Note, investors will not be entitled to receive definitive Notes. Because the Notes are represented by a Global Note, investors will be able to trade their beneficial interests only through Euroclear Netherlands, Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg (as applicable).

While the Notes are represented by a Global Note, FMO will discharge its payment obligations under (a) CGNs by making payments via the Paying Agent (as defined herein) to Euroclear Netherlands or to the common depositary for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg; and (b) NGNs by making payments via the Paying Agent to or to the order of the common safekeeper for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, for distribution to their account holders. A holder of a beneficial interest in a Global Note must rely on the procedures of Euroclear Netherlands, Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg to receive payments under the relevant Notes. FMO has no responsibility or liability for the records relating to, or payments made in respect of, beneficial interests in the Global Notes.

Holders of beneficial interests in the Global Notes will not have a direct right to vote in respect of the relevant Notes. Instead, such holders will be permitted to act only to the extent that they are enabled by Euroclear Netherlands, Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg to appoint appropriate proxies.

Notes in New Global Note form

The New Global Note form has been introduced to allow for the possibility of debt instruments being issued and held in a manner which will permit them to be recognised as eligible collateral for monetary policy of the central banking system for the euro (the "Eurosystem") and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. However, in any particular case, such recognition will depend upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria at the relevant time. Investors should make their own assessment as to whether the Notes meet such Eurosystem eligibility criteria.

Change of law and jurisdiction

The conditions of the Notes are governed by either Dutch law or English law as in effect as at the date of this Base Prospectus. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change to Dutch law, English law or administrative practice after the date of this Base Prospectus, including but not limited to, the introduction of, and changes to, taxes, levies or fees applicable to FMO's operations (such as the imposition of a financial transaction tax, as to which see further 'The Proposed Financial Transactions Tax'). Prospective investors should note that either the courts of the Netherlands or England shall have jurisdiction in respect of any disputes involving any Series of Notes. Noteholders may take any suit, action or proceedings arising out of or in connection with the Notes against FMO in any court of competent jurisdiction. The laws of the Netherlands or England may be materially different from the equivalent law in the home jurisdiction of prospective investors in its application to the Notes.

European Union Directive on Taxation of Savings Income

Under the European Union Directive on the taxation of savings income (Council Directive 2003/48/EC, the "EU Savings Directive"), each Member State is required to provide to the tax authorities of another Member State details of payments of interest or other similar income paid by a person within its jurisdiction to, or collected by such a person for, an individual resident in that other Member State; however, for a transitional period, Austria may instead apply a with-holding system in relation to such payments, deducting tax at a rate of 35%. The transitional period is to terminate at the end of the first full fiscal year following agreement by certain non-EU countries to the exchange of information relating to such payments.

A number of non-EU countries, and certain dependent or associated territories of certain Member States, have agreed to adopt similar measures (either provision of information or transitional withholding) in relation to payments made by a person within its jurisdiction to, or collected by such a person for, an individual resident in a Member State. In addition, the Member States have entered into reciprocal provision of information arrangements or transitional withholding arrangements with certain of those dependent or associated territories in relation to payments made by a person in a Member State to, or collected by such a person for, an individual resident in one of those territories.

On 24 March 2014, the EU Savings Directive has been amended by the Council Directive 2014/48/EU (the "Amending Directive"). The Amending Directive broadens the scope of the requirements described above. Member States have until 1 January 2016 to adopt the national legislation necessary to comply with the Amending Directive. The Amending Directive will apply from 1 January 2017. The changes made under the Amending Directive include extending the scope of the EU Savings Directive to payments made to, or collected for, certain other entities and legal arrangements. They also broaden the definition of 'interest payment' to cover income that is equivalent to interest.

However, the European Commission has proposed the repeal of the EU Savings Directive from 1 January 2017, in the case of Austria and from 1 January 2016, in the case of all other Member States (subject to on-going requirements to fulfil administrative obligations such as the reporting and exchange of information relating to, and accounting for withholding taxes on, payments made before those dates). This is to prevent overlap between the EU Savings Directive and a new automatic exchange of information regime to be implemented under Council Directive 2011/16/EU on Administrative Cooperation in the field of Taxation (as amended by Council Directive 2014/107/EU). The proposal also provides that, if it proceeds, Member States will not be required to apply the new requirements of the Amending Directive.

Under, and subject to terms and conditions of, the paying agency agreement, the Issuer will ensure that it maintains a Paying Agent in a Member State of the European Union that is not obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to a directive or regulation of the European Union relating to the taxation of interest income or an intergovernmental agreement on its taxation in which the Netherlands or the European Union is involved or any provision implementing or complying with or introduced in order to conform to such directive, regulation or agreement (together, the "**EU Directive**").

The proposed Financial Transaction Tax

On 14 February 2013, the European Commission adopted a proposal setting out the details of the financial transaction tax ("FTT"), which mirrors the scope of its original proposal of September 2011, to be levied on transactions in financial instruments by financial institutions if at least one of the parties to the transaction is located in the 'FTT-zone', currently limited to 11 participating Member States (Austria, Belgium, Estonia, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia and Spain). The actual implementation date of the FTT remains unclear and depends on the future agreement of the participating Member States and consultation of EU institutions, and the subsequent transposition into local law. In addition, the FTT proposal may be the subject to continuing legal challenge. It may therefore be altered prior to any implementation, although it has been indicated the first steps will be implemented by 1 January 2016 at the latest. Given the lack of certainty surrounding the FTT proposal and its implementation, it is not possible to predict what effect the proposed FTT might have. Prospective holders of the Notes are therefore strongly advised to seek their own professional advice in relation to the FTT.

U.S. Foreign Account Tax Compliance Withholding

Whilst the Notes are in global form and held within the clearing systems, in all but the most remote circumstances, it is not expected that FATCA will affect the amount of any payment received by the clearing

systems (see 'Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act'). However, FATCA may affect payments made to custodians or intermediaries in the subsequent payment chain leading to the ultimate investor if any such custodian or intermediary generally is unable to receive payments free of FATCA withholding. It also may affect payment to any ultimate investor that is a financial institution that is not entitled to receive payments free of withholding under FATCA, or an ultimate investor that fails to provide its broker (or other custodian or intermediary from which it receives payment) with any information, forms, other documentation or consents that may be necessary for the payments to be made free of FATCA withholding. Investors should choose the custodians or intermediaries with care (to ensure each is compliant with FATCA or other laws or agreements related to FATCA), provide each custodian or intermediary with any information, forms, other documentation or consents that may be necessary for such custodian or intermediary to make a payment free of FATCA withholding. Investors should consult their own tax adviser to obtain a more detailed explanation of FATCA and how FATCA may affect them. FMO's obligations under the Notes are discharged once it has paid the common depositary or common safekeeper for the clearing systems (as bearer holder of the Notes) and FMO has therefore no responsibility for any amount thereafter transmitted through hands of the clearing systems and custodians or intermediaries.

Implemented and proposed banking legislation for ailing banks give regulators powers to write down debt

The Dutch Act on special measures regarding financial undertakings (*Wet bijzondere maatregelen financiële ondernemingen or Interventiewet*, hereinafter the "**Special Measures Financial Institutions Act**") entered into effect on 13 June 2012. The Special Measures Financial Institutions Act has retroactive effect as of 20 January 2012.

Under the Special Measures Financial Institutions Act, substantial powers are granted to DNB and the Dutch Minister of Finance enabling them to deal with, *inter alia*, ailing Dutch banks with the aim to avoid their insolvency. The Special Measures Financial Institutions Act aims to empower DNB or the Minister of Finance, as applicable, to commence proceedings leading to: (i) the transfer of all or part of the business (including deposits) of the relevant bank to a private sector purchaser; (ii) the transfer of all or part of the business of the relevant bank to a 'bridge bank'; (iii) the transfer of the shares of the relevant bank to a 'bridge bank'; and (iv) public ownership (nationalization) of all or part of the relevant bank or of all or part of the shares of or other securities issued by the relevant bank. Subject to certain exceptions, as soon as any of these proposed proceedings have been initiated by DNB or the Minister of Finance, as applicable, the relevant counterparties of such bank would not be entitled to invoke events of default or set off their claims against the bank.

The Minister of Finance may, after consultation with DNB, take immediate measures which may deviate from statutory provisions or from the articles of association of the institution concerned. Within the context of the resolution tools provided by the Special Measures Financial Institutions Act, holders of debt securities of a bank (including Noteholders) subject to resolution could be affected by issuer substitution or replacement, transfer of debt, expropriation, modification of terms and/or suspension or termination of listing of the Notes.

The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive ("BRRD") was adopted by the European Council on 6 May 2014. Member States should have implemented the BRRD by 1 January 2015 (except for the bail-in tool which may be implemented by 1 January 2016). However, the BRRD has not yet been implemented in Dutch law. On 21 November 2014, a draft legislative proposal to amend, amongst other things, the Dutch Financial Supervision Act (*Wet op het financieel toezicht*, the "DFSA"), was published for consultation, which purports to implement the BRRD and SRM (as defined below). It is, however, at this stage unclear how the BRRD will be implemented in the Netherlands and it remains to be seen if and to what extent the implementation of the BRRD in the Netherlands will set aside the current provisions of the DFSA. The Dutch legislator did thus not achieve implementation and entry into force of the legislation by 1 January 2015 as required by the BRRD. The legislator's actual target date for implementation is not yet known, but it is expected that the implementation will occur at the end of 2015.

On 10 July 2013, the European Commission proposed a regulation establishing uniform rules and a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms (the "**SRM Regulation**") in a framework of a single resolution mechanism and a single bank resolution fund (such mechanism, the "**SRM**"). The SRM Regulation was adopted on 15 July 2014.

The SRM establishes a European single resolution board ("SRB") (consisting of representatives from the ECB, the European Commission and the relevant national authorities) that will manage (through the national resolution

authorities or directly) the failing of any bank in the Euro-area and in other EU Member States participating in the European Banking Union.

It is possible that, given the entering into force of the BRRD or other resolution or recovery rules (such as the SRM Regulation and CRD IV) which may be applicable to FMO in the future, new powers may be granted by way of statute to DNB and/or any other relevant authority such as the SRB (each, a "Relevant Authority") which could be used in such a way that could result in subordinated and/or senior debt instruments of FMO, including the Notes, absorbing losses (the "Bail-in Tool").

Under the BRRD, the Bail-in Tool shall give the Relevant Authority the power to write down debt (or to convert such debt into equity) of ailing banks, certain investment firms and their holding companies to strengthen their financial position and allow such institutions to continue as a going concern subject to appropriate recapitalisation.

Pursuant to the BRRD, the Relevant Authority is expected to be required to exercise the Bail-in Tool in a way that results in (i) Common Equity Tier 1 instruments being written down first in proportion to the relevant losses, (ii) thereafter, the principal amount of other capital instruments (including Additional Tier 1 instruments and Tier 2 instruments) being written down or converted into Common Equity Tier 1 on a permanent basis and (iii) thereafter, eligible liabilities being written down or converted in accordance with a set order of priority.

The Bail-in Tool will absorb losses at the point of non-viability of the issuing institution. The point of non-viability will be the point at which the Relevant Authority determines an institution meets the conditions for resolution, defined as:

- a) the institution is failing or likely to fail, which means (i) the institution has incurred/is likely to incur in the near future losses depleting all or substantially all its own funds, and/or (ii) the assets are/will be in the near future less than its liabilities, and/or (iii) thereafter, the principal amount of subordinated debt that do not qualify as Additional Tier 1 instruments or Tier 2 instruments being written down or converted into Common Equity Tier 1 on a permanent basis, and (iv) lastly, the principal amount of the rest of the eligible liabilities (the Notes to the extent not subordinated possibly qualifying as such) being written down or converted into Common Equity Tier 1 on a permanent basis;
- b) there is no reasonable prospect that a private action or supervisory action would prevent the failure; and
- c) a resolution action is necessary in the public interest.

It is possible that, given the entering into effect of the Special Measures Financial Institutions Act and/or (the implementation legislation of) the BRRD or other resolution or recovery rules which may be applicable to FMO in the future (including, but not limited to, CRD IV), the Relevant Authority may use its powers under the new regime in a way that could result in subordinated and/or senior debt instruments of FMO, such as Notes, absorbing losses.

In addition to the general Bail-in Tool, the BRRD provides for resolution authorities to have the further power to permanently write-down or convert into equity capital instruments such as subordinated notes at the point of non-viability and before any other resolution action is taken (non-viability loss absorption). Any shares issued to holders of subordinated notes upon any such conversion into equity may also be subject to any application of the general Bail-in Tool.

For the purposes of the application of any non-viability loss absorption measure, the point of non-viability under the BRRD is the point at which the Relevant Authority determines that the institution meets the conditions for resolution (but no resolution action has yet been taken) or that the institution will no longer be viable unless the relevant capital instruments (such as subordinated notes) are written-down or converted or extraordinary public support is to be provided and without such support the appropriate authority determines that the institution would no longer be viable.

As a result of the exercise of any Bail-In Tool measures, the Notes could, in certain circumstances, become subject to a determination by the Relevant Authority or FMO that all or part of the principal amount of the Notes, including accrued but unpaid interest in respect thereof, must be written off, converted into regulatory capital or otherwise be applied to absorb losses. The rules and regulations giving effect to such Bail-In Tool may provide that such determination shall not constitute an event of default in respect of the relevant Notes. As a consequence, the Noteholders will have no further claims in respect of any amount so written-off or otherwise as

a result of such Bail-In Tool. As a consequence, a Noteholder could lose its entire claim on FMO resulting from the Notes.

Any determination that all or part of the principal amount of the Notes will be subject to a Bail-In Tool may be inherently unpredictable and may depend on a number of factors which may be outside FMO's control. Accordingly, trading behaviour in respect of Notes which are subject to a Bail-In Tool is not necessarily expected to follow trading behaviour associated with other types of securities. Any (perceived) indication that Notes will become subject to a Bail-In Tool could have an adverse effect on the market price of the relevant Notes. Potential investors should consider the risk that a Noteholder may lose all of its investment in such Notes, including the principal amount plus any accrued but unpaid interest, if those Bail-In Tool measures were to be taken.

The BRRD could negatively affect the position of the Noteholders and the credit rating attached to debt instruments then outstanding and could result in losses to Noteholders, in particular if and when any of the above proceedings would be commenced against FMO. These measures could increase FMO's cost of funding and thereby have an adverse impact on FMO's financial condition and results of operation. In addition, there could be amendments to the BRRD, which may add to these effects.

Pursuant to the BRRD, the banks are required to meet at all times a minimum amount of own funds (which includes Common Equity Tier 1 instruments, Additional Tier 1 instruments and Tier 2 instruments) and eligible liabilities ("MREL") expressed as a percentage of the total liabilities and own funds. The Relevant Authority shall establish a level of minimum MREL on a bank-by-bank basis based on assessment criteria to be set out in technical regulatory standards. Differences in the application of the assessment criteria would result in similar banks facing different requirements and thus potentially different costs of financing their activities.

In summary, FMO is unable to predict what effects, if any, the Dutch law intervention powers, the BRRD and SRM Regulation may have on the financial system generally, FMO's counterparties, or on FMO, its operations and/or its financial condition or the Notes. The Special Measures Financial Institutions Act and/or the (implementation legislation of) the BRRD could also in other ways negatively affect the position of the Noteholders and the credit rating attached to the Notes, in particular if and when any of the above rescue proceedings would be commenced against FMO, since the application of any such new legislation may affect the rights and effective remedies of the Noteholders as well as the market value of the Notes. The rescue measures could increase FMO's cost of funding and thereby have an adverse impact on FMO's financial position and results of operation.

Sustainability notes

The Issuer may issue sustainability notes. The proceeds from the issue of each sustainability note will only be used to finance debt and equity investments which comply with FMO's core environmental and social requirements, as specified in the applicable Final Terms. Certain sustainability notes will also have further requirements, as specified in the applicable Final Terms. In such case, the net proceeds of the issue of such sustainability notes will be allocated within FMO's Treasury to a special sub-portfolio that will be linked to FMO's lending operations that comply with such further requirements. So long as such sustainability notes are outstanding, the balance of the sub-portfolio will be reduced by amounts matching disbursements in respect of the projects that meet these requirements. There can be no assurance that projects will be found that comply with the requirements of any sustainability note. If no such projects can be found during the term of the relevant sustainability notes, the net proceeds of the issue of such notes will remain in FMO's liquidity portfolio and may, in accordance with their terms, temporarily be used for different purposes in case of liquidity stress situations. This could negatively affect FMO's reputation as an issuer of sustainability notes.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

FMO accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Base Prospectus. To the best of the knowledge and belief of FMO (which has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in this Base Prospectus is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information. Any information from third-parties, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, has been accurately reproduced and does not omit anything likely which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading. FMO accepts responsibility accordingly.

Neither the Arranger, the Dealers or the Listing Agent and Paying Agent nor any of their respective affiliates, directors, officers or employees or any other affiliated person, accepts any responsibility whatsoever for the contents of this Prospectus nor for any other statements made or purported to be made by either themselves or on their behalf in connection with the Issuer, the Programme, the Notes or the issue or distribution of the Notes. Accordingly, each of them disclaim any and all liability, whether arising in tort or contract or otherwise in respect of this Prospectus or any such statement.

Application may be made for certain series of Notes to be listed on Euronext in Amsterdam, the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and the London Stock Exchange. Notice of the aggregate nominal amount of Notes, interest (if any) payable in respect of Notes, the issue price of Notes and any other terms and conditions not contained herein which are applicable to any Tranche of Notes will be set forth in the Final Terms relating to such Tranche which will be filed with the AFM, the CSSF, the Norwegian Finanstilsynet, the FSMA, the BfF or the UK Listing Authority, or once applicable, with the Danish Finanstilsynet, the Finanssivalvonta or the Finansinspektionen, if required by the Prospectus Directive and its applicable implementing measures in the Netherlands and, if applicable, will be delivered to Euronext in Amsterdam, the Luxembourg Stock Exchange or the London Stock Exchange, and filed with the relevant competent authorities together with an issue specific summary (if relevant) in the required language, on or before the date of issue of the Notes of such Tranche.

The AFM has approved this Base Prospectus in connection with the issue by FMO of Notes which are:

- a) offered to the public in the European Economic Area in circumstances which require the publication of a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive, whether or not such Notes are listed and admitted to trading on any market; or
- b) admitted to trading on any one or more regulated markets as defined under Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on markets in financial instruments; and not
- c) market instruments as defined by Article 4(1)(19) of Directive 2004/39/EC, having a maturity of less than 12 months),

such Notes hereinafter referred to as "**PD Notes**". PD Notes may be issued in any denominations as agreed between FMO and the relevant Dealer(s).

FMO may also issue unlisted Notes and/or Notes not admitted to trading on any regulated market in the European Economic Area and, where such Notes are, in addition, issued with a minimum denomination of at least EUR 100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency) or otherwise fall within an exemption from the requirement to publish a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive; the AFM has neither approved nor reviewed information contained in this Base Prospectus in connection with the issue of any such exempt Notes.

If between the date of this Base Prospectus and the final closing of the relevant Non-exempt Offer or, as the case may be, the time when trading of the Notes begins on Euronext in Amsterdam, the regulated market of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange or the regulated market of the London Stock Exchange, a significant new factor, material mistake or inaccuracy relating to information included in this Base Prospectus which is capable of affecting the assessment of the Notes arises or is noticed, FMO will prepare a supplement to this Base Prospectus or publish a new prospectus for use in connection with any subsequent issue of Notes subject to such Non-exempt Offer or, as the case may be, such admission to trading. Such a supplement will be approved by the AFM and published in accordance with applicable law and a notification will be provided to the competent authorities and the ESMA. The summary, and any translations thereof required for the purpose of such Non-exempt Offer or, as the case may be, such admission to trading, will also be supplemented, if necessary, to take into account the new information included in the supplement.

This Base Prospectus is to be read in conjunction with all documents which are deemed to be incorporated herein by reference (see the section headed 'Documents Incorporated by Reference' below). This Base Prospectus shall be read and construed on the basis that such documents are incorporated in and form part of this Base Prospectus.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation not contained in or not consistent with this Base Prospectus or any Final Terms or any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or the Notes and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by FMO, the Arranger or any of the Dealers.

Neither this Base Prospectus nor any Final Terms nor any other information supplied in connection with the Programme should be considered as a recommendation by FMO, the Arranger, any of the Dealers or the Listing Agent and Paying Agent or any of their respective affiliates, directors, officers or employees or any other affiliated person that any recipient of this Base Prospectus or any other information supplied in connection with the Programme should purchase any Notes. Accordingly, no representation, warranty or undertaking, express or implied, is made or given and no responsibility is accepted by any one or more of them as to the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the information or opinions contained in this Base Prospectus, or incorporated by reference herein, or any other information provided by FMO and no such information and none of such opinions is, or may be relied upon as, a promise or representation by any one or more of them as to the past or future.

Each investor contemplating purchasing any Notes should make its own independent investigation of the financial condition and affairs, and its own appraisal of the creditworthiness, of FMO. Neither this Base Prospectus nor any other information supplied in connection with the Programme constitutes an offer or invitation by or on behalf of FMO, the Arranger or any of the Dealers to any person to subscribe for or to purchase any Notes.

Neither the delivery of this Base Prospectus nor the offering, sale or delivery of any Notes shall at any time imply that the information contained herein concerning FMO is correct at any time subsequent to the date hereof or, as the case may be, the date upon which the Base Prospectus has been most recently amended or supplemented or the balance sheet date of the most recent financial statements deemed to be incorporated by reference into this Base Prospectus or that any other information supplied in connection with the Programme is correct as of any time subsequent to the date indicated in the document containing the same. The Arranger and the Dealers expressly do not undertake to review the financial condition or affairs of FMO during the life of the Programme. Investors should review, *inter alia*, the most recent company financial statements of FMO and any other relevant publicly available information when deciding whether to purchase any Notes.

Neither this Base Prospectus nor any part hereof constitutes an offer or an invitation to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any Notes in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction. The distribution of this Base Prospectus and any Final Terms and the offer or sale of Notes in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. FMO, the Arranger and the Dealers do not represent that this Base Prospectus may be lawfully distributed, or that any Notes may be lawfully offered, in compliance with any applicable registration or other requirements in any such jurisdiction, or pursuant to an exemption available thereunder, or assume any responsibility for facilitating any such distribution or offering. In particular, no action has been taken by FMO, the Arranger or the Dealers which would permit a non-exempt offering of any Notes or distribution of this Base Prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. Accordingly, no Notes may be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and neither this Base Prospectus nor any advertisement or other offering material may be distributed or published in any jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations. Persons into whose possession this Base Prospectus (or any part thereof) or any Notes come must inform themselves about, and observe, any such restrictions. In particular, there are restrictions on the distribution of this Base Prospectus and the offer or sale of Notes in the European Economic Area, the United States, the United Kingdom, the Netherlands and Japan (see the section headed 'Subscription and Sale' below).

The Notes have not been approved or disapproved by the US Securities and Exchange Commission, any State Securities Commission or any other regulatory authority, nor have any of the foregoing authorities passed upon or endorsed the merits of this offering or the accuracy or adequacy of this Base Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is unlawful.

ABN AMRO Bank N.V. has been engaged by the Issuer solely as Paying Agent and Listing Agent. The Paying Agent activities relate to performing certain payment services on behalf of the Issuer towards the Noteholders and determination of the interest rates. The Listing Agent activities relate to the admission of the Notes to trading

on, if applicable, Euronext in Amsterdam. ABN AMRO Bank N.V.'s activities pursuant to the engagement have consisted of assisting the Issuer with filing the application for admission to listing with Euronext in Amsterdam.

ABN AMRO Bank N.V. is acting for the Issuer and for no one else and will not regard any other person as its client in connection with the Programme, the Notes, or the issue or distribution of the Notes and will not be responsible for anyone other than the Issuer for providing the protections afforded to its clients nor for providing advice in relation to the Programme, the Notes, or the issue or distribution of the Notes nor any other transaction or arrangement referred to in this Prospectus.

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "**Securities Act**"), and the Notes are subject to U.S. tax law requirements. The Notes may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to U.S. persons, except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act (see the section headed 'Subscription and Sale' below).

This Base Prospectus has been prepared on the basis that, except to the extent sub-paragraph (ii) below may apply, any offer of Notes in any Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a "Relevant Member State") will be made pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive, as implemented in that Relevant Member State, from the requirement to publish a prospectus for offers of Notes. Accordingly any person making or intending to make an offer in that Relevant Member State of Notes which are the subject of an offering contemplated in this Base Prospectus as completed by Final Terms in relation to the offer of those Notes may only do so:

- in circumstances in which no obligation arises for FMO or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive, in each case, in relation to such offer, or
- in the circumstances described under 'Non-exempt Offers of Non-exempt Offer Notes in the European Economic Area' below.

See the section headed 'Subscription and Sale' below for further information.

In connection with the issue and distribution of Notes under the Programme, the Dealer who is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the Stabilising Manager (if applicable) (or any duly appointed person acting for the Stabilising Manager) in relation to the relevant series of Notes may over-allot Notes or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the Notes of such series at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail for a limited period. However, there is no assurance that the Stabilising Manager (or any agent of the Stabilising Manager) will undertake stabilising action. Any stabilisation action may begin on or after the date on which adequate public disclosure of the terms of the offer of the relevant Series of Notes is made and, if begun, may be ended at any time, but it must end no later than the earlier of 30 days after the relevant issue date and 60 days after the date of the allotment of the Notes of such series. Any stabilisation action or over-allotment must be conducted by the Stabilising Manager (or persons acting on behalf of the Stabilising Manager) in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations amended from time to time.

FMO may, in its absolute discretion, perform market making activities as a liquidity provider in respect of certain series or tranches of Notes.

All figures in this Base Prospectus have not been audited, unless stated otherwise. These figures are internal figures of FMO.

All references in this document to 'U.S. Dollars', 'USD' 'U.S.\$' and '\$' refer to the currency of the United States of America, those to 'Japanese yen', 'JPY', 'yen' and '\$' refer to the currency of Japan, those to 'GBP', and '£' refer to the currency of the United Kingdom, those to 'CHF' refer to the currency of Switzerland, those to 'CAD' refer to the currency of Canada, 'AUD' and 'Australian dollars' to the currency of Australia, 'HKD', 'HK\$' and 'Hong Kong dollars' to the currency of the special administrative region of Hong Kong, 'NOK' to the currency of Norway, 'SEK' to the currency of Sweden, 'DKK' to the currency of Denmark and 'NZD', 'NZ\$', 'New Zealand dollars' to the currency of New Zealand, and those to 'Euro', 'EUR', and '\$' refer to the currency introduced at the start of the third stage of the Economic and Monetary Union pursuant to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, as amended.

Your attention is drawn to the important information on page 41.

CALCULATION OF THE OUTSTANDING AMOUNT

This Base Prospectus and any supplement will only be valid for offering, listing and admission to trading of Notes on Euronext in Amsterdam, the Luxembourg Stock Exchange or the London Stock Exchange in an aggregate nominal amount which, when added to the aggregate nominal amount then outstanding of all Notes previously or simultaneously issued under the Programme, does not exceed EUR 6,000,000,000 or its equivalent in any other currency. For the purpose of calculating the aggregate nominal amount of Notes from time to time:

- a) the EUR equivalent of Notes denominated in another Specified Currency (specified as such in the applicable Final Terms) shall be determined, at the discretion of the Issuer, as of the date of agreement to issue such Notes (the "Agreement Date") or on the preceding day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets are open for business in London, in each case on the basis of the spot rate for the sale of the EUR against the purchase of such Specified Currency in the London foreign exchange market quoted by any leading bank selected by the Issuer on such date;
- b) the amount (or, where applicable, the EUR equivalent) of Dual Currency Notes (being Notes in respect of which payments of interest and/or principal may be made in a currency other than the Specified Currency) and Partly Paid Notes (being Notes where the Issue Price is payable in more than one instalment) shall be calculated (in the case of Notes not denominated in EUR, in the manner specified above) by reference to the original nominal amount of such Notes (in the case of Partly Paid Notes, regardless of the subscription price paid); and
- c) the amount (or, where applicable, the EUR equivalent) of Zero Coupon Notes (being Notes during the term of which no interest shall become due and payable) and other Notes issued at a discount or premium shall be calculated (in the case of Notes not denominated in EUR, in the manner specified above) by reference to the net proceeds received by the Issuer for the relevant issue.

NON-EXEMPT OFFERS OF NON-EXEMPT OFFER NOTES IN THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AREA

Certain Tranches of Notes with a denomination of less than EUR 100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency) ("Non-exempt Offer Notes") may, subject as provided below, be offered in a Relevant Member State in circumstances where there is no exemption from the obligation under Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive to publish a prospectus. Any such offer is referred to in this Base Prospectus as a "Non-exempt Offer".

This Base Prospectus has been prepared on a basis that permits Non-exempt Offers of Non-exempt Offer Notes in the Netherlands (the "Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction"). Any person making or intending to make a Non-exempt Offer of Non-exempt Offer Notes in the Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction on the basis of this Base Prospectus must do so only with the Issuer's consent - see 'Consent given in accordance with Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive (Retail Cascades)' below.

If the Issuer intends to make or authorise any Non-exempt Offer of Non-exempt Offer Notes to be made in one or more Relevant Member States other than in the Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction (including but not limited to Denmark, Finland, Luxembourg, Norway, Sweden and the United Kingdom), it will prepare a supplement to this Base Prospectus specifying such Relevant Member State(s) and any additional information required by the Prospectus Directive in respect thereof. Such supplement will also set out provisions relating to the Issuer's consent to use this Base Prospectus in connection with any such Non-exempt Offer.

Save as provided above, neither the Issuer, the Arranger nor any Dealer has authorised, nor do they authorise, the making of any Non-exempt Offer of Non-exempt Offer Notes in circumstances in which an obligation arises for either the Issuer, the Arranger or any Dealer to publish or supplement a prospectus for such offer.

Consent given in accordance with Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive (Retail Cascades)

In the context of any Non-exempt Offer of Non-exempt Offer Notes in the Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction, the Issuer accepts responsibility in the Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction, for the content of this Base Prospectus in relation to any person (an "Investor") who purchases any Non-exempt Offer Notes by a Dealer and also with respect to subsequent resale or final placement of securities by any financial intermediary which was given consent to use this Base Prospectus (an "Authorised Offeror"), where the offer is made in compliance with all conditions attached to the giving of the consent. Such consent and conditions are described below under 'Consent' and 'Common conditions to consent'. Neither the Issuer, the Arranger nor any Dealer has any responsibility for any of the actions of any Authorised Offeror, including compliance by an Authorised Offeror with applicable conduct of business rules or other local regulatory requirements or other securities law requirements in relation to such Non-exempt Offer.

Save as provided below, neither the Issuer, the Arranger nor any Dealer has authorised the making of any Non-exempt Offer and the Issuer has not consented to the use of this Base Prospectus by any other person in connection with any Non-exempt Offer of Non-exempt Offer Notes in any jurisdiction. Any Non-exempt Offer made without the consent of the Issuer is unauthorised and neither the Issuer, the Arranger nor any Dealer accepts any responsibility or liability for the actions of the persons making any such unauthorised offer.

If, in the context of a Non-exempt Offer, an Investor to whom an offer of any Non-exempt Offer Notes is made is offered Non-exempt Offer Notes by a person which is not an Authorised Offeror, the Investor should check with such person whether anyone is responsible for this Base Prospectus for the purpose of Article 6 of the Prospectus Directive in the context of the Non-exempt Offer and, if so, who that person is. If the Investor is in any doubt about whether it can rely on this Base Prospectus and/or who is responsible for its contents it should take legal advice.

The Issuer will publish information with respect to Authorised Offerors unknown at the time of the approval of the Base Prospectus or the filing of the applicable Final Terms, as the case may be, on its website https://www.fmo.nl/investor-relations.

Consent

Subject to the conditions set out below under 'Common conditions to consent':

- A. the Issuer consents to the use of this Base Prospectus (as supplemented as at the relevant time, if applicable) in connection with a Non-exempt Offer of Non-exempt Offer Notes in any Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction by:
 - (i) the Dealer(s) specified in the relevant Final Terms;
 - (ii) any financial intermediary named as an Initial Authorised Offeror in the applicable Final Terms; and
 - (iii) any financial intermediary appointed after the date of the applicable Final Terms and whose name and address is published on the Issuer's website https://www.fmo.nl/investor-relations and identified as an Authorised Offeror in respect of the relevant Non-exempt Offer; and
- B. if (and only if) paragraph 8(vi) ('General Consent') of Part B of the relevant Final Terms specifies 'General Consent' as 'Applicable', the Issuer hereby offers to grant its consent to the use of this Base Prospectus (as supplemented as at the relevant time, if applicable) in connection with a Non-exempt Offer of Non-exempt Offer Notes in the Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction by any financial intermediary which satisfies the following conditions:
 - (i) it is authorised to make such offers under the legislation implementing the MiFID as applicable in each relevant jurisdiction; and
 - (ii) it accepts such offer by publishing on its website the following statement (with the information in square brackets duly completed with the relevant information):

'We, [insert legal name of financial intermediary], refer to the [insert title of relevant Non-exempt Offer Notes] (the "Notes") described in the Final Terms dated [insert date] (the "Final Terms") published by Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V. (the "Issuer"). We hereby accept the offer by the Issuer of its consent to our use of the Base Prospectus (as defined in the Final Terms) in connection with the offer of the Notes in the Netherlands (the "Non-exempt Offer") in accordance with the Authorised Offeror Terms and subject to the conditions to such consent, each as specified in the Base Prospectus, and we are using the Base Prospectus in connection with the Non-exempt Offer accordingly.'

The 'Authorised Offeror Terms' are that the relevant financial intermediary:

- I. will, and it agrees, represents, warrants and undertakes for the benefit of the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) that it will, at all times in connection with the relevant Non-exempt Offer:
 - (a) act in accordance with, and be solely responsible for complying with, all applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidance of any applicable regulatory bodies (the "Rules") from time to time including, without limitation, Rules relating to both the appropriateness or suitability of any investment in the Non-exempt Offer Notes by any person and disclosure to any potential Investor, and will immediately inform the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) if at any time such financial intermediary becomes aware or suspects that it is or may be in violation of any Rules and take all appropriate steps to remedy such violation and comply with such Rules in all respects;
 - (b) comply with the restrictions set out under 'Subscription and Sale' in this Base Prospectus which would apply as if it were a Dealer;
 - (c) ensure that any fee (and any other commissions or benefits of any kind) received or paid by that financial intermediary in relation to the offer or sale of the Non-exempt Offer Notes does not violate the Rules and, to the extent required by the Rules, is fully and clearly disclosed to Investors or potential Investors;
 - (d) hold all licenses, consents, approvals and permissions required in connection with solicitation of interest in, or offers or sales of, the Non-exempt Offer Notes under the Rules;

- (e) comply with, and take appropriate steps in relation to, applicable anti-money laundering, anti-bribery, anti-corruption and 'know your client' Rules (including, without limitation, taking appropriate steps, in compliance with such Rules, to establish and document the identity of each potential Investor prior to initial investment in any Non-exempt Offer Notes by the Investor), and will not permit any application for Non-exempt Offer Notes in circumstances where the financial intermediary has any suspicions as to the source of the application moneys;
- (f) retain Investor identification records for at least the minimum period required under applicable Rules, and shall, if so required and permitted, make such records available to the relevant Dealer(s) and the Issuer or directly to the appropriate authorities with jurisdiction over the Issuer and/or the relevant Dealer(s) in order to enable the Issuer and/or the relevant Dealer(s) to comply with anti-money laundering, anti-bribery, anti-corruption and 'know your client' Rules applying to the Issuer and/or the relevant Dealer(s);
- (g) ensure that no holder of Non-exempt Offer Notes or potential Investor in Non-exempt Offer Notes shall become an indirect or direct client of the Issuer or the relevant Dealer(s) for the purposes of any applicable Rules from time to time, and, to the extent that any client obligations are created by the relevant financial intermediary under any applicable Rules, then such financial intermediary shall perform any such obligations so arising;
- (h) cooperate with the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) in providing such information (including, without limitation, documents and records maintained pursuant to paragraph (f) above) upon written request from the Issuer or the relevant Dealer(s) as is available to such financial intermediary or which is within its power and control from time to time, together with such further assistance as is reasonably requested by the Issuer or the relevant Dealer(s):
 - in connection with any request or investigation by the AFM and/or any relevant regulator
 of competent jurisdiction in relation to the Non-exempt Offer Notes, the Issuer or the
 relevant Dealer(s); and/or
 - (ii) in connection with any complaints received by the Issuer and/or the relevant Dealer relating to the Issuer and/or the relevant Dealer(s) or another Authorised Offeror, including, without limitation, complaints as defined in rules published by the AFM and/or any relevant regulator of competent jurisdiction from time to time; and/or
 - (iii) which the Issuer or the relevant Dealer(s) may reasonably require from time to time in relation to the Non-exempt Offer Notes and/or as to allow the Issuer or the relevant Dealer(s) fully to comply within its own legal tax and regulatory requirements,

in each case, as soon as is reasonably practicable and, in any event, within any timeframe set by any such regulator or regulatory process;

- (i) during the primary distribution period of the Non-exempt Offer Notes: (i) not sell the Non-exempt Offer Notes at any price other than the Issue Price specified in the applicable Final Terms (unless otherwise agreed with the relevant Dealer(s)); (ii) not sell the Non-exempt Offer Notes otherwise than for the settlement on the Issue Date specified in the applicable Non-exempt Final Terms; (iii) not appoint any sub-distributors (unless otherwise agreed with the relevant Dealer(s) and the Issuer); (iv) not pay any fee or remuneration or commissions or benefits to any third parties in relation to the offering or sale of the Non-exempt Offer Notes (unless otherwise agreed with the relevant Dealer(s)); and (v) comply with such other rules of conduct as may be reasonably required and specified by the relevant Dealer(s);
- (j) either (i) obtain from each potential Investor an executed application for the Non-exempt Offer Notes, or (ii) keep a record of all requests such financial intermediary (x) makes for its discretionary management clients, (y) receives from its advisory clients and (z) receives from its execution-only clients, in each case, prior to making any order for the Non-exempt Offer Notes on their behalf, and, in each case, maintain the same on its files for so long as is required by any applicable Rules;

- (k) ensure that it does not, directly or indirectly, cause the Issuer or the relevant Dealer(s) to breach any Rule or subject the Issuer or the relevant Dealer(s) to any requirement to obtain or make any filing, authorisation or consent in any jurisdiction;
- (l) comply with the conditions to the consent referred to under 'Common conditions to consent' below and any further requirements relevant to the Non-exempt Offer as specified in the applicable Final Terms;
- (m) make available to each potential Investor in the Non-exempt Offer Notes the Base Prospectus (as supplemented as at the relevant time, if applicable), the applicable Final Terms and any applicable information booklet provided by the Issuer for such purpose, and not convey or publish any information that is not contained in or entirely consistent with this Base Prospectus; and
- (n) if it conveys or publishes any communication (other than the Base Prospectus or any other materials provided to such financial intermediary by or on behalf of the Issuer for the purpose of the relevant Non-exempt Offer) in connection with the relevant Non-exempt Offer, it will ensure that such communication (i) is fair, clear and not misleading and complies with the Rules, (ii) states that such financial intermediary has provided such communication independently of the Issuer, that such financial intermediary is solely responsible for such communication and that none of the Issuer nor the relevant Dealer(s) accept any responsibility for such communication and (iii) does not, without the prior written consent of the Issuer or the relevant Dealer(s) (as applicable), use the legal or publicity names of the Issuer or, respectively, the relevant Dealer(s) or any other name, brand or logo registered by an entity within their respective groups or any material over which any such entity retains a proprietary interest, except to describe the Issuer as issuer of the relevant Non-exempt Offer Notes on the basis set out in this Base Prospectus;
- II. agrees and undertakes to indemnify each of the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) (in each case, on behalf of such entity and its respective directors, officers, employees, agents, affiliates and controlling persons) against any losses, liabilities, costs, claims, charges, expenses, actions or demands (including reasonable costs of investigation and any defence raised thereto and counsel's fees and disbursements associated with any such investigation of defence) which any of them may incur or which may be made against any of them arising out of or in relation to, or in connection with, any breach of any of the foregoing agreements, representations, warranties or undertakings by such financial intermediary, including (without limitation) any unauthorised action by such financial intermediary or failure by such financial intermediary to observe any of the above restrictions or requirements or the making by such financial intermediary of any unauthorised representation or the giving or use by it or any information which has not been authorised for such purposes by the Issuer or the relevant Dealer(s); and

III. agrees and accepts that:

- (a) the contract between the Issuer and the financial intermediary formed upon acceptance by the financial intermediary of the Issuer's offer to use the Base Prospectus with its consent in connection with the relevant Non-exempt Offer (the "Authorised Offeror Contract"), and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with the Authorised Offeror Contract, shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the Netherlands; and
- (b) the competent courts of The Hague, the Netherlands are to have exclusive jurisdiction to settle any disputes which may arise out of or in connection with the Authorised Offeror Contract (including a dispute relating to any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with the Authorised Offeror Contract) and accordingly submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of such courts.

Any financial intermediary falling within sub-paragraph (B) above who wishes to use this Base Prospectus in connection with a Non-exempt Offer is required, for the duration of the relevant Offer Period, to publish on its website the statement (duly completed) specified at paragraph (B)(ii) above.

Common conditions to consent

The conditions to the Issuer's consent are (in addition to the conditions described in paragraph (B) above if paragraph 8(vi) ('General Consent') of Part B of the applicable Final Terms specifies 'General Consent' as 'Applicable') that such consent:

- (a) is only valid in respect of the relevant Tranche of Non-exempt Offer Notes;
- (b) is only valid during the Offer Period specified in the relevant Final Terms; and
- (c) only extends to the use of this Base Prospectus to make Non-exempt Offers of the relevant Tranche of Non-exempt Offer Notes in the Netherlands.

ARRANGEMENTS BETWEEN INVESTORS AND AUTHORISED OFFERORS

AN INVESTOR INTENDING TO ACQUIRE OR ACQUIRING ANY NON-EXEMPT OFFER NOTES IN A NON-EXEMPT OFFER FROM AN AUTHORISED OFFEROR OTHER THAN THE ISSUER WILL DO SO, AND OFFERS AND SALES OF SUCH NON-EXEMPT OFFER NOTES TO AN INVESTOR BY SUCH AUTHORISED OFFEROR WILL BE MADE, IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANY TERMS AND OTHER ARRANGEMENTS IN PLACE BETWEEN SUCH AUTHORISED OFFEROR AND SUCH INVESTOR INCLUDING AS TO PRICE, ALLOCATIONS, EXPENSES AND SETTLEMENT ARRANGEMENTS. THE ISSUER WILL NOT BE A PARTY TO ANY SUCH ARRANGEMENTS WITH SUCH INVESTORS IN CONNECTION WITH THE NON-EXEMPT OFFER OR SALE OF THE NON-EXEMPT OFFER NOTES CONCERNED AND, ACCORDINGLY, THIS BASE PROSPECTUS AND ANY FINAL TERMS WILL NOT CONTAIN SUCH INFORMATION. THE INVESTOR MUST LOOK AT THE RELEVANT AUTHORISED OFFEROR AT THE TIME OF SUCH OFFER FOR THE PROVISION OF SUCH INFORMATION. NEITHER THE ISSUER NOR ANY DEALER (EXCEPT WHERE SUCH DEALER IS THE RELEVANT AUTHORISED OFFEROR) HAS ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY TO AN INVESTOR IN RESPECT OF SUCH INFORMATION.

Non-exempt Offers: Issue Price and Offer Price

Non-exempt Offer Notes to be offered pursuant to a Non-exempt Offer will be issued by the Issuer at the Issue Price specified in the applicable Final Terms. The Issue Price will be determined by the Issuer in consultation with the relevant Dealer(s) at the time of the relevant Non-exempt Offer and will depend, amongst other things, on the interest rate applicable to the Non-exempt Offer Notes and prevailing market conditions at any time. The offer price of such Non-exempt Offer Notes will be the Issue Price or such other price as may be agreed between an Investor and the Authorised Offeror making the offer of the Non-exempt Offer Notes to such Investor. The Issuer will not be party to arrangements between an Investor and an Authorised Offeror, and the Investor will need to look to the relevant Authorised Offeror to confirm the price at which such Authorised Offeror is offering the Non-exempt Offer Notes to such Investor.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following publicly available documents will be filed with the AFM and shall be incorporated in, and form part of, this Base Prospectus:

- (a) the articles of association (*statuten*) of the Issuer in the Dutch and English language;
- (b) only to the extent they apply to Fixed Rate Notes and Floating Rate Notes, the terms and conditions as referred to on pages 43 up to and including 70 of the base prospectus of the Issuer relating to the Programme, dated 18 September 2008 (the "2008 Terms and Conditions");
- (c) only to the extent they apply to Fixed Rate Notes and Floating Rate Notes the terms and conditions as referred to on pages 26 up to and including 50 of the base prospectus of the Issuer relating to the Programme, dated 14 September 2009 (the "2009 Terms and Conditions");
- (d) only to the extent they apply to Fixed Rate Notes and Floating Rate Notes, the terms and conditions as referred to on pages 27 up to and including 50 of the base prospectus of the Issuer relating to the Programme, dated 12 May 2010 (the "2010 Terms and Conditions");
- (e) only to the extent they apply to Fixed Rate Notes and Floating Rate Notes, the terms and conditions as referred to on pages 28 up to and including 52 of the base prospectus of the Issuer relating to the Programme, dated 14 June 2011 (the "2011 Terms and Conditions");
- (f) only to the extent they apply to Fixed Rate Notes and Floating Rate Notes, the terms and conditions as referred to on pages 31 up to and including 55 of the base prospectus of the Issuer relating to the Programme, dated 28 June 2012 (the "2012 Terms and Conditions");
- (g) the terms and conditions as referred to on pages 32 up to and including 57 of the base prospectus of the Issuer relating to the Programme, dated 3 July 2013 (the "**2013 Terms and Conditions**");
- (h) the terms and conditions as referred to on pages 51 up to and including 75 of the base prospectus of the Issuer relating to the Programme, dated 2 June 2014 (the "**2014 Terms and Conditions**"); and
- (i) the publicly available audited annual financial statements of the Issuer for the financial years ended 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2014 (including the independent auditor's reports thereon) (as set out on pages 42 through 121 of the Issuer's 2013 annual report and pages 48 through 127 of the Issuer's 2014 annual report respectively).

The Issuer will provide, without charge, to each person to whom a copy of this Base Prospectus has been delivered, upon the oral or written request of such person, a copy of any or all of the documents which are incorporated herein by reference and any further prospectus or prospectus supplement prepared by the Issuer for the purpose of updating or amending any information contained herein or therein and, where appropriate, English translations of any or all such documents.

Written requests for such documents should be directed to the Issuer at its registered office set out at the end of this Base Prospectus. In addition, such documents will be available free of charge from the office of ABN AMRO Bank N.V., Gustav Mahlerlaan 10, 1082 PP Amsterdam, the Netherlands in its capacity as Paying Agent, and from the principal office in Luxembourg of Banque Internationale à Luxembourg, société anonyme, 69 route d'Esch L-2953 Luxembourg, Luxembourg, in its capacity as Agent (as defined herein).

The Base Prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference herein can also be found at the website https://www.fmo.nl/investor-relations.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Some statements in this Base Prospectus may be deemed to be 'forward-looking statements'. Forward-looking statements include all statements other than historical statements included in this Base Prospectus, including, without limitation, those concerning the FMO's financial position, business strategy, plans, goals and objectives of management for future operations (including development plans and objectives relating to FMO's products) and the assumptions underlying these forward-looking statements. When used in this Base Prospectus (or any supplement hereto), the words 'anticipates', 'estimates', 'expects', 'believes', 'intends', 'plans', 'aims', 'seeks', 'may', 'will', 'should' and any similar expressions generally identify forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of FMO, or industry results to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are based on numerous assumptions regarding FMO's present and future business strategies and the environment in which FMO will operate in the future. The Issuer's risks are more specifically described in the section 'Risk Factors'.

Important factors that could cause FMO's actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements include, among others, changes or downturns in the Dutch economy or the economies in other countries in which FMO conducts business, the impact of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and interest rates and the impact of future regulatory requirements.

These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Base Prospectus. Other than as required by applicable laws and regulations, the rules and regulations of the relevant stock exchange, FMO expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to disseminate after the date of this Base Prospectus any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein to reflect any change in FMO's expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

FORM OF THE NOTES

Each Series or Tranche of Notes will be governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, either the laws of the Netherlands or England as specified in the applicable Final Terms. In this Base Prospectus Notes expressed to be governed by Dutch law are referred to as "**Dutch Law Notes**" and Notes expressed to be governed by English law are referred to as "**English Law Notes**".

Each Series or Tranche of Notes will (unless otherwise specified in the applicable Final Terms) be initially represented by a temporary global Note (a "Temporary Global Note") (or, if so specified in the applicable Final Terms, a permanent global Note (a "Permanent Global Note") and, together with the Temporary Global Note, the "Global Notes" and each a "Global Note"), without Receipts, Coupons or Talons. Each Global Note which is not intended to be issued as an NGN (a CGN), as specified in the relevant Final Terms, will be deposited on the relevant Issue Date either (i) with a common depositary for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg or (ii) with Euroclear Netherlands. Each Global Note which is intended to be issued as a NGN as specified in the relevant Final Terms, will be deposited on or around the relevant Issue Date with a common safekeeper for Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg. Whilst any Note is represented by a Temporary Global Note and subject to TEFRA D selling restrictions (or any successor U.S. Treasury regulation section including, without limitation, regulations issued in accordance with U.S. Internal Revenue Service Notice 2012-20 or otherwise in connection with the U.S. Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act of 2010), payments of principal and interest (if any) due prior to the Exchange Date (as defined below) will be made against presentation of the Temporary Global Note only to the extent that certification (in a form to be provided) to the effect that the beneficial owners of such Note are not U.S. persons or persons who have purchased for resale to any U.S. person, as required by U.S. Treasury regulations, has been received by the relevant clearing system(s) and the relevant clearing system(s) have given a like certification (based on the certifications they have received) to the Agent. Any reference in this section to the relevant clearing system(s) shall mean the clearance and/or settlement system(s) specified in the applicable Final Terms.

On 13 June 2006 the European Central Bank (the "ECB") announced that Notes in NGN form are in compliance with the 'Standards for the use of EU securities settlement systems in ESCB credit operations' of the central banking system for the euro (the "Eurosystem"), provided that certain other criteria are fulfilled. At the same time the ECB also announced that arrangements for Notes in NGN form will be offered by Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg as of 30 June 2006 and that debt securities in global bearer form issued through Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg after 31 December 2006 will only be eligible as collateral for Eurosystem operations if the NGN form is used.

Exchangeability Temporary Global Notes

In respect of each Series or Tranche of Notes for which a Temporary Global Note will be issued, a date on which this Temporary Global Note will become exchangeable (the "Exchange Date") will be determined. Interests in a Temporary Global Note will be exchangeable (free of charge), upon request as described therein, either for interests in a Permanent Global Note without Receipts, Coupons or Talons or for definitive Notes (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) in each case (if the Notes are subject to TEFRA D selling restrictions or any successor U.S. Treasury regulation section including, without limitation, regulations issued in accordance with U.S. Internal Revenue Service Notice 2012-20 or otherwise in connection with the U.S. Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act of 2010) against certification of beneficial ownership as described above unless such certification has already been given, on and after the Exchange Date which is the later of:

- 1. 40 days after the date on which the Temporary Global Note is issued; and
- 2. 40 days after the completion of the distribution of the relevant Series or Tranche, as certified by the relevant Dealer (in the case of a non-syndicated issue) or the relevant lead manager (in the case of a syndicated issue) (the "**Distribution Compliance Period**").

The holder of a Temporary Global Note will not be entitled to collect any payment of interest or principal due on or after the Exchange Date unless, upon due certification, exchange of the Temporary Global Note for an interest in a Permanent Global Note or for definitive Notes is improperly withheld or refused.

Pursuant to the Agency Agreement (as defined under 'Terms and Conditions of the Notes' below) the Agent shall arrange that, where a Temporary Global Note representing a Series or Tranche of Notes is issued, the Notes of such Series or Tranche shall be assigned an ISIN and a common code by Euroclear and Clearstream,

Luxembourg which are different from the ISIN and common code assigned to Notes of any other Tranche of the same Series.

Definitive Notes that are English Law Notes will be in the standard euromarket form. Definitive Notes that are Dutch Law Notes will be in the standard euromarket form. Definitive Notes and Global Notes will be in bearer form.

Payments of principal and interest (if any) on Permanent Global Notes

Payments of principal and interest (if any) on a Permanent Global Note will be made through the relevant clearing system(s) against presentation or surrender (as the case may be) of the Permanent Global Note (if the Permanent Global Note is not intended to be issued in NGN form) without any requirement for certification. A Permanent Global Note will be exchangeable (free of charge), in whole in accordance with the applicable Final Terms for security printed definitive Notes with, where applicable, Receipts, Coupons or Coupon sheets and Talons attached. Such exchange may be made, as specified in the applicable Final Terms, either (i) upon not less than 30 days' written notice being given to the Agent by Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other relevant clearing system (acting on the instructions of any of its participants) as described therein or (ii) only upon the occurrence of any Exchange Event. An "Exchange Event" means (1) the Issuer has been notified that both Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg have been closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of holiday, statutory or otherwise) or have announced an intention permanently to cease business or have in fact done so and no alternative clearing system is available or (2) the Issuer has or will become obliged to pay additional amounts as provided for or referred to in Condition 6 which would not be required were the Notes represented by the Permanent Global Note in definitive form or (3) upon the occurrence of any of the circumstances described in Condition 8. The Issuer will promptly give notice to Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12 upon the occurrence of an Exchange Event as described in (1) or (2) above. In the event of the occurrence of an Exchange Event, Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, acting on the instructions of any holder of an interest in such Permanent Global Note, may give notice to the Agent requesting exchange and in the event of the occurrence of an Exchange Event as described in (2) above, the Issuer may also give notice to the Agent requesting exchange. Any such exchange shall occur no later than 30 days after the date of receipt of the relevant notice by the Agent. Global Notes and definitive Notes will be issued pursuant to the Agency Agreement. At the date hereof, neither Euroclear nor Clearstream, Luxembourg regard Notes in global form as fungible with Notes in definitive form.

In case of Notes represented by a Global Note deposited with Euroclear Netherlands, exchange of such Global Notes for security printed definitive Notes is limited to the circumstances described in Articles 26 and 45 in connection with delivery (*uitlevering*) under the Dutch Securities Giro Transfer Act 1977 (*Wet giraal effectenverkeer*) as amended from time to time.

Applicable legends

The following legend will appear on all Global Notes, definitive Notes, Receipts and Coupons (including Talons) with a maturity of more than 1 year which are subject to TEFRA D selling restrictions (or any successor U.S. Treasury regulation section including, without limitation, regulations issued in accordance with U.S. Internal Revenue Service Notice 2012-20 or otherwise in connection with the U.S. Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act of 2010):

'ANY UNITED STATES PERSON WHO HOLDS THIS OBLIGATION WILL BE SUBJECT TO LIMITATIONS UNDER THE UNITED STATES INCOME TAX LAWS, INCLUDING THE LIMITATIONS PROVIDED IN SECTIONS 165(j) AND 1287(a) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE.'

Notes which are represented by a Global Note will only be transferable in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg or Euroclear Netherlands as the case may be

Any reference herein to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or Euroclear Netherlands shall, whenever the context so permits, be deemed to include a reference to any additional or alternative clearing system specified in the applicable Final Terms.

The following legend will appear on all Global Notes held in Euroclear Netherlands:

'Notice: This Note is issued for deposit with Nederlands Centraal Instituut voor Giraal Effectenverkeer B.V. ("Euroclear Netherlands") at Amsterdam, the Netherlands. Any person being offered this Note for transfer or any other purpose should be aware that theft or fraud is almost certain to be involved.'

Acceleration

A Note may be accelerated by the holder thereof in certain circumstances described in Condition 8 of the Notes. In such circumstances: (a) where any Dutch Law Note is still represented by a Global Note and a holder of such Note so represented and credited to his account with the relevant clearing system(s) (other than Euroclear Netherlands) gives notice that it wishes to accelerate such Note, holders of interests in such Global Note credited to their accounts with the relevant clearing system(s) (other than Euroclear Netherlands) will become entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer on the basis of statements of account provided by the relevant clearing system(s) (other than Euroclear Netherlands) on and subject to the terms of the relevant Global Note; (b) where any English Law Note is still represented by a Global Note, the holder of such Note so represented may give notice that it wishes the Global Note to be exchanged for Notes in definitive form.

Conditions upon exchangeability

Whenever a Global Note is to be exchanged for Notes in definitive form, the Issuer shall procure the prompt delivery (free of charge) of such Notes in definitive form, duly authenticated and with Receipts, Coupons and Talons attached (if so specified in the applicable Final Terms), in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of the Global Note to the bearer of the Global Note against the surrender of the Global Note to or to the order of the Agent within 30 days of the bearer requesting such exchange. If:

- (i) Notes in definitive form have not been delivered by 5.00 p.m. (Luxembourg time) on the thirtieth day after the bearer of a Global Note has duly requested exchange of the Global Note for Notes in definitive form; or
- (ii) a Global Note (or any part of it) has become due and payable in accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Notes or the date for final redemption of the Notes has occurred and, in either case, payment in full of the amount of principal falling due with all accrued interest thereon has not been made to the bearer of the Global Note in accordance with the terms of the Global Note on the due date for payment,

then the Global Note (including the obligation to deliver Notes in definitive form) will become void at 5.00 p.m. (Luxembourg time) on such thirtieth day (in the case of (i) above) or at 5.00 p.m. (Luxembourg time) on such due date (in the case of (ii) above) and the bearer of the Global Note will have no further rights thereunder (but without prejudice to the rights which the bearer of the Global Note or others may have under a deed of covenant dated 17 June 2015 (the "**Deed of Covenant**") executed by the Issuer.

Under the Deed of Covenant, persons shown in the records of the relevant clearing system(s) (other than Euroclear Netherlands) as being entitled to an interest in a Global Note will acquire directly against the Issuer all those rights to which they would have been entitled if, immediately before the Global Note became void, they had been the holders of Notes in definitive form in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of Notes they were shown as holding in the records of the relevant clearing system(s) (other than Euroclear Netherlands).

In the case of a Global Note deposited with Euroclear Netherlands, the rights of Noteholders will be exercised in accordance with the Securities Giro Transfer Act 1977 (*Wet giraal effectenverkeer*) as amended from time to time.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES

The following are the Terms and Conditions of Notes to be issued by the Issuer which will be incorporated by reference into each Global Note and which will be endorsed on (or, if permitted by the rules of the relevant stock exchange or other relevant authority and agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer, incorporated by reference into) each definitive Note in the standard euromarket form. The applicable Final Terms will be endorsed on, incorporated by reference into, or attached to, each Global Note and definitive Note in the standard euromarket form. All capitalised terms that are not defined in these Terms and Conditions will have the meaning given to them in the applicable Final Terms. Reference should be made to 'Form of Final Terms' below for a description of the content of Final Terms which includes the definition of certain terms used in the following Terms and Conditions.

This Note is one of a series of Notes issued by Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V. (the "Issuer") pursuant to the Agency Agreement (as defined below). References herein to the "Notes" shall be references to the Notes of this Series (as defined below) and shall mean (i) in relation to any Notes represented by a temporary global Note (a "Temporary Global Note") or a permanent global Note (a "Permanent Global Note" and together with the Temporary Global Note, the "Global Notes" and each, a "Global Note"), units of the lowest Specified Denomination in the Specified Currency, (ii) definitive Notes issued in exchange for a Global Note and (iii) any Global Note. The Notes, the Receipts (as defined below) and the Coupons (as defined below) are the subject of an amended and restated Agency Agreement dated 17 June 2015 (the "Agency Agreement") between the Issuer, Banque Internationale à Luxembourg as issuing and principal paying agent and agent bank (in such capacity the "Agent", which expression shall include any successor agent) and the other paying agents named therein (together with the Agent, the "Paying Agents", which expression shall include any additional or successor paying agents).

Interest bearing definitive Notes in the standard euromarket form (unless otherwise specified) have interest coupons ("Coupons") and, talons for further Coupons ("Talons") attached on issue. Any reference herein to Coupons or coupons shall, unless the context otherwise requires, be deemed to include a reference to Talons or talons, respectively. Definitive Notes in the standard euromarket form repayable in instalments have receipts ("Receipts") for the payment of the instalments of principal (other than the final instalment) attached on issue. Any reference herein to "Noteholders" shall mean the holders of the Notes, and shall, in relation to any Notes represented by a Global Note, be construed as provided below. Any reference herein to "Receiptholders" shall mean the holders of the Receipts and any reference herein to "Couponholders" shall mean the holders of the Coupons, and shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include the holders of the Talons. Any holders mentioned above include those having a credit balance in the collective deposits held by Nederlands Centraal Instituut voor Giraal Effectenverkeer B.V., formerly known as NECIGEF ("Euroclear Netherlands") or one of its admitted institutions (aangesloten instellingen).

References in these Terms and Conditions to 'Coupons' will include references to such Coupon sheets.

The Final Terms for this Note are endorsed hereon or attached hereto or applicable hereto or incorporated by reference herein and supplement these Terms and Conditions. All capitalised terms that are not defined in these Terms and Conditions will have the meaning given to them in the applicable Final Terms. References herein to the 'applicable Final Terms' are to the Final Terms for this Note.

As used herein, "Tranche" means Notes which are identical in all respects (including as to listing) and "Series" means a Tranche of Notes together with any further Tranche or Tranches of Notes which are (i) expressed to be consolidated and form a single series and (ii) identical in all respects (including as to listing) except for their respective Issue Dates, Interest Commencement Dates and/or Issue Prices from the date on which such consolidation is expressed to take effect.

Copies of the Agency Agreement, the Deed of Covenant and the applicable Final Terms are available at the specified offices of each of the Agent and the other Paying Agents save that a Final Terms relating to an unlisted Note will only be available for inspection by a Noteholder upon such Noteholder producing evidence as to identity satisfactory to the relevant Paying Agent. The Noteholders, the Receiptholders and the Couponholders are deemed to have notice of, and are entitled to the benefit of, all the provisions of the Agency Agreement, the Deed of Covenant and the applicable Final Terms which are binding on them.

Words and expressions defined in the Agency Agreement or used in the applicable Final Terms shall have the same meanings where used in these Terms and Conditions unless the context otherwise requires or unless otherwise stated.

1. Form, Denomination and Title

The Notes are in bearer form and, in the case of definitive Notes, serially numbered, in the Specified Currency and Specified Denomination(s).

This Note is a Fixed Rate Note, a Floating Rate Note, a Zero Coupon Note or, only if the Specified Denomination is at least EUR 100,000, a Dual Currency Interest Note, or a combination of any of the foregoing depending upon the Interest Basis shown in the applicable Final Terms.

This Note may be an Instalment Note, a Partly Paid Note, or, only if the Specified Denomination is at least EUR 100,000, a Dual Currency Redemption Note, or a combination of any of the foregoing, depending on the Redemption/Payment Basis shown in the applicable Final Terms.

Notes in definitive form are issued with Coupons attached, unless they are Zero Coupon Notes in which case references to Coupons and Couponholders in these Terms and Conditions are not applicable.

As set out below, title to the Notes, Receipts and Coupons will pass by delivery. For Notes held by Euroclear Netherlands deliveries will be made in accordance with the Dutch Securities Giro Transfer Act 1977 (Wet giraal effectenverkeer) as amended from time to time. Except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law or applicable regulations, the Issuer, the Agent and any other Paying Agent may deem and treat the bearer of any Note, Receipt or Coupon as the absolute owner thereof (whether or not overdue and notwithstanding any notice of ownership or writing thereon or notice of any previous loss or theft thereof) for all purposes but, in the case of any Global Note, without prejudice to the provisions set out in the next succeeding paragraph.

For so long as any of the Notes is represented by a Global Note held on behalf of Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. ("Euroclear") and/or Clearstream Banking, société anonyme ("Clearstream, Luxembourg"), each person (other than Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg who is for the time being shown in the records of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as the holder of a particular nominal amount of such Notes (in which regard any certificate or other document issued by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as to the nominal amount of Notes standing to the account of any person shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes save in the case of manifest error)) shall be treated by the Issuer and any Paying Agent as the holder of such nominal amount of such Notes for all purposes other than with respect to the payment of principal or interest on the Notes, for which purpose the bearer of the relevant Global Note shall be treated by the Issuer and any Paying Agent as the holder of such Notes in accordance with and subject to the terms of the relevant Global Note (and the expressions "Noteholder" and "holder of Notes" and related expressions shall be construed accordingly). Notes which are represented by a Global Note held by a common depositary in the case of a Classic Global Note ("CGN") as specified in the relevant Final Terms, or a common safekeeper in the case of a New Global Note ("NGN"), as specified in the relevant Final terms, for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg will be transferable only in accordance with the rules and procedures, as amended from time to time, of Euroclear or of Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be.

Any reference in these Terms and Conditions to the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg shall be to the records that each of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg hold for their customers which reflect the amount of such customers' interests in the Notes (but excluding any interest in Notes of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg shown in the records of the other clearing system).

References to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg shall, whenever the context so permits, be deemed to include a reference to any additional or alternative clearing system specified in the applicable Final Terms but shall not include Euroclear Netherlands.

In case of Notes represented by a Global Note deposited with Euroclear Netherlands, exchange of such Global Notes for security printed definitive Notes is limited to the circumstances described in Articles 26 and 45 in connection with delivery (*uitlevering*) under the Dutch Securities Giro Transfer Act 1977 (*Wet giraal effectenverkeer*) as amended from time to time.

In these Terms and Conditions:

"Specified Denomination(s)" means the denomination of the Notes specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

2. Status of the Notes

The Notes and the relative Receipts and Coupons constitute unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer and rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves and with all other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer save for those preferred by mandatory provisions of law.

3. Interest

(a) Interest on Fixed Rate Notes

Each Fixed Rate Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount (or, if it is a Partly Paid Note, the amount paid up) from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date at the rate(s) per annum equal to the Rate(s) of Interest payable in arrear on the Interest Payment Date(s) in each year and on the Maturity Date (if that does not fall on an Interest Payment Date). The amount of interest payable on each Interest Payment Date in respect of the Fixed Interest Period ending on (but excluding) such date will amount to the Fixed Coupon Amount, unless if so specified in the applicable Final Terms, a Broken Amount is specified with respect to a particular Fixed Interest Period, in which case the specified Broken Amount will be payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date. If interest is required to be calculated for a period ending other than on an Interest Payment Date, such interest shall be calculated by applying the Rate of Interest to each Specified Denomination, multiplying such sum by the applicable Fixed Day Count Fraction, and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant Specified Currency, half of any such sub-unit being rounded upwards or otherwise in accordance with applicable market convention.

In these Terms and Conditions:

"Broken Amount" means the amount specified as such in the applicable Final Terms;

"**Determination Date**" means the determination date as specified in the applicable Final Terms;

"**Determination Period**" means each period from (and including) a Determination Date to but excluding the next Determination Date (including, where either the Interest Commencement Date or the final Interest Payment Date is not a Determination Date, the period commencing on the first Determination Date prior to, and ending on the first Determination Date falling after, such date);

"Fixed Coupon Amount" means the amount specified as such in the applicable Final Terms;

"Fixed Day Count Fraction" means in respect of the calculation of an amount of interest in accordance with this Condition 3(a):

- (i) if 'Actual/Actual (ICMA)' is specified in the applicable Final Terms:
 - (a) in the case of Notes where the number of days in the relevant period from (and including) the most recent Interest Payment Date (or, if none, the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the relevant payment date (the "Accrual Period") is equal to or shorter than the Determination Period during which the Accrual Period ends, the number of days in such Accrual Period divided by the product of (1) the number of days in such Determination Period and (2) the number of Determination Dates (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) that would occur in one calendar year; or
 - (b) in the case of Notes where the Accrual Period is longer than the Determination Period during which the Accrual Period ends, the sum of:
 - 1. the number of days in such Accrual Period falling in the Determination Period in which the Accrual Period begins divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Dates (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) that would occur in one calendar year; and
 - 2. the number of days in such Accrual Period falling in the next Determination Period divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the

number of Determination Dates (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) that would occur in one calendar year;

(ii) if '30/360' is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the period from and including the most recent Interest Payment date (or, if none, the Interest Commencement Date) to but excluding the relevant payment date (such number of days being calculated on the basis of 12 30 day months divided by 360.

"Fixed Interest Period" means the period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the next (or first) Interest Payment Date;

"Interest Commencement Date" means the Issue Date unless otherwise specified in the applicable Final Terms;

"Issue Date" means the issue date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms;

"Maturity Date" means the date of maturity of the Notes specified as such in the applicable Final Terms; and

"sub-unit" means, with respect to any currency other than EUR, the lowest amount of such currency and, with respect to Euro, means one Eurocent.

(b) Interest on Floating Rate Notes

(i) Interest Payment Dates

Each Floating Rate Note bears interest on its outstanding nominal amount (or, if it is a Partly Paid Note, the amount paid up) from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date at the rate equal to the Rate of Interest payable in arrears on either:

- A. the Specified Interest Payment Date(s) in each year; or
- B. if no express Specified Interest Payment Date(s) is/are specified in the applicable Final Terms, each date (each an "Interest Payment Date") which falls the number of months or other period specified as the Specified Period in the applicable Final Terms after the preceding Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Payment Date, after the Interest Commencement Date.

Such interest will be payable in respect of each Interest Period (which expression shall, in these Terms and Conditions, mean the period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the next (or first) Interest Payment Date).

If a Business Day Convention is specified in the applicable Final Terms and (x) if there is no numerically corresponding day on the calendar month in which an Interest Payment Date should occur or (y) if any Interest Payment Date would otherwise fall on a day which is not a Business Day, then, if the Business Day Convention specified is:

- in any case where Specified Periods are specified in accordance with Condition 3(b)(i)(B) above, the Floating Rate Convention, such Interest Payment Date (i) in the case of (x) above, shall be the last day that is a Business Day in the relevant month and the provisions of (B) below shall apply mutatis mutandis or (ii) in the case of (y) above, shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event (A) such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day and (B) each subsequent Interest Payment Date shall be the last Business Day in the month which falls the Specified Period after the preceding applicable Interest Payment Date occurred; or
- 2) the Following Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date (or other date) shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day; or
- 3) the Modified Following Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date (or other date) shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the

next calendar month, in which event such Interest Payment Date (or other date) shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day; or

4) the Preceding Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date (or other date) shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day.

In these Terms and Conditions:

"Business Day" means a day which is both:

- a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the relevant place of presentation and any Additional Business Centre specified in the applicable Final Terms; and
- (ii) either (1) in relation to any sum payable in a Specified Currency other than Euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the principal financial centre of the country of the relevant Specified Currency (which if the Specified Currency is Australian dollars shall be Sydney) or (2) in relation to any sum payable in Euro, a day on which the Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer payment system which utilises a single shared platform and which was launched on 19 November 2007 ("TARGET2") is open.

(ii) Rate of Interest

The Rate of Interest payable from time to time in respect of the Floating Rate Notes will be determined in the manner specified in the applicable Final Terms on the following basis:

(A) ISDA Determination For Floating Rate Notes

Where ISDA Determination is specified as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will be the relevant ISDA Rate plus or minus (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any). For the purposes of this subparagraph (A), "ISDA Rate" for an Interest Period means a rate equal to the Floating Rate that would be determined by the Agent under an interest rate swap transaction if the Agent were acting as Calculation Agent for that swap transaction under the terms of an ISDA Master Agreement incorporating the 2000 or 2006 ISDA Definitions as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. and as amended and updated as at the Issue Date of the first Series or Tranche of the Notes (the "ISDA Definitions") and under which:

- (1) the Floating Rate Option is as specified in the applicable Final Terms;
- (2) the Designated Maturity is the period specified in the applicable Final Terms; and
- (3) the relevant Reset Date is either (i) if the applicable Floating Rate Option is based on the London interbank offered rate ("LIBOR") or on the Euro zone interbank offered rate ("EURIBOR"), the first day of that Interest Period.

For the purposes of this subparagraph (b)(ii)(A):

"Floating Rate", "Calculation Agent", "Floating Rate Option", "Designated Maturity" and "Reset Date" have the meanings given to those terms in the ISDA Definitions.

When this subparagraph (A) applies, in respect of each relevant Interest Period the Agent will be deemed to have discharged its obligations under Condition 3(d) in respect of the determination of the Rate of Interest if it has determined the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Period in the manner provided in this subparagraph (A).

In these Terms and Conditions:

"Margin" means the margin applicable to the Notes specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

Market disruption events will be dealt with under the terms set out in the applicable ISDA Definitions.

(B) Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes

Where Screen Rate Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject as provided below, be either:

- (1) the offered quotation for the Reference Rate (if there is only one quotation on the Relevant Screen Page); or
- (2) the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards) of the offered quotations,

(expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rates which appears or appear, as the case may be, on the Relevant Screen Page as at 11.00 a.m. (London time, in the case of LIBOR, or Brussels time, in the case of EURIBOR) on the Interest Determination Date in question plus or minus (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Agent. If five or more such offered quotations are available on the Relevant Screen Page, the highest (or, if there is more than one such highest quotation, one only of such quotations) and the lowest (or, if there is more than one such lowest quotation, one only of such quotations) shall be disregarded by the Agent for the purpose of determining the arithmetic mean (rounded as provided above) of such offered quotations.

If the Relevant Screen Page is not available or if in the case of (1) above, no such offered quotation appears, or in each case of (2) above fewer than three such offered quotations appear, in each case as at the time specified in the preceding paragraph, the Agent shall request each of the Reference Banks to provide the Agent with its offered quotation (expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate at the Specified Time on the Interest Determination Date in question. If two or more of the Reference Banks provide the Agent with such offered quotations, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place with 0.000005 being rounded upwards) of such offered quotations plus or minus (as appropriate) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Agent.

If on any Interest Determination Date one only or none of the Reference Banks provides the Agent with such offered quotations as provided in the preceding paragraph, the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be the rate per annum which the Agent determines as being the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards) of the rates, as communicated to (and at the request of) the Agent by the Reference Banks or any two or more of them, at which such banks were offered, at approximately the Specified Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date, deposits in the Specified Currency for the relevant Interest Period by leading banks in the London inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is LIBOR) or the Euro-zone inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR) plus or minus (as appropriate) the Margin (if any) or, if fewer than two of the Reference Banks provide the Agent with such offered rates, the offered rate for deposits in the Specified Currency for the relevant Interest Period, or the arithmetic mean (rounded as provided above) of the offered rates for deposits in the Specified Currency for the relevant Interest Period, at which, at approximately the Specified Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date, any one or more banks (which bank or banks is or are in the opinion of the Issuer suitable for such purpose) informs the Agent it is quoting to leading banks in the London inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is LIBOR) or the Euro-zone inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR) plus or minus (as appropriate) the Margin (if any), provided that, if the Rate of Interest cannot be determined in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, the Rate of Interest shall be determined as at the last preceding Interest Determination Date (though substituting, where a different Margin is to be applied to the relevant Interest Period from that which applied to the last preceding Interest Period, the Margin relating to the relevant Interest Period, in place of the Margin relating to that last preceding Interest Period).

For the purposes of this subparagraph (b)(ii)(B)(2):

"Interest Determination Date" means the interest determination date as specified in the applicable Final Terms;

"Reference Banks" means, in the case of a determination of LIBOR, the principal London office of four major banks in the London inter-bank market and, in the case of a determination of EURIBOR, the principal Euro-zone office of four major banks in the Euro-zone inter-bank market, in each case selected by the Agent;

"Reference Rate" means the rate specified as such in the applicable Final Terms, being either LIBOR or EURIBOR;

"Relevant Screen Page" means such page, section, caption or column or other part of a particular information service as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms; and

"**Specified Time**" means 11.00 a.m. (London time, in the case of a determination of LIBOR, or Brussels Time, in the case of a determination of EURIBOR).

(c) Minimum Rate of Interest and/or Maximum Rate of Interest

If the applicable Final Terms specify a Minimum Rate of Interest for any Interest Period, then, in the event that the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Period is determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c) above is less than such Minimum Rate of Interest, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be such Minimum Rate of Interest.

If the applicable Final Terms specify a Maximum Rate of Interest for any Interest Period, then, in the event that the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Period is determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c) above is greater than such Maximum Rate of Interest, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be such Maximum Rate of Interest.

For the purposes of this paragraph (c):

"Maximum Rate of Interest" means the maximum rate of interest specified as such in the applicable Final Terms; and

"Minimum Rate of Interest" means the minimum rate of interest specified as such in the applicable Final Terms or if no such rate is state the minimum rate of interest shall be deemed zero.

(d) Determination of Rate of Interest and Calculation of Interest Amounts

The Agent, in the case of Floating Rate Notes will at or as soon as practicable after each time at which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, determine the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period.

The Agent will calculate the amount of interest (the "Interest Amount") payable on the Floating Rate Notes in respect of each Specified Denomination for the relevant Interest Period. Each Interest Amount shall be calculated by applying the Rate of Interest to each Specified Denomination, multiplying such sum by the applicable Floating Day Count Fraction, and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest subunit of the relevant Specified Currency, half of any such sub-unit being rounded upwards or otherwise in accordance with applicable market convention.

"Floating Day Count Fraction" means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of interest for any Interest Period in accordance with Condition 3(d):

(i) if 'Actual/365' or 'Actual/Actual' is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Interest Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (A) the actual number of days in that portion of the Interest Period falling in a

leap year divided by 366 and (B) the actual number of days in that portion of the Interest Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);

- (ii) if 'Actual/365 (Fixed)' is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365;
- (iii) if 'Actual/365 (GBP)' is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365 or, in the case of an Interest Payment Date falling in a leap year, 366:
- (iv) if 'Actual/360' is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360;
- (v) if '30/360', '360/360' or 'Bond Basis' is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360 (the number of days to be calculated on the basis of a year of 360 days with 12 30 day months (unless (a) the last day of the Interest Period is the 31st day of a month but the first day of the Interest Period is a day other than the 30th or 31st day of a month, in which case the month that includes that last day shall not be considered to be shortened to a 30 day month or (b) the last day of the Interest Period is the last day of the month of February in which case the month of February shall not be considered to be lengthened to a 30 day month)); and
- (vi) if '30E/360' or 'Eurobond Basis' is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360 (the number of days to be calculated on the basis of a year of 360 days with 12 30 day months, without regard to the date of the first day or last day of the Interest Period unless, in the case of an Interest Period ending on the Maturity Date the Maturity Date is the last day of the month of February, in which case the month of February shall not be considered to be lengthened to a 30 day month).

(e) Notification of Rate of Interest and Interest Amounts

The Agent will cause the Rate of Interest and each Interest Amount for each Interest Period and the relevant Interest Payment Date to be notified to the Issuer and any stock exchange on which the relevant Floating Rate Notes are for the time being listed and admitted to trading and notice thereof to be published in accordance with Condition 12 as soon as possible after their determination but in no event later than the fourth London Business Day thereafter. Each Rate of Interest, Interest Amount and Interest Payment Date so notified may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without prior notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Interest Period. Any such amendment will be promptly notified to each stock exchange on which the relevant Floating Rate Notes are for the time being listed and admitted to trading and to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12.

For the purposes of this paragraph (e):

"London Business Day" means a day (other than a Saturday or a Sunday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for business in London.

(f) Certificates to be Final

All certificates, communications, opinions, determinations, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained for the purposes of the provisions of this Condition 3, whether by the Agent or, if applicable, the Calculation Agent, shall (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) be binding on the Issuer, the Agent, the Calculation Agent, if applicable, the other Paying Agents and all Noteholders, Receiptholders and Couponholders and (in the absence as aforesaid) no liability to the Issuer, the Noteholders, the Receiptholders or the Couponholders shall attach to the Agent or the Calculation Agent, if applicable, in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by it of its powers, duties and discretions pursuant to such provisions.

(g) Interest on Dual Currency Interest Notes

In the case of Dual Currency Notes payments (whether in of principal or interest and whether at maturity or otherwise) will be made in such currencies, and based on such rates of exchange, as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms.

(h) Interest on Partly Paid Notes

In the case of Partly Paid Notes and absent failure to pay any Instalment Amount due on any Partly Paid Note, interest will accrue as aforesaid on the paid up nominal amount of such Notes..

(i) Accrual of Interest

Each Note (or in the case of the redemption of part only of a Note, that part only of such Note) will cease to bear interest (if any) from the date of its redemption unless, upon due presentation thereof, payment of principal is improperly withheld or refused. In such event, interest will continue to accrue until whichever is the earlier of:

- (1) the date on which all amounts due in respect of such Note have been paid; and
- (2) five days after the date on which the full amount of the moneys payable has been received by the Agent and notice to that effect has been given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12 or individually.

(j) Change of Interest Basis Option

If "Change of Interest Basis Option" is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the Issuer may, subject to notification to Euronext in Amsterdam, the Luxembourg Stock Exchange or the London Stock Exchange (if the Notes are being listed on such stock exchange) and having given:

- (1) notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12; and
- (2) notice to the Agent,

not less than the number of Business Days equal to the Interest Basis Option Period (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) prior to the date on which the Change of Interest Basis Option shall be effective (both of which notices shall be irrevocable) exercising the Change of Interest Basis Option upon which the Interest Basis of the Notes shall change from the Initial Interest Basis (which shall cease to apply) to the Subsequent Interest Basis (which shall commence to apply), effective as of the Change of Interest Basis Option Date (as specified in the applicable Final Terms) immediately following the date on which the notice referred to above is given.

For the purposes of this paragraph (j):

"Initial Interest Basis" means the initial interest basis applicable on the Issue Date as specified in the applicable Final Terms; and

"Subsequent Interest Basis" means the interest basis specified as such in the applicable Final Terms that shall commence to apply from and including the Change of Interest Basis Option Date (as specified in the applicable Final Terms).

4. Payments

(a) Method of Payment

Subject as provided below:

(i) payments in a Specified Currency other than Euro will be made by transfer to an account in the relevant Specified Currency (which, in the case of a payment in Japanese yen to a non-resident of Japan, shall be a non-resident account) maintained by the payee with, or by a cheque in such Specified Currency drawn on, a bank in the principal financial centre of the country of such

Specified Currency (which, if the Specified Currency is Australian dollars, shall be Sydney provided, however, that no payment will be made by transfer to an account in, or by cheque mailed to an address in, the United States or any of its possessions); and

(ii) payments in Euro will be made by credit or transfer to a Euro account (or any other account to which Euro may be credited or transferred) specified by the payee or, at the option of the payee, by a Euro cheque provided, however, that no payment will be made by transfer to an account in, or by cheque mailed to an address in, the United States or any of its possessions.

Payments will be subject in all cases to (i) fiscal or other laws and regulations in the place of payment, but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 6, and (ii) any withholding or deduction required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the Revenue Code or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Revenue Code, any regulations or agreements thereunder, any official interpretations thereof, or (without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 6) any law implementing an intergovernmental approach thereto.

(b) Presentation of Notes, Receipts and Coupons

Payments of principal in respect of definitive Notes will (subject as provided below) be made in the manner provided in paragraph (a) above only against surrender of definitive Notes, and payments of interest in respect of definitive Notes will (subject as provided below) be made as aforesaid only against surrender of Coupons, in each case at the specified office of any Paying Agent (in the case of any payments to be made in U.S. Dollars, outside the United States).

Payments of instalments of principal (if any), other than the final instalment, will (subject as provided below) be made in the manner provided in paragraph (a) above against presentation and surrender of the relevant Receipt. Payment of the final instalment will be made in the manner provided in paragraph (a) above against surrender of the relevant Note. Each Receipt must be presented for payment of the relevant instalment together with the definitive Note to which it appertains. Receipts presented without the definitive Note to which they appertain do not constitute valid obligations of the Issuer. Upon the date on which any definitive Note becomes due and repayable, unmatured Receipts (if any) relating thereto (whether or not attached) shall become void and no payment shall be made in respect thereof.

Fixed Rate Notes in definitive form (other than Dual Currency Notes and Long Maturity Notes (as defined below)) should be presented for payment together with all unmatured Coupons appertaining thereto (which expression shall for this purpose include Coupons falling to be issued on exchange of matured Talons), failing which the amount of any missing unmatured Coupon (or, in the case of payment not being made in full, the same proportion of the amount of such missing unmatured Coupon as the sum so paid bears to the sum due) will be deducted from the sum due for payment. Each amount of principal so deducted will be paid in the manner mentioned above against surrender of the relative missing Coupon at any time before the expiry of five years after the date on which such principal first became due (whether or not such Coupon would otherwise have become void under Condition 8) or, if later, five years from the date on which such Coupon would otherwise have become due. Upon any Fixed Rate Note becoming due and repayable prior to its Maturity Date, all unmatured Receipts and Talons (if any) appertaining thereto will become void and no payments in respect of any such Receipts and no further Coupons in respect of any such Talons will be made or issued, as the case may be. Upon the date on which any Floating Rate Note, Dual Currency Note or Long Maturity Note in definitive form becomes due and repayable, unmatured Receipts, Coupons and Talons (if any) relating thereto (whether or not attached) shall become void and no payment or, as the case may be, exchange for further Coupons shall be made in respect thereof. Where any such Note is presented for redemption without all unmatured Receipts, Coupons or Talons relating to it, redemption shall be made only against the provision of such indemnity as the Issuer may require.

A "Long Maturity Note" is a Fixed Rate Note (other than a Fixed Rate Note which on issue had a Talon attached) whose nominal amount on issue is less than the aggregate interest payable thereon **provided that** such Note shall cease to be a Long Maturity Note on the Interest Payment Date on which the aggregate amount of interest remaining to be paid after that date is less than the nominal amount of such Note.

If the due date for redemption of any definitive Note is not an Interest Payment Date, interest (if any) accrued in respect of such Note from (and including) the preceding Interest Payment Date or, as the

case may be, the Interest Commencement Date shall be payable only against surrender of the relevant definitive Note.

Payments of principal and interest (if any) in respect of Notes represented by any Global Note will (subject as provided below) be made in the manner specified above in relation to definitive Notes and otherwise in the manner specified in the relevant Global Note against presentation or surrender, as the case may be, of such Global Note to or to the order of any Paying Agent. A record of each payment made against presentation or surrender of such Global Note, distinguishing between any payment of principal and any payment of interest, will in case of a CGN be made on such Global Note by such Paying Agent and such record shall be *prima facie* evidence that the payment in question has been made and in case of an NGN *pro rata* in the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

The holder of a Global Note shall be the only person entitled to receive payments in respect of Notes represented by such Global Note and the Issuer will be discharged by payment to, or to the order of, the holder of such Global Note in respect of each amount so paid. Each of the persons shown in the records of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as the beneficial holder of a particular nominal amount of Notes represented by such Global Note must look solely to Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, for his share of each payment so made by the Issuer to, or to the order of, the holder of such Global Note. No person other than the holder of such Global Note shall have any claim against the Issuer in respect of any payments due on that Global Note.

In the case of Global Notes held by Euroclear Netherlands, payment of interest or principal or any other payments on or in respect of the Notes to the Noteholders will be effected through admitted institutions (aangesloten instellingen) of Euroclear Netherlands. The Issuer shall deposit or cause to be deposited the funds intended for payment on the Notes in an account of Euroclear Netherlands. The Issuer will by such deposit be discharged of its obligations towards the Noteholders. No person other than the holder of the Global Note shall have any claim against the Issuer in respect of any payments due on that Global Note. Euroclear Netherlands will be discharged of its obligation to pay by paying the relevant funds to the admitted institutions of Euroclear Netherlands which according to Euroclear Netherlands' record hold a share in the girodepot with respect to such Notes, the relevant payment to be made in proportion to the share in such girodepot held by each of such admitted institution of Euroclear Netherlands. Euroclear Netherlands shall not be obliged to make any payment in excess of funds it actually received as funds free of charges of any kind whatsoever.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, U.S. Dollar payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes will be made at the specified office of a Paying Agent in the United States (which expression, as used herein, means the United States of America (including the States and the District of Columbia, its territories, its possessions and other areas subject to its jurisdiction)) if:

- (i) the Issuer has appointed Paying Agents with specified offices outside the United States with the reasonable expectation that such Paying Agents would be able to make payment in U.S. Dollars at such specified offices outside the United States of the full amount of principal and interest on the Notes in the manner provided above when due;
- (ii) payment of the full amount of such interest at all such specified offices outside the United States is illegal or effectively precluded by exchange controls or other similar restrictions on the full payment or receipt of principal and interest in U.S. Dollars; and
- (iii) such payment is then permitted under United States law without involving, in the opinion of the Issuer, adverse tax consequences to the Issuer.

(c) Payment Day

If the date for payment of any amount in respect of any Note, Receipt or Coupon is not a Payment Day, the holder thereof shall not be entitled to payment until the next following Payment Day in the relevant place and shall not be entitled to further interest or other payment in respect of such delay.

For these purposes, "Payment Day" means any day (subject to Condition 7) which is:

(i) a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in (1) in

case of Notes in definitive form only, the relevant place of presentation and (2) any Additional Financial Centre; and

(ii) either (1) in relation to any sum payable in a Specified Currency other than Euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the principal financial centre of the country of the relevant Specified Currency (which, if the Specified Currency is Australian dollars, shall be Sydney) or (2) in relation to any sum payable in Euro, a day on which the TARGET2 is open.

For the purposes of this paragraph (c):

"Additional Financial Centre" means any financial centre specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

(d) Interpretation of Principal and Interest

Any reference in these Terms and Conditions to principal in respect of the Notes shall be deemed to include, as applicable:

- (i) any additional amounts which may be payable with respect to principal under Condition 6;
- (ii) the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes;
- (iii) the Early Redemption Amount of the Notes;
- (iv) the Optional Redemption Amount(s) (if any) of the Notes;
- (v) in relation to Instalment Notes, the Instalment Amounts;
- (vi) in relation to Zero Coupon Notes, the Amortised Face Amount; and
- (vii) any premium and any other amounts which may be payable by the Issuer under or in respect of the Notes.

Any reference in these Terms and Conditions to interest in respect of the Notes shall be deemed to include, as applicable, any additional amounts which may be payable with respect to interest under Condition 6.

In these Terms and Conditions:

"Amortised Face Amount" has the meaning specified in Condition 5(e)(iii);

"Instalment Amount(s)" means the amount(s) specified as such in the applicable Final Term; and

"**Optional Redemption Amount(s)**" means an amount specified as such in the applicable Final Terms, and if no such amount is specified, the nominal amount of such Note.

5. Redemption and Purchase

(a) At Maturity

Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled as specified below, each Note will be redeemed by the Issuer at its Final Redemption Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms in the relevant Specified Currency on the Maturity Date (in the case of a Note other than a Floating Rate Note) or on the Interest Payment Date falling in the month of redemption (in the case of a Floating Rate Note) or by instalments in the Instalment Amount(s) and on the Instalment Date(s) specified in the applicable Final Terms (in the case of a Note redeemable in instalments).

In these Terms and Conditions:

"Instalment Date(s)" means the date(s) specified as such in the applicable Final Terms.

(b) Redemption for Tax Reasons

If this Condition 5(b) is applicable, Notes may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part, at any time (in the case of Notes other than Floating Rate Notes) or on any Interest Payment Date (in the case of Floating Rate Notes), on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12 (which notice shall be irrevocable) if, on the occasion of the next payment due under the Notes, the Issuer has or will become obliged to pay additional amounts as provided or referred to in Condition 6 as a result of any change in, or amendment to, the laws or regulations of the Netherlands or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, or any change in the application or official interpretation of such laws or regulations, which change or amendment becomes effective on or after the Issue Date of the first Series or Tranche of the Notes. Each Note redeemed pursuant to this Condition 5(b) will be redeemed at its Early Redemption Amount referred to in paragraph (e) below together (if appropriate) with interest accrued to (but excluding) the date of redemption.

(c) Redemption at the Option of the Issuer (Issuer Call Option)

If Issuer Call Option is specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Issuer may, having given:

- (i) not less than 15 nor more than 30 days' notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12; and
- (ii) not less than 15 days before the giving of the notice referred to in (i), notice to the Agent,

(both of which notices shall be irrevocable), redeem all or some only of the Notes then outstanding on the Optional Redemption Date(s) and at the Optional Redemption Amount(s) specified in the applicable Final Terms together, if appropriate, with interest accrued to (but excluding) the Optional Redemption Date(s).

Any such redemption must be of a nominal amount not less than the Minimum Redemption Amount or greater than the Maximum Redemption Amount, both as specified in the applicable Final Terms. In the case of a partial redemption of Notes, the Notes to be redeemed ("Redeemed Notes") will be selected individually by lot, in the case of Redeemed Notes represented by definitive Notes, and in accordance with the rules of Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg (to be reflected in the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg as either a pool factor or a reduction in principal amount, at their discretion) and/or Euroclear Netherlands, in the case of Redeemed Notes represented by a Global Note, not more than 30 days prior to the date fixed for redemption (such date of selection being hereinafter called the "Selection Date"). In the case of Redeemed Notes represented by definitive Notes, a list of the serial numbers of such Redeemed Notes will be published in accordance with Condition 12 not less than 15 days prior to the date fixed for redemption. The aggregate nominal amount of Redeemed Notes represented by definitive Notes shall bear the same proportion to the aggregate nominal amount of all Redeemed Notes as the aggregate nominal amount of definitive Notes outstanding bears to the aggregate nominal amount of the Notes outstanding, in each case on the Selection Date, provided that such first mentioned nominal amount shall, if necessary, be rounded downwards to the nearest integral multiple of the Specified Denomination, and the aggregate nominal amount of Redeemed Notes represented by a Global Note shall be equal to the balance of the Redeemed Notes. No exchange of the relevant Global Note will be permitted during the period from and including the Selection Date to and including the date fixed for redemption pursuant to this sub paragraph (c) and notice to that effect shall be given by the Issuer to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12 at least 5 days prior to the Selection Date.

In these Terms and Conditions:

"Optional Redemption Date(s)" means, if specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms, the date(s) designated and notified by the Issuer to the Noteholders (in the event an Issuer Call Option is applicable) or by the Noteholders to the Issuer (in the event an Investor Put Option is applicable).

(d) Redemption at the Option of the Noteholders (Investor Put Option)

If Investor Put Option is specified in the applicable Final Terms, upon the holder of any Note giving to the Issuer in accordance with Condition 12 not less than 15 nor more than 30 days' notice or such other period of notice as is specified in the applicable Final Terms (which notice shall be irrevocable), the Issuer will, upon the expiry of such notice, redeem in whole (but not in part), such Note on the Optional Redemption Date and at the Optional Redemption Amount specified in the applicable Final Terms together, if appropriate, with interest accrued to (but excluding) the Optional Redemption Date.

If this Note is in definitive form and held outside Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg or, if applicable, Euroclear Netherlands, to exercise the right to require redemption of this Note its holder must deliver at the specified office of any Paying Agent at any time during normal business hours of such Paying Agent falling within the notice period a duly signed and completed notice of exercise in the form (for the time being current) obtainable from any specified office of any Paying Agent (a "Put Notice") and in which the holder must specify a bank account (or, if payment is by cheque, an address) to which payment is to be made under this Condition accompanied by this Note or evidence satisfactory to the Paying Agent concerned that this Note will, following delivery of the Put Notice, be held to its order or under its control.

If this Note is represented by a Global Note or is in definitive form and held through Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or, if applicable, Euroclear Netherlands, to exercise the right to require redemption of this Note the holder of this Note must, within the notice period, give notice to the Agent of such exercise in accordance with the standard procedures of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, or, if applicable, Euroclear Netherlands (which may include notice being given on his instruction by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or any common depositary for them or, if applicable, Euroclear Netherlands, to the Agent by electronic means) in a form acceptable to Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg or, if applicable, Euroclear Netherlands, from time to time and, if this Note is represented by a Global Note which is a CGN, at the same time present or procure the presentation of the relevant Global Note to the Agent for notation accordingly. If this Note is represented by a Global Note which is a NGN, upon the exercise of an Investor Put Option, the Agent shall instruct Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg or any common safekeeper for them to update their records as applicable.

Any Put Notice given by a holder of any Note pursuant to this paragraph shall be irrevocable except where prior to the due date of redemption an Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing in which event such holder, at its option, may elect by notice to the Issuer to withdraw the notice given pursuant to this paragraph and instead to declare such Note forthwith due and payable pursuant to Condition 8.

(e) Early Redemption Amounts

For the purpose of paragraph (b) above and Condition 8, each Note will be redeemed at its Early Redemption Amount calculated as follows:

- (i) in the case of a Note with a Final Redemption Amount equal to the Issue Price, at the Final Redemption Amount thereof; or
- (ii) in the case of a Note (other than a Zero Coupon Note but including an Instalment Note and Partly Paid Note) with a Final Redemption Amount which is or may be less or greater than the Issue Price or which is payable in a Specified Currency other than that in which the Notes are denominated, at its nominal amount; or
- (iii) in the case of a Zero Coupon Note, at an amount (the "**Amortised Face Amount**") calculated in accordance with the following formula:

Early Redemption Amount = Reference Price *(1 + AY)y

where:

"Reference Price" means the reference price as specified in the applicable Final Terms;

"AY" means the Accrual Yield expressed as a decimal; and

"y" is a fraction the numerator of which is equal to the number of days (calculated on the basis of the Day Count Fraction specified in the applicable Final Terms, or if none is specified in the applicable Final Terms, a 360 day year consisting of 12 months of 30 days each) from (and including) the Issue Date of the first Series or Tranche of the Notes to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption or (as the case may be) the date upon which such Note becomes due and repayable and the denominator of which is calculated on the basis of the Day Count Fraction specified in the applicable Final Terms, or if none is specified in the applicable Final Terms, 360.

(f) Instalments

Instalment Notes will be repaid in the Instalment Amount(s) and on the Instalment Date(s). In case of early redemption, the Early Redemption Amount will be determined pursuant to Condition 5(e) above.

(g) Partly Paid Notes

If the Notes are Partly Paid Notes, they will be redeemed, whether at Maturity, early redemption or otherwise at the paid-up nominal amount of such Notes.

(h) Purchases

The Issuer or any of its subsidiaries may at any time purchase Notes (provided that, in the case of definitive Notes, all unmatured Receipts, Coupons and Talons appertaining thereto are purchased therewith) at any price in the open market or otherwise. Such Notes may be held, re-issued, resold or, at the option of the purchaser, surrendered to any Paying Agent for cancellation.

(i) Cancellation

All Notes which are redeemed will forthwith be cancelled (together with all unmatured Receipts and Coupons attached thereto or surrendered therewith at the time of redemption). All Notes so cancelled and the Notes purchased and cancelled pursuant to paragraph (h) above (together with all unmatured Receipts and Coupons cancelled therewith) shall be forwarded to the Agent and cannot be re-issued or resold.

(j) Late Payment on Zero Coupon Notes

If the amount payable in respect of any Zero Coupon Note upon redemption of such Zero Coupon Note pursuant to paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) above or upon its becoming due and repayable as provided in Condition 8 is improperly withheld or refused, the amount due and repayable in respect of such Zero Coupon Note shall be the amount calculated as provided in paragraph (e)(iii) above as though the references therein to the date fixed for the redemption or the date upon which such Zero Coupon Note becomes due and payable were replaced by references to the date which is the earlier of:

- (i) the date on which all amounts due in respect of such Zero Coupon Note have been paid; and
- (ii) five days after the date on which the full amount of the moneys payable has been received by the Agent and notice to that effect has been given to the Noteholders, in accordance with Condition 12.

6. Taxation

All payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes, Receipts, Talons and Coupons by the Issuer will be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of any present or future taxes or duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed or levied by or on behalf of the Netherlands or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In such event, the Issuer will depending on which provision is specified in the applicable Final Terms either:

- (a) make the required withholding or deduction of such taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges for the account of the holders of the Notes, Receipts, Talons or Coupons, as the case may be, and shall not pay any additional amounts to the holders of the Notes, Receipts, Talons or Coupons; or
- (b) pay such additional amounts as shall be necessary in order that the net amounts received by the holders of the Notes, Receipts, Talons or Coupons after such withholding or deduction shall equal the respective amounts of principal and interest which would otherwise have been receivable in respect of the Notes, Receipts, Talons or Coupons, as the case may be, in the absence of such withholding or deduction; except that no such additional amounts shall be payable with respect to any Note, Receipt, Talon or Coupon:
 - (i) presented for payment by or on behalf of a Noteholder, Receiptholder or Couponholder who is liable for such taxes or duties in respect of such Note, Receipt or Coupon by reason of his having some connection with the Netherlands other than the mere holding of such Note, Receipt or Coupon or the receipt of principal or interest in respect thereof; or
 - (ii) presented for payment by or on behalf of a Noteholder, Receiptholder or Couponholder who could avoid such withholding or deduction by making a declaration of non-residence or other similar claim for exemption to the relevant tax authority; or
 - (iii) presented for payment more than 30 days after the Relevant Date (as defined below) except to the extent that the holder thereof would have been entitled to an additional amount on presenting the same for payment on such thirtieth day (assuming that day to have been a Payment Day (as defined in Condition 4(c)); or
 - (iv) where such withholding or deduction is imposed on a payment to an individual or a residual entity if such deduction or withholding is required to be made pursuant to a directive or regulation of the European Union relating to the taxation of interest income or an inter-governmental agreement on its taxation in which the Netherlands or the European Union is involved or any provision implementing or complying with or introduced in order to conform to such directive, regulation or agreement (together, the "EU Directive"); or
 - (v) presented for payment by or on behalf of a Noteholder, Receiptholder or Couponholder who would have been able to avoid such withholding or deduction by presenting the relevant Note, Receipt, Talon or Coupon to another Paying Agent in a Member State of the European Union

For the avoidance of doubt, no additional amounts will be paid by the Issuer, any Paying Agent or any other person on account of any deduction or withholding from a payment on, or in respect of, the Notes, Receipts, Talons or Coupons where such deduction or withholding is required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the Revenue Code or otherwise imposed pursuant to sections 1471 through 1474 of the Revenue Code, any regulations thereunder, any official interpretations thereof, any intergovernmental agreement with respect thereto or any law implementing, or relating to, an intergovernmental agreement ("FATCA").

For the purposes of this Condition 6:

"Relevant Date" means the date on which such payment first becomes due, except that, if the full amount of the moneys payable has not been duly received by the Agent on or prior to such due date, it means the date on which, the full amount of such moneys having been so received, notice to that effect is duly given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12.

7. Prescription

The Notes, Receipts and Coupons will be prescribed unless presented for payment within a period of five years starting on the day following the date on which such payment first becomes due.

There shall not be included in any Coupon sheet issued on exchange of a Talon any Coupon the claim for payment in respect of which would be void pursuant to this Condition or Condition 4(b) or any Talon which would be void pursuant to Condition 4(b).

8. Events of Default

If any one or more of the following events (each an "Event of Default") shall have occurred and be continuing:

- (a) default is made for more than 14 days in the payment of interest or principal in respect of the Notes; or
- (b) the Issuer fails to perform or observe any of its other obligations under the Notes and such failure has continued for the period of 30 days following the service on the Issuer of notice requiring the same to be remedied; or
- (c) any other loan or debt of the Issuer or a Material Subsidiary, in each case having an outstanding aggregate principal amount of at least USD 7,500,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency), shall become due and payable prior to the stated maturity thereof following a default or any security therefore becomes enforceable or the Issuer or a Material Subsidiary fails to make repayment of any such loan or debt at the maturity thereof or at the expiration of any grace period originally applicable thereto or any guarantee of any loan, debt or other moneys given by the Issuer or a Material Subsidiary shall not be honoured when due and called upon; or
- (d) any order is made by any competent court or resolution passed for the winding up or dissolution of the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries save either (a) for the purposes of reorganisation on terms approved by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders (as defined in Condition 13) or (b) in the case of a Material Subsidiary, a solvent winding up where all (or substantially all) of the assets of such Material Subsidiary are vested in the Issuer or another Material Subsidiary or (c) in the case of the Issuer in connection with a reorganisation under which the continuing entity effectively assumes all the rights and obligations of the Issuer; or
- (e) the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries is or is deemed unable to pay its debts pursuant to or for the purposes of any applicable law in its jurisdiction of incorporation or is declared bankrupt, or is granted a suspension of payment (*surséance van betaling*); or
- (f) the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries ceases or threatens to cease to carry on the whole or a substantial part of its business; or
- (g) the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries stops or threatens to stop payment of, or is unable to, or admits inability to, pay its debts (or any class of its debts) as they fall due; or
- (h) any of the following events:
 - (i) proceedings are initiated against the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries under any applicable liquidation, insolvency, composition, reorganisation or other similar laws; or
 - (ii) an application is made for the appointment of an administrative or other receiver, manager, administrator or other similar official, or an administrative or other receiver, manager, administrator or other similar official is appointed in relation to the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries or, as the case may be, in relation to the whole or a material part of the undertaking or assets of any of them; or
 - (iii) an encumbrancer takes possession of the whole or a material part of the undertaking or assets of the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries; or
 - (iv) a distress, execution, attachment, sequestration or other process is levied, enforced upon, sued out or put in force against the whole or a material part of the undertaking or assets of the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries;

and in any case (other than the appointment of an administrator) is not discharged within 30 days; or

(i) if the Issuer or any of its Material Subsidiaries initiates or consents to judicial proceedings relating to itself under any applicable liquidation, insolvency, composition, reorganisation or other similar laws or makes a conveyance or assignment for the benefit of, or enters into any composition or other arrangement with, its creditors generally (or any class of its creditors) or any meeting is convened to

consider a proposal for an arrangement or composition with its creditors generally (or any class of its creditors),

then any Noteholder may, by written notice to the Issuer at the specified office of the Agent, effective upon the date of receipt thereof by the Agent, declare the Note held by the holder to be forthwith due and payable whereupon the same shall become forthwith due and payable at its Early Redemption Amount (as described in Condition 5(e)), together with accrued Interest (if any) to the date of repayment, without presentment, demand, protest or other notice of any kind.

For the purposes of this Condition 8:

"Consolidated Accounts" means the annual consolidated accounts of the Issuer and the Consolidated Subsidiaries prepared in accordance with IFRS;

"Consolidated Subsidiary" means every subsidiary the accounts of which were in the latest Consolidated Accounts, or should, in the written opinion of the Auditors given following a request from the Issuer (to which request the Issuer shall ensure that the Auditors shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, reply), be in the next Consolidated Accounts, consolidated with those of the Issuer; and

"Material Subsidiary" means any Consolidated Subsidiary whose total assets, as shown by the accounts of such Consolidated Subsidiary, based upon which the latest Consolidated Accounts (as so defined) have been made up, is not less than five per cent. of the total assets of the Issuer and its Consolidated Subsidiaries as shown by such Consolidated Accounts. A report by the Auditors that in their opinion a subsidiary is or is not a Material Subsidiary shall, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive and binding on the Issuer, the Noteholders, the Receiptholders and the Couponholders.

9. Replacement of Notes, Receipts, Coupons and Talons

Should any Note, Receipt, Coupon or Talon be lost, stolen, mutilated, defaced or destroyed, it may be replaced at the specified office of the Agent upon payment by the claimant of such costs and expenses as may be incurred in connection therewith and on such terms as to evidence and indemnity as the Issuer may reasonably require. Mutilated or defaced Notes, Receipts, Coupons or Talons must be surrendered before replacements will be issued.

10. Agent and Paying Agents

The names of the initial Agent and the other initial Paying Agents and their initial specified offices are set out in this Base Prospectus.

The Issuer is entitled to vary or terminate the appointment of any Paying Agent and/or appoint additional or other Paying Agents and/or approve any change in the specified office through which any Paying Agent acts, **provided that**:

- (a) so long as the Notes are listed and admitted to trading on any stock exchange or by any other relevant authority, there will at all times be a Paying Agent with a specified office in such place as may be required by the rules and regulations of the relevant stock exchange (or any other relevant authority);
- (b) there will at all times be a Paying Agent with a specified office in a city in continental Europe other than the jurisdiction in which the Issuer is incorporated;
- (c) there will at all times be an Agent; and
- (d) the Issuer undertakes that it will ensure that it maintains a Paying Agent in a Member State of the European Union that is not obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26 and 27 November, 2000 or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such Directive.

In addition, the Issuer shall forthwith appoint a Paying Agent having a specified office in New York City in the circumstances described in the final paragraph of Condition 4(b). Any variation, termination, appointment or change shall only take effect (other than in the case of insolvency, when it shall be of

immediate effect) after not less than 30 nor more than 45 days' prior notice thereof shall have been given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12.

11. Exchange of Talons

On and after the Interest Payment Date on which the final Coupon comprised in any Coupon matures, the Talon (if any) forming part of such Coupon may be surrendered at the specified office of the Agent or any other Paying Agent in exchange for a further Coupon including (if such further Coupon does not include Coupons to (and including) the final date for the payment of interest due in respect of the Note to which it appertains) a further Talon, subject to the provisions of Condition 7. Each Talon shall, for the purposes of these Terms and Conditions, be deemed to mature on the Fixed Interest Date or the Interest Payment Date (as the case may be) on which the final Coupon comprised in the relative Coupon matures.

12. Notices

All notices regarding the Notes shall be published (i) by way of press release issued in the Netherlands and each Member State where the Notes have been listed and admitted to trading on a regulated market, (ii) on the website of the Issuer and (iii) if so specified in the applicable Final Terms, in a leading English language daily newspaper of general circulation in London. It is expected that such publication will be made in the Financial Times in London (in the case of (iii) above). Any such notice will be deemed to have been given on the date of the first publication.

Until such time as any definitive Notes are issued, there may (**provided that**, in the case of any publication required by virtue of the Notes being admitted to trading and listing by any competent authority and/or stock exchange, such requirements so permit), so long as the Global Note(s) is or are held in its or their entirety on behalf of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, be substituted for publication in some or all of the newspapers referred to above, the delivery of the relevant notice to Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg for communication by them to the Noteholders. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been given to the Noteholders on the seventh day after the day on which the said notice was given to Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

Where the identity of all the Noteholders is known to the Issuer, the Issuer may (after consultation with the relevant stock exchange (where relevant)) give notice individually to such holders in lieu of publication as provided above.

Notices to be given by any holder of the Notes shall be in writing and given by lodging such notice, together with the relative Note or Notes, with the Agent. Whilst any of the Notes are represented by a Global Note, such notice may be given by any holder of a Note to the Agent via Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, in such manner as the Agent and Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, may approve for this purpose.

13. Meetings of Noteholders, Modification and Waiver

The Agency Agreement contains provisions for convening meetings of the Noteholders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution of a modification of the Notes, the Receipts, the Coupons or certain provisions of the Agency Agreement, Such a meeting may be convened by the Issuer or Noteholders holding not less than five per cent. in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being remaining outstanding. The quorum at any such meeting for passing an Extraordinary Resolution is one or more persons holding or representing not less than 50 per cent. in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding, or at any adjourned meeting one or more persons being or representing Noteholders whatever the nominal amount of the Notes so held or represented, except that at any meeting the business of which includes the modification of certain provisions of the Notes, Receipts or Coupons (including modifying the date of maturity of the Notes or any date for payment of interest thereon, reducing or cancelling the amount of principal or the rate of interest payable in respect of the Notes or altering the currency of payment of the Notes, Receipts or Coupons), the necessary quorum for passing an Extraordinary Resolution will be one or more persons holding or representing not less than two thirds, or at any adjourned such meeting not less than one third, in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding. An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of the Noteholders shall be binding on all the Noteholders, whether or not they are present at the meeting, and on all Receiptholders and Couponholders.

The Agent and the Issuer may agree, without the consent of the Noteholders, Receiptholders or Couponholders, to:

- (a) any modification (except as mentioned above) of the Agency Agreement which is not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders; or
- (b) any modification of the Notes, the Receipts, the Coupons, or the Agency Agreement which is of a formal, minor or technical nature or is made to correct a manifest or proven error or to comply with mandatory provisions of the laws of the Netherlands or the laws of England.

Any such modification shall be binding on the Noteholders, the Receiptholders and the Couponholders and any such modification shall be notified to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12 as soon as practicable thereafter.

For the purposes of these Terms and Conditions:

"Extraordinary Resolution" means a resolution passed at a meeting of the Noteholders duly convened and held in accordance with the provisions in the Agency Agreement contained by a majority consisting of not less than 75% of the persons voting thereat upon a show of hands or if a poll be duly demanded then by a majority consisting of not less than 75% of the votes given on such poll.

14. Further Issues

The Issuer shall be at liberty from time to time without the consent of the Noteholders, Receiptholders or Couponholders to create and issue further notes having terms and conditions the same as the Notes or the same in all respects save for the amount and date of the first payment of interest thereon and so that the same shall be consolidated and form a single Series with the outstanding Notes.

15. Governing Law and Submission to Jurisdiction

(a) Dutch Law

This Condition 15(a) shall be applicable to the Notes if the governing law of the Notes is specified in the applicable Final Terms as the laws of the Netherlands.

The Notes, the Receipts, the Coupons and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with the Notes, the Receipts and the Coupons are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, the laws of the Netherlands.

The Issuer submits for the exclusive benefit of the Noteholders, the Receiptholders and the Couponholders to the jurisdiction of the court of first instance (*rechtbank*) of The Hague, the Netherlands, judging in first instance, and its appellate courts. Without prejudice to the foregoing, the Issuer further irrevocably agrees that any suit, action or proceedings arising out of or in connection with the Agency Agreement, the Notes, the Receipts and the Coupons may be brought in any other court of competent jurisdiction.

(b) English law

This Condition 15(b) shall be applicable to the Notes if the governing law of the Notes is specified in the applicable Final Terms as English law.

The Notes, the Receipts and the Coupons and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with the Notes, the Receipts and the Coupons are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, English law.

The courts of England have exclusive jurisdiction to settle any dispute (a "**Dispute**") arising from or connected with the Notes, the Receipts and the Coupons.

The Issuer agrees that the courts of England are the most appropriate and convenient courts to settle any Dispute and, accordingly, that it will not argue to the contrary.

Condition 15(b) is for the benefit of the Noteholders, the Receiptholders and the Couponholders only. As a result, nothing in this Condition 15(b) prevents any Noteholder, Receiptholder or Couponholder from taking proceedings relating to a Dispute ("**Proceedings**") in any other courts with jurisdiction. To the extent allowed by law, Noteholders, the Receiptholders and the Couponholders may take concurrent Proceedings in any number of jurisdictions.

The Issuer agrees that the documents which start any Proceedings and any other documents required to be served in relation to those Proceedings may be served on it by being delivered to the Royal Netherlands Embassy (attn. Economics Department), 38, Hyde Park Gate, London SW7 5DP, United Kingdom or, if different, its registered office for the time being or at any address of the Issuer in Great Britain at which process may be served on it in accordance with Part XXIII of the Companies Act 1985. If such person is not or ceases to be effectively appointed to accept service of process on behalf of the Issuer, the Issuer shall, on the written demand of any Noteholder, Receiptholder or Couponholder addressed and delivered to the Issuer or to the specified office of the Agent appoint a further person in England to accept service of process on its behalf and, failing such appointment within 15 days, any Noteholder, Receiptholder or Couponholder shall be entitled to appoint such a person by written notice addressed to the Issuer and delivered to the Issuer or to the specified office of the Agent. Nothing in this paragraph shall affect the right of any Noteholder, Receiptholder or Couponholder to serve process in any other manner permitted by law. This Condition 15(b) applies to Proceedings in England and to Proceedings elsewhere.

16. Third Party Rights

No person shall have any right to enforce any term or condition of the Notes, if the governing law of the Notes is specified in the applicable Final Terms as English law, under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999.

FORM OF FINAL TERMS

Set out below is the form of Final Terms which will be completed for each Tranche of Notes.

Final Terms dated []

Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V.

(Incorporated in the Netherlands with limited liability and having its statutory domicile in The Hague)

Issue of [Aggregate Nominal Amount of Series or Tranche] [Title of Notes] due [day][month][year] (the "Notes")

under the EUR 6,000,000,000 Debt Issuance Programme

PART A — CONTRACTUAL TERMS

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions set forth in the Base Prospectus dated 17 June 2015 [and the supplement(s) to it dated []] which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus (the "Base Prospectus") for the purposes of the Directive 2003/71/EC (as amended, including by Directive 2010/73/EU) and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State (as defined below) (the "Prospectus Directive"). This document contains the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus.

[The Base Prospectus (as completed by these Final Terms) has been prepared on the basis that, except as provided in sub-paragraph (i) below, any offer of Notes in any Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a "**Relevant Member State**") will be made pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive, as implemented in that Relevant Member State, from the requirement to publish a prospectus for offers of the Notes. Accordingly any person making or intending to make an offer of the Notes may only do so[:

- (i) in those Non-exempt Offer Jurisdictions mentioned in paragraph 8(vi) ('General Consent') of Part B below, provided such person is a Dealer or Authorised Offeror (as such term is defined in the Base Prospectus) and that such offer is made during the Offer Period specified for such purpose therein and that any conditions relevant to the use of the Base Prospectus are complied with; or]¹
- (ii) in circumstances in which no obligation arises for the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive, in each case, in relation to such offer.

Neither the Issuer, the Arranger nor any Dealer has authorised, nor do they authorise, the making of any offer of Notes in any other circumstances].

[The Base Prospectus (as completed by these Final Terms) has been prepared on the basis that any offer of Notes in any Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a "Relevant Member State") will be made pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive, as implemented in that Relevant Member State, from the requirement to publish a prospectus for offers of the Notes. Accordingly any person making or intending to make an offer in that Relevant Member State of the Notes may only do so in circumstances in which no obligation arises for the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive, in each case, in relation to such offer. Neither the Issuer nor any Dealer has authorised, nor do they authorise, the making of any offer of Notes in any other circumstances.]²

[The following alternative language applies if the first Series or Tranche of an issue which is being increased was issued under a Base Prospectus with an earlier date. N.B. when using a post -1 July 2012 approved base prospectus to tap a previous issue under a pre -1 July 2012 approved base prospectus, the final terms in the

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¹ Include this legend where a Non-exempt Offer of Non-exempt Offer Notes is anticipated.

² Include this legend where only an exempt offer of Notes is anticipated.

post – 1 July 2012 base prospectus will take a different form due to the more restrictive approach to final terms. The Conditions of the original issue being tapped should be reviewed to ensure that they would not require the final terms documenting the further issue to include information which is no longer permitted in final terms. Where the final terms documenting the further issue would need to include such information, it will not be possible to tap using final terms and a drawdown prospectus (incorporating the original Conditions and final terms) will instead need to be prepared.]

[Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such, to the extent they apply to Fixed Rate Notes and/or Floating Rate Notes, in [the terms and conditions as referred to on pages 43 up to and including 70 of the base prospectus of the Issuer relating to the Programme, dated 18 September 2008 (the "2008 Terms and Conditions")] [the terms and conditions as referred to on pages 26 up to and including 50 of the base prospectus of the Issuer relating to the Programme, dated 14 September 2009 (the "2009 Terms and Conditions")] [the terms and conditions as referred to on pages 27 up to and including 50 of the base prospectus of the Issuer relating to the Programme, dated 12 May 2010 (the "2010 Terms and Conditions")] [the terms and conditions as referred to on pages 28 up to and including 52 of the base prospectus of the Issuer relating to the Programme, dated 14 June 2011 (the "2011 Terms and Conditions")] [the terms and conditions as referred to on pages 31 up to and including 55 of the base prospectus of the Issuer relating to the Programme, dated 28 June 2012 (the "2012 Terms and Conditions")] [the terms and conditions as referred to on pages 32 up to and including 57 of the base prospectus of the Issuer relating to the Programme, dated 3 July 2013 (the "2013 Terms and Conditions")] [the terms and conditions as referred to on pages 51 up to and including 75 of the base prospectus of the Issuer relating to the Programme, dated 2 June 2014 (the "2014 Terms and Conditions") each of which have been incorporated by reference in, and form part of the Base Prospectus dated 17 June 2015, as supplemented by the supplement to the Base Prospectus dated [insert date]] (the "Base Prospectus"). These Final Terms contain the final terms of the Notes and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus, save in respect of the 2008/2009/2010/2011/2012/2013/2014 Terms and Conditions incorporated by reference therein which are attached hereto. Together, the Base Prospectus and these Final Terms constitute a base prospectus for the purposes of the Directive 2003/71/EC (as amended, including by Directive 2010/73/EU) and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State (the "Prospectus Directive"). This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus.]

Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms, the Base Prospectus dated 17 June 2015 and the Conditions. The Base Prospectus is available for viewing at the website https://www.fmo.nl/page/1722, and copies may be obtained at the specified office of the Issuer and the Agent.

[Include whichever of the following apply or specify as 'Not Applicable' (N/A). Note that the numbering should remain as set out below, even if 'Not Applicable' is indicated for individual paragraphs or sub paragraphs. Italics denote directions for completing the Final Terms.]

[When completing Final Terms or adding any other final terms or information consideration should be given as to whether such terms or information constitute 'significant new factors' and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Base Prospectus under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.]

[When adding any other final terms or information, consideration should be given as to whether such terms or information constitute category 'B' information as indicated in Annex XX of the Prospectus Regulation and consequently trigger the need for an individual drawdown prospectus.]

[If the Notes must be redeemed before first anniversary of their date of issue, the minimum denomination may need to be £100,000 or its equivalent in any other currency.]

1.	Issuer:	Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V.
2.	(i) Series Number:	[]
	(ii) Tranche Number:	[]
	(iii) Date on which the Notes become	[Not Applicable/The Notes shall be consolidated, form a single series and be interchangeable for trading purposes with the [insert description of the Series] on [insert date/the Issue Date/exchange of the Temporary Global Note for interests in

	fungible:	the Permanent Global Note, as referred to in paragraph 27 below [which is expected to occur on or after [insert date]]].]
3.	Specified Currency or Currencies:	[EUR/USD/JPY/GBP/CHF/CAD/AUD/HKD/NOK/SEK/DKK/NZD/other]
4.	Aggregate Nominal Amount:	
	(i) Series:	[]
	(ii) Tranche:	[]
5.	Issue Price:	[] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount [plus accrued interest from [insert date][(in the case of fungible issues only, if applicable)]
6.	(i) Specified Denominations:	[] (If the Specified Denomination is expressed to be EUR 100,000 or its equivalent and multiples of a lower principal amount (for example EUR 1,000), insert the additional wording below:)¹ [EUR 100,000 and integral multiples of [EUR 1,000] in excess thereof up to and including [EUR 199,000]. No notes in definitive form will be issued with a denomination above [EUR 199,000].]
	(ii) Form of Definitive Notes: (calculation amount)	[Standard Euromarket]
7.	(i) Issue Date:	[]
	(ii) Interest Commencement Date:	[Specify/Issue Date/ Not Applicable]
8.	Maturity Date:	[specify date] (for Fixed Rate)
		[specify month and year] (for Floating Rate – Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest to the relevant month and year)
9.	Interest Basis:	[[] per cent. Fixed Rate]
		[[LIBOR/EURIBOR] +/- [] per cent. Floating Rate]
		[Zero Coupon]
		[Dual Currency Interest] (Dual Currency can only be chosen in case of Notes with a denomination per unit of at least EUR 100,000)
		(further particulars specified below)
10.	Redemption/Payment Basis:	[Subject to any purchase and cancellation or early redemption, the Notes will be redeemed on the Maturity Date at [include percentage/100%] per cent. of their nominal amount]

 $[\]overline{}^{1}$ Only required for Notes with a denomination per unit of less than EUR 100,000.

		[Dual Currency Redemption] (Dual Currency can only be chosen in case of Notes with a denomination per unit of at least EUR 100,000)
		[Partly Paid]
		[Instalment]
		(further particulars specified below)
11.	Change of Interest Basis Option:	[Condition 3(j) applies] [The Interest Basis shall change from [Fixed Rate/Floating Rate/Zero Coupon/None-interest bearing] to [Fixed Rate/Floating Rate/Zero Coupon/ None-interest bearing] following the exercise of a Change of Interest Basis Option] [Not Applicable]
12.	Interest Basis Option Period:	[] Business Days
13.	Change of Interest Basis Option Date:	[[date]/Each Interest Payment Date]
14.	Initial Interest Basis:	[[] per cent. Fixed Rate]
		[Floating Rate][LIBOR/EURIBOR] +/- [] per cent.
		[Zero Coupon]
		[Non-interest bearing]
15.	Subsequent Interest	[[] per cent. Fixed Rate]
	Basis:	[Floating Rate][LIBOR/EURIBOR] + [] per cent.
		[Zero Coupon]
		[Non-interest bearing]
16.	Investor Put/Issuer Call Options:	[Investor Put Option/ Issuer Call Option/Not Applicable]
		(further particulars specified below)
17.	(i) Status of the Notes:	Senior
	(ii) Date [Board]	[]
	approval for issuance of Notes obtained:	(NB: Only relevant where Board (or similar) authorisation is required for the particular Series or Tranche of Notes)
	Provisions Relating to Interest (if any) Payable	
18.	Fixed Rate Note Provisions:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
		(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)

	(i) Rate(s) of Interest:	[] per cent. per annum
		[payable [annually/semi-annually/quarterly] in arrears]
	(ii) Interest Payment Date(s):	[] in each year up to and including the Maturity Date][adjusted in accordance with [specify Business Day Convention and any applicable Business Centre(s) for the definition of 'Business Day']/not adjusted] (NB: amend in the case of long or short coupons)
	(iii) Fixed Coupon Amount[(s)]:	[] per [] in nominal amount
	(iv) Broken Amount(s):	[] per nominal amount payable on the Interest Payment Date falling [in/on] [] / [Not Applicable]
	(v) Fixed Day Count Fraction:	[30/360]
	Truction.	[Actual/Actual (ICMA)]
		(Note that if interest is not payable on a regular basis (for example, if there are Broken Amounts specified), Actual/Actual (ICMA) may not be a suitable Fixed Day Count Fraction)
	(vi) Determination Date(s):	[] in each year
	Date(3).	(Insert regular interest payment dates, ignoring issue date or maturity date in the case of a long or a short first or last coupon)
		(NB: This will need to be amended in the case of regular interest payment dates which are not of equal duration) (NB: only relevant where the Fixed Day Count Fraction is Actual/Actual (ICMA))
19.	Floating Rate Note Provisions:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
		(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
	(i) Interest Period:	[]
	(ii) Specified Period(s):	[]
	(iii) Specified Interest Payment Dates:	[]
	(iv) Business Day Convention:	[Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention/Modified Following Business Day Convention/Preceding Business Day Convention]
	(v) Additional Business Centre(s):	[Not Applicable/give details]
	(vi) Manner in which the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount is to be determined:	[Screen Rate Determination/ISDA Determination]

(vii) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount (if not the Agent):	[[Insert name] shall be the Calculation Agent (no need to specify if the Agent is to perform this function)]
(viii) Screen Rate Determination:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
- Reference Rate:	[]
	(Either LIBOR or EURIBOR)
- Interest Determination Date(s):	[]
	(Second London business day prior to the start of each Interest Period if LIBOR (other than GBP or Euro LIBOR), first day of each Interest Period if GBP LIBOR and the second day on which the TARGET2 is open prior to the start of each Interest Period if EURIBOR or Euro LIBOR)
- Relevant Time:	[]
- Relevant Screen Page:	[] (in accordance with the fall back provisions as set out in Condition 3(b))
	(In the case of EURIBOR, if not Reuters EURIBOR01 ensure it is a page which shows a composite rate)
(ix) ISDA Determination:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
- Floating Rate Option:	
- Designated Maturity:	[]
– Reset Date:	[]
(x) Margin(s):	[+/-][] per cent. per annum
(xi) Minimum Rate of Interest:	[] per cent. per annum
(xii) Maximum Rate of Interest:	[] per cent. per annum
(xiii) Floating Day Count Fraction:	[Actual/365] [Actual/Actual] [Actual/365 (Fixed)] [Actual/365 (GBP)] [Actual/360]

		T00 (0 c0)
		[30/360]
		[360/360]
		[Bond Basis]
		[30E/360]
		[Eurobond Basis]
	(xiv) Applicable ISDA Definitions:	[2000/2006] ISDA Definitions [(as amended and updated)]
20.	Zero Coupon Note Provisions:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
		(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
	(i) Accrual Yield:	[] per cent. per annum
	(ii) Reference Price:	[]
	(iii) Day Count Fraction	[Conditions 5(e) and 5(j) apply]
	in relation to Early Redemption Amounts	[Actual/365]
	and late payment:	[Actual/Actual]
		[Actual/365 (Fixed)]
		[Actual/365 (GBP)]
		[Actual/360]
		[30/360]
		[360/360]
		[Bond Basis]
		[30E/360]
		[Eurobond Basis]
		(Consider applicable day count fraction if not U.S. Dollar denominated)
21.	Dual Currency Note Provisions ¹ :	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
		(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
	(i) Principal payable in other currency than Specified Currency:	[Applicable/Not Applicable (if applicable include currencies [EUR/USD/JPY/GBP/CHF/CAD/AUD/HKD/NOK/SEK/DKK/NZD/other] in which principal is payable)]
	(ii) Interest payable in other currency than	[Applicable/Not Applicable (if applicable include currencies [EUR/USD/JPY/GBP/CHF/CAD/AUD/HKD/NOK/SEK/DKK/NZD/other] in

Dual Currency can only be chosen in case of Notes with a denomination per unit of at least EUR 100,000.

	Specified Currency:	which interest is payable)]		
	(iii) Rate of Exchange:	[Provide exchange rate]		
		(please specify applicable exchange rate on the issue date, for example 1 USD = 0.77 EUR)		
	Provisions Relating to Redemption			
22.	Issuer Call Option:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]		
		(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)		
	(i) Optional Redemption Date(s):	[]		
	(ii) Optional Redemption Amount of each Note:	[] per Specified Denomination/[] in nominal amount of the Note]		
	(iii) If redeemable in part:			
	(a) Minimum Redemption Amount of each Note:	[] per Specified Denomination/[] in nominal amount of the Note]		
	(b) Maximum Redemption Amount of each Note:	[] per Specified Denomination/[] in nominal amount of the Note]		
	(iv) Notice period:	[]		
23.	Investor Put Option:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]		
		(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)		
	(i) Optional Redemption Date(s):	[]		
	(ii) Optional Redemption Amount(s) of each Note and method, if any, of calculation of such amount(s):	[] per Specified Denomination/[] in nominal amount of the Note]		
	(iii) Notice period:	[]		
24.	Final Redemption Amount of each Note:	[[] per Specified Denomination]/[[] in nominal amount of the Note]		
25.	Instalment Note Provisions:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] (Condition 5(f))		
		(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)		

	(i) Instalment Amount(s):	[]
	(ii) Instalment Date(s):	[]
26.	Early Redemption Amount of each Note payable on redemption for taxation reasons or on event of default:	[[] per Specified Denomination]/[] in nominal amount of the Note]
	General Provisions Applicable to the Notes	
27.	Form of Notes:	Bearer Notes
		[Temporary Global Note exchangeable for a Permanent Global Note which is exchangeable for Definitive Notes [on 30 days' notice given at any time/only upon an Exchange Event]]
		[Temporary Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes on and after the Exchange Date]
		[Permanent Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes [on 30 days' notice given at any time/only upon an Exchange Event]]
		(Except where, in case the Global Note has been deposited with Euroclear Netherlands, delivery of definitive Notes is not feasible under the Dutch Securities Giro Transfer Act 1977 (Wet giraal effectenverkeer) as amended from time to time)
28.	New Global Note Form:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
29.	(i) In relation to any sum payable in a Specified Currency, the principal financial centre of the country of the relevant Specified Currency:	[Applicable (specify relevant principal financial centre)/Not Applicable]
	(ii) Additional Financial Centre(s):	[Applicable (specify relevant Additional Financial Centre(s))/Not Applicable] (Note that this item relates to the place of payment, and not Interest Period end dates, to which items 20(v) relate)
30.	Coupons or Receipts to be attached to Definitive Notes (and dates on which such Coupons or Receipts mature):	[Yes (give details)/No]
31.	Talons for future Coupons or Receipts to be attached to Definitive Notes (and dates on which such	[Yes (give details)/No]

	Talons mature):	
32.	Details relating to Partly Paid Notes; amount of each payment comprising the Issue Price and date on which each payment is to be made and consequences (if any) of failure to pay, including any right of the Issuer to forfeit the Notes and interest due on late payment:	[Applicable (give details)/Not Applicable] (N.B. A new form of Temporary Global Note and/or Permanent Global Note may be required for Partly Paid issues)
33.	Details relating to Instalment Notes:	[Applicable/Not Applicable] (If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
	(i) Instalment Amount(s):	[Applicable (give details)/Not Applicable]
	(ii) Instalment Date(s):	[Applicable (give details)/Not Applicable]
34.	Whether Condition 6(a) of the Notes applies (in which case Condition 5(b) of the Notes will not apply) or whether Condition 6(b) and Condition 5(b) of the Notes apply:	[Condition 6(a) applies and Condition 5(b) does not apply][Condition 6(b) and Condition 5(b) apply]
35.	Governing law of the Notes:	[The laws of the Netherlands/English law]
36.	Notices:	[Press release/website of the Issuer/Financial Times]
37.	Fungible issues:	[Applicable/ Not Applicable (Attach terms and conditions of the Notes if the Notes are fungible with an original Series or Tranche issued pursuant to a previous base prospectus and specify the issue with which the Notes are fungible.)] Issue fungible with previous issue: []

PURPOSE OF FINAL TERMS

These Final Terms comprise the final terms required to list and have admitted to trading the issue of Notes described herein pursuant to the EUR 6,000,000,000 Debt Issuance Programme of Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V.

RESPONSIBILITY

The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in these Final Terms. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Issuer (which has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in these Final Terms is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

[(Relevant third party information)] has been extracted from []. The Issuer confirms that such information has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware, and is able to ascertain from information published by [], no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced inaccurate or misleading.]
Signed on behalf of the Issuer:
By:
Duly authorised

PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

1.	LISTING		
	(i) Listing:	[Euronext in Amsterdam/the Luxembourg Stock Exchange/the London Stock Exchange/None]	
	(ii) Admission to trading:	[Application may be made for the Notes to be listed and admitted to trading on [Euronext in Amsterdam/ the Luxembourg Stock Exchange/ the London Stock Exchange] with effect from [].][Not Applicable. The Notes are not intended to be listed and admitted to trading.]	
	[(iii) Estimate of total expenses related to listing and admission to trading:] ¹	[]	
2.	RATINGS		
	Ratings:	[The Notes to be issued have not been rated]	
		[The Notes to be issued [have been]/[are expected to be] rated:]	
	[S & P:	[]]	
	[Moody's:	[]]	
	[[Other]:	[]]	
	(The above disclosure should reflect the rating allocated to Notes of the type being issued under the Programme generally or, where the issue has been specifically rated, that rating.) [[Insert full legal name of credit rating agency] is established in the European Union and is registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies (the "CRA Regulation").] [and/or]		
	[[Insert full legal name of credit rating agency] is established in the European Union and is not registere under [the CRA Regulation] [Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencie (the "CRA Regulation"]. [Insert full legal name of credit rating agency] has submitted an application for registration in accordance with the CRA Regulation, and such registration is not refused, althoug notification of the corresponding registration decision has not yet been provided by the relevant competer authority.])		
	[and/or]		
	[[Insert the full legal name of credit rating agency] is not established in the European Union and has no applied for registration under [the CRA Regulation] [Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of 16 September 200 on credit rating agencies.]		
	[Need to include a brief explanation rating provider.]	n of the meaning of the ratings if this has previously been published by the	
3.	INTERESTS OF NATURAL AN	D LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE/OFFER	
		any interest, including conflicting ones, that is material to the issue/offer, and the nature of the interest. May be satisfied by the inclusion of the	

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¹ Only required for Notes with a denomination per unit of at least EUR 100,000.

	statement below.)		
	of the Notes has an interest materi the future engage, in investment l	Dealers, so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the issue/offer all to the offer. The Dealers and their affiliates have engaged, and may in banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform affiliates in the ordinary course of business.']	
4.	4. REASONS FOR THE OFFER[, / AND] USE OF PROCEEDS [AND TOTAL EXPENSES] 1		
	(i) Reasons for the offer:	[]	
		(See section 'Use of Proceeds' wording in Base Prospectus – if reasons for offer different from making profit and/or hedging certain risks will need to include those reasons here.)	
	(ii) Use of Proceeds:	[]	
		[in case of sustainability notes: specify the Issuer's core environmental and social requirements, and any further requirements applicable to the sustainability notes]	
		(If proceeds are intended for more than one use will need to split out and present in order of priority. If proceeds insufficient to fund all proposed uses state amount and sources of other funding.)	
	(iii) Estimated total expenses:	[[]/Not Applicable]	
		(If applicable: include breakdown of expenses)	
5.	[Fixed Rate Notes Only – YIELD		
	Indication of yield:	[]	
		Calculated as [] on the Issue Date	
		[The yield is calculated at the Issue Date on the basis of the Issue Price. It is not an indication of future yield]	
6.	[Floating Rate Notes Only - HIS]	TORIC INTEREST RATES ²	
	Details of historic [LIBOR/EURIBOR] rates can be obtained from [Reuters]]		
7.	OPERATIONAL INFORMATION		
	ISIN Code:	[]	
	Common Code:	[]	
	Other relevant code:	[]	
	Relevant clearing and settlement	[Euroclear/Clearstream, Luxembourg /Euroclear Netherlands/other]	

¹ Only required for Notes with a denomination per unit of less than EUR 100,000.

 $^{^{2}}$ Only required for Notes with a denomination per unit of less than EUR 100,000.

	system(s):	
	Delivery:	Delivery [against/free of] payment
	Names and addresses of additional Paying Agent(s) (if any):	[]
	New Global Note intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility:	[Yes/No]
		[Yes. Note that the designation 'Yes' simply means that the Notes are intended upon issue to be deposited with one of the ICSDs as common safekeeper and does not necessarily mean that the Notes will be recognized as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intraday credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met] [No. Whilst the designation is specified as 'No' at the date of these Final Terms, should the Eurosystem eligibility criteria be amended in the future such that the Notes are capable of meeting them the Notes may
		then be deposited with one of the ICSDs as common safekeeper. Note that this does not necessarily mean that the Notes will then be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intraday credit operations by the Eurosystem at any time during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met]
		st-issuance information [specify what information will be reported and intend to provide post-issuance information]
8.	DISTRIBUTION	
	(i) Method of distribution:	[Syndicated/Non syndicated]
	(ii) If syndicated, names and addresses of Managers:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
		(Include names and addresses of entities agreeing to underwrite the issue on a firm commitment basis, and names and addresses of the entities agreeing to place the issue without a firm commitment or under 'best efforts' arrangements. Indication of the material features of the agreements, including the quotas. Where not all of the issue is underwritten, include a statement of the portion not covered) ¹
	- Date [Subscription] agreement: ²	[Applicable (give details)/Not Applicable]
	- Stabilising Manager(s) (if any):	[Applicable (give details)/Not Applicable]
	(iii) If non syndicated, name and address of relevant Dealer:	[Applicable (give details)/Not Applicable]

Only required for Notes with a denomination per unit of less than EUR 100,000.

Only required for Notes with a denomination per unit of less than EUR 100,000.

	(iv) Total commission: ¹	[] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount
	(v) Netherlands selling restriction:	[Applicable (give details)/Not Applicable]
	- Zero Coupon Notes:	[Selling restriction applies/does not apply] (restriction for each issue) (Delete as appropriate)
	Whether TEFRA D or TEFRAC rules apply:	[TEFRA D / TEFRA C]
	(vi) Non-exempt Offer:	[Not Applicable] [A Non-exempt Offer of Non-exempt Offer Notes may be made by the Dealers [and [specify, if applicable]] (together [with the Dealers], the "Initial Authorised Offerors") [and any other Authorised Offerors in accordance with paragraph [] below] in the Netherlands (the "Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction") during the period from [specify date] until [specify date] (the "Offer Period").]
	- General Consent:	[Applicable/Not Applicable]
	- Other conditions to consent:	[Applicable (specify, if applicable)/Not Applicable]
9.	TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE OFFER ²	[Not Applicable] (If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
	Conditions to which the offer is subject:	[Offers of the Notes are conditional on their issue. As between the Authorised Offerors and their customers, offers of the Notes are further subject to conditions as may be agreed between them and/or as specified in the arrangements in place between them.]
	Total amount of the offer; if the amount is not fixed, description of the arrangements and time for announcing the definitive amount to the public:	[]
	Description of the application process, including offer period, including any possible amendments, during which the offer will be open:	[A prospective Noteholder should contact the applicable Authorised Offeror in the Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction prior to the end of the Offer Period. A prospective Noteholder will subscribe for the Notes in accordance with the arrangements existing between such Authorised Offeror and its customers relating to the subscription of securities generally. Noteholders will not be required to enter into any contractual arrangements directly with the Issuer in connection with the subscription of the Notes.][
	Description of possibility to reduce subscriptions:	[Not Applicable/give details]
	Description of manner for refunding excess amount paid by applicants:	[Not Applicable/give details]

Only required for Notes with a denomination per unit of less than EUR 100,000.

 $^{^{2}}$ Only required for Notes with a denomination per unit of less than EUR 100,000.

Details of the minimum and/or maximum amount of application:	[There are no pre-identified allotment criteria. The Authorised Offeror will adopt allotment criteria in accordance with customary market practices and applicable laws and regulations.][]
Details of the method and time limits for paying up and delivering the Notes:	[Investors will be notified by the relevant Authorised Offeror of their allocations of Notes and the settlement arrangements in respect thereof.]
Manner in and date on which results of the offer are to be made public:	[Investors will be notified by the applicable Authorised Offeror of their allocations of Notes and the settlement procedures in respect thereof on or around [date].][]
Procedure for exercise of any right of pre-emption, negotiability of subscription rights and treatment of subscription rights not exercised:	[Not Applicable/give details]
Categories of potential investors to which the Notes are offered and whether tranche(s) have been reserved for certain countries:	[Offers may be made by the Authorised Offerors in the Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction to any person during the Offer Period. In other EEA countries and in all jurisdictions (including the Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction) outside of the Offer Period, offers will only be made by the [Dealers] pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive, as implemented in such countries. All offers of the Notes will be made in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.][
Process for notification to applicants of the amount allotted and the indication whether dealing may begin before notification is made:	[Prospective Noteholders will be notified by the relevant Authorised Offeror in accordance with the arrangements in place between such Authorised Offeror and the prospective Noteholders.]
Name(s) and address(es), to the extent known to the Issuer, of the placers in the various countries where the offer takes place:	The Initial Authorised Offerors identified in paragraph 8(vi) ('General Consent') of Part B above [and any additional Authorised Offerors who have or obtain the Issuer's consent to use the Prospectus in connection with the Non-exempt Offer and who are identified on the Issuer's website as an Authorised Offeror] (together, the "Authorised Offerors").
Amount of any expenses and taxes specifically charged to the subscriber or purchaser:	[Not Applicable/give details]

USE OF PROCEEDS

The purpose of fund raising by means of issuing Notes is to further the Issuer's objects as set out in its articles of association. The net proceeds from the issue of the Notes will be applied by the Issuer for the financing of private enterprises and financial institutions in Africa, Asia, Latin America, Eastern Europe and other developing countries or areas.

The Issuer may issue sustainability notes. The proceeds from the issue of each sustainability note will only be used to finance debt investments which comply with the Issuer's core environmental and social requirements, as specified in the applicable Final Terms. Certain sustainability notes will have further requirements, as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

If in respect of any particular issue of Notes, there is a particular identified use of proceeds, this will be stated in the applicable Final Terms.

NEDERLANDSE FINANCIERINGS-MAATSCHAPPIJ VOOR ONTWIKKELINGSLANDEN N.V.

Incorporation

Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V. (the "**Issuer**" or "**FMO**") was incorporated as a public company with limited liability (*naamloze vennootschap*) in the Netherlands on 8 July 1970. The Issuer's registered office is at Anna van Saksenlaan 71, 2593 HW The Hague, the Netherlands. The Issuer is registered in the commercial register (*handelsregister*) of the Netherlands Chamber of Commerce, under number 27078545. The general telephone number of FMO is +31 70 3149696. The commercial name of the Issuer is FMO.

The Issuer's articles of association (*statuten*) were lastly amended by notarial deed executed on 19 August 2009, before Drs. C.J. Groffen, civil law notary in Amsterdam, the draft of these articles having received the approval of the Ministry of Justice under number N.V. 107 045.

The Issuer was established by the State of the Netherlands (the "**State**"), several Dutch companies and several Dutch trade unions in accordance with and pursuant to the Law of 1 May 1970 on Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V. (*Staatsblad* 237, 1970).

FMO's mission

FMO finances entrepreneurs from developing countries because it believes a thriving private sector fuels economic and social progress. Entrepreneurship is the key to creating sustainable economic growth and improving people's living standards. FMO invests in companies, financial institutions and projects with capital and knowledge, ambitious entrepreneurs who care about social returns and protecting the environment alongside financial success, because FMO is convinced they can serve as engines of sustainable growth in their countries. FMO creates impact through (i) inclusive development, (ii) green development, (iii) economic growth and (iv) sharing FMO's knowledge and networks. FMO's business is fuelled by a vision that it shares with the World Business Council for Sustainable Development: a world in 2050 in which nine billion people live well and within the boundaries of the planet. Within this vision, FMO's mission is to empower entrepreneurs to build a better world.

Share capital

The Issuer has an authorised share capital of EUR 45,380,000 divided into 1,020,000 Class A Shares of nominal value EUR 22.69 each (the "**A Shares**") and 980,000 Class B Shares of nominal value EUR 22.69 each (the "**B Shares**"). The A Shares may only be issued to and owned by the State.

The issued and fully paid share capital amounts to EUR 9,076,000 and comprises 204,000 A Shares and 196,000 B Shares. Each A Share and each B Share carries the right to cast one vote at any general meeting of shareholders (the "**General Meeting**") of the Issuer. The issue of shares is resolved upon by the General Meeting pursuant to a proposal from the Management Board, made with the approval of the Supervisory Board, without prejudice to article 2:96 of the Dutch Civil Code.

Shareholders' equity	2014	2013
Share capital	9,076	9,076
Share premium reserve	29,272	29,272
Contractual reserve	1,140,363	1,020,547
Development fund	657,981	657,981
Available for sale reserve	267,119	215,889
Translation reserve	859	-644
Other reserves	28,330	25,540

Undistributed profit	4,560	5,296
Total shareholders' equity	2,137,560	1,962,957

Objects

The principal object of the Issuer, as set forth in Clause 3 in its articles of association, is to make a contribution to the advancement of productive enterprise in developing countries in order to stimulate their economic and social progress, in accordance with the aims pursued by their governments and with the policy of the Dutch government in regard to development aid.

The Issuer has the corporate power and capacity to issue Notes under the Programme and to enter into the agreements referred to in this Base Prospectus in connection with the Programme.

Ownership and corporate structure

As at the date of this Base Prospectus, the Issuer's shares are held as set out below:

Shareholder	Share %
The State	51
Commercial Dutch banks (such as ABN AMRO, Rabobank, ING, etc.)	42
Others (incl. a Dutch union, representatives of the private sector and certain private individuals)	7

The Issuer is a large company (*structuurvennootschap*) as set forth in article 2:153 of the Dutch Civil Code, which, *inter alia*, implies that the Issuer's managing directors (*bestuurders*) are appointed by its Supervisory Board. The Supervisory Board of the Issuer normally consists of six members. Currently there is one vacancy. Pursuant to the articles of association all members of the Supervisory Board are appointed by the General Meeting.

Activities

The Issuer is a development bank based in the Netherlands with total assets of EUR 7,087,644,000 as of 31 December 2014, and operates through its office in The Hague. As of 31 December 2014 the Issuer employed 362 people (full time equivalent).

The Issuer's core business comprises providing long-term financing to private companies in the Agribusiness and Energy sectors and financial institutions in Asia, Latin America, Africa and other developing regions. The Issuer makes use of financial products such as loans and equity investments as well as a non-financial product, knowledge transfer. The Issuer's lending and guarantee operations include project finance, corporate loans and lines of credit to financial institutions.

The Issuer invests, *inter alia*, both directly and through managed investment funds, in common and preference shares, subordinated loans with equity options or other sweeteners, and other quasi-equity instruments such as mezzanine financing, whether redeemable or not and whether covered by put-options or not. On average over the financial years 2012, 2013 and 2014, FMO has contracted about EUR 1,500,000,000 in new commitments, in addition to commitments of State funds, with an average committed amount of approximately EUR 12 million per investment. The majority of these deals are in our specialization sectors.

Other activities of the Issuer include financing small-scale enterprises, providing seed capital to newly formed companies mainly in Africa, financing infrastructure projects in least developed countries, encouraging foreign direct investments and financial investment promotion and capacity development of private sector companies in developing countries. Such other activities are performed by the Issuer for the account of the State and are based on agreements with the State.

These activities enable the Issuer to take on additional portfolio and sector-level risk in some cases. In others, such as in relation to capacity development activities, company-level risks are reduced by coupling institution building to the Issuer's core business clients. The client is better served by the Issuer's ability to apply synergetic combinations of these State-supported and the Issuer's primary activities. The capacity development-programme enables targeted access to know-how, bundled to meet a company's full organizational needs. The program is FMO-managed and financed by the Dutch Ministry for Development Cooperation. In 2013, FMO established an investment advisory and management function which operates under the name FMO Investment Management ("FIM"). FIM is an investment advisor to a recently established debt fund that participates in loans provided to financial institutions serving small and medium sized enterprises in developing countries. To support fund management activities, FIM implemented a new system for administration of funds that it will be managing for third parties. FIM also applied for a Markets in Financial Instruments Directive ("MiFID") license application, which application is expected to be finalised by mid-2015.

Through its syndicated loan- or B loan-program the Issuer pools financial resources from multiple partners to attract the required funding on a non-recourse basis. Under this program, other financial institutions provide part of the funds for a loan and bear their *pro rata* share of the risks, but the Issuer serves as a lender of record for the entire loan. The participating banks can benefit from the political protection and fiscal benefits arising from the Issuer's status as a bilateral international financing institution.

FMO continues to pursue increasingly effective approaches that strengthen partnerships with key stakeholders by offering innovative solutions for our clients and create worldwide partnerships to serve clients with local knowledge combined with FMO's entrepreneurial spirit.

Strategy

FMO's strategy is to empower entrepreneurs to build a better world and to become the leading impact investor by doubling impact and halving footprint by 2020. FMO aims to double impact by investing in more companies that create jobs, whilst halving footprint by investing in more companies that reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions.

Markets

FMO's main markets are: Financial Institutions, Energy and Agribusiness.

Financial Institutions

Accessible finance is a cornerstone for viable economies and strong private sectors. A healthy financial sector can bolster entrepreneurs and individuals alike.

FMO focuses on financial institutions with long-term goals that can boost their markets and communities by creating access to financial services. FMO tailors its products to its clients' needs – financing all forms of financial institutions at all stages of development. FMO's products and services cover the long-term as well as short-term, incorporating local-currencies when possible to avoid mismatches.

FMO also supports financial institutions in reaching international best practices, for example, in asset liability management, risk management, product development, environmental risk management and implementation of client protection principles.

Energy

Financing energy projects is a major priority of our strategy. FMO focuses on the full chain from exploration and transportation to generation and distribution, with a strong emphasis on renewable energy. In middle-income countries, FMO invests in sustainable energy. In low-income countries, FMO invests in energy projects that enable new access to energy, with a preference for sustainable solutions. For developing countries, access to reliable and affordable energy is essential for economic and social progress.

Energy is crucial for running businesses, institutions and households alike. Without alternatives, fragile fossil fuels such as oil, coal and gas continue to be depleted. And natural disasters from climate change are more frequent and devastating – putting even more pressure on resources.

FMO finances long-term projects that can fuel economies, open gateways to access, clear the way for low-carbon systems and safeguard energy supplies.

Agribusiness

Achieving long-term sustainability in global agribusiness production requires large investments targeted at improving farming practices, increasing yields and reducing waste. Food security and access to affordable nourishment are crucial in developing countries.

A surging global population demands long-term accessibility to affordable food. FMO finances sustainable agribusiness companies throughout the value chain, including farming, processing and distribution operations.

Dutch business

During 2014, FMO intensified the dialogue with Dutch parties to discuss how Dutch companies can be supported in doing business in developing countries. Promising new opportunities were found in the areas of climate and export finance. FMO also continued talks with the Dutch Ministries of Finance and Foreign Affairs about ways to provide export finance to and support project development by Dutch companies investing in developing countries. In that context FMO became a member of the Dutch 'Rijkscommissie voor export-, importen investeringsgaranties'. The members of this body discuss and bring forward solutions to (inter)national developments and issues in the field of export credit insurance, finance and reinsurance.

State Agreement

The long-term commitment of the State to the Issuer and the State's strong financial backing of the Issuer is set out in the Agreement dated 16 November 1998 between the State and the Issuer (the "**State Agreement**"). On 9 October 2009 an addendum to the State Agreement was signed, mainly relating to the information flow to the government in their role as counterparty to the State Agreement.

The State Agreement was entered into for an indefinite period and may be cancelled by either party with effect from 1 January in any year, but subject to a twelve-year notice period. During such notice period the State Agreement remains in full force and effect. The Issuer states that neither the Issuer nor the State has cancelled the State Agreement and that it does not expect cancellation of the State Agreement in the foreseeable future.

Pursuant to the State Agreement, the State has agreed to provide financial support to the Issuer, including yearly contributions to the Issuer's development fund of EUR 37,260,000. The yearly contributions of the State were made available by the State as holder of the A Shares and were added to the Issuer's equity.

The development fund reached a total capital of EUR 657,981,000 on 1 January 2005. The State Agreement does not provide for further budget allocation after 2005 and hence no contributions have been made after 2005.

The purpose of the State Agreement is to ensure that FMO will be able to conduct its business which is described in more detail in the State Agreement and FMO's articles of association. To this extent, article 4 of the State Agreement provides, translated into English, that:

'To enable FMO to conduct its business in accordance with Article 1 of this Agreement and its objects as set forth in article 2 of its Articles of Association, the State agrees to provide FMO with funds as hereinafter specified in articles 5-8.'

To this extent, the State Agreement is also aimed at providing financial support so that no situations arise in which FMO is unable to meet certain of its commitments on time. The State's undertaking to provide financial support and the types of commitments are described in more detail in article 8 of the State Agreement, which is translated into English as follows:

Without prejudice to other provisions in this Agreement, the State shall prevent situations arising in which FMO is unable to meet the following (comprehensively enumerated) commitments on time. FMO's commitments in respect of

- (i) loans raised in the capital markets;
- (ii) short term funds raised on the money market with maturities of two years or less;

- (iii) swap agreements involving the exchange of principal and interest;
- (iv) swap agreements not involving the exchange of principal, but with interest payments;
- (v) foreign exchange forward contracts and Forward Rate Agreements (FRAs);
- (vi) options and futures contracts;
- (vii) combinations of the products referred to under (i) to (vi);
- (viii) guarantees given by FMO to third parties in respect of the financing of private companies in developing countries; and
- (ix) commitments relating to the maintenance of an adequate organization.'

Notes fall within the scope of the above mentioned article of the State Agreement.

In connection with the said undertaking of the State, it is agreed that the Issuer will provide the Minister of Finance with information necessary to exercise effective supervision of the Issuer's activities and financial position. Pursuant to article 10 of the State Agreement, the State cannot suspend its obligations under article 8.

The State Agreement provides for an evaluation of the State Agreement every five years from the date of the State Agreement. Translated into English, article 11 provides that:

'The State and FMO shall evaluate this Agreement or cause it to be evaluated each time with the lapse of five years from the date of signature of this Agreement. Any proposed changes to parts of this Agreement which may arise from such evaluations shall be taken into consideration by the State and FMO, but they shall be under no obligation to consent to them.'

Under Dutch law, the Issuer has no obligation to accept any proposal or offer form amendments to the State Agreement following an evaluation. The most recent five-yearly evaluation was commenced in 2013 and was completed in the first quarter of 2014.

Bank Status

On 3 March 2014, DNB granted a full banking license to FMO pursuant to article 2:12 of the DFSA. Since this date, FMO may also attract repayable funds from the public, including the issuance of Notes to retail investors (but excluding funds to which the deposit guarantee scheme (*depositogarantiestelsel*) applies, unless prior approval has been obtained from DNB). Prior to obtaining a full banking license, FMO was authorised by DNB, pursuant to Article 3:4 subsection 1 of the DFSA, to pursue the business of a voluntary bank in the Netherlands.

As a bank, FMO must ensure that its processes comply with applicable regulatory requirements. FMO is submitted to the formal supervision of DNB, and complies with the internationally accepted standards of the BIS (Bank for International Settlements) and other banking requirements. As of 4 November 2014, FMO is subject to indirect supervision by the ECB. The ECB may give instructions to DNB in respect of FMO or even assume direct supervision over the prudential aspects of the FMO's business.

Since obtaining a full banking license, paragraph 3.5.5 of the DFSA (*noodregeling*), dealing with emergency measures with respect to liquidity and solvency, also applies to FMO.

Management

Supervisory Board

Prof. Dr. J.M.G. Frijns	Mrs. Drs. A.E.J.M. Schaapveld	Prof. Dr. Ir. P. Vellinga ¹
Chairman ^{1, 2}	1727.1	
Prof. Dr. Ir. A. Bruggink ¹	Mrs. Drs. A.M. Jongerius ²	Vacancy ²

Management Board

Drs. N.D. Kleiterp Drs. J. Rigterink Mrs. L.G. Broekhuizen

Chief Executive Officer Chief Risk & Finance Officer Chief Investment Officer

Management Board

The chosen address of the Issuer's Management Board is Anna van Saksenlaan 71, 2593 HW The Hague, the Netherlands.

Nanno Kleiterp, Chief Executive Officer

Nanno Kleiterp was appointed as Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Management Board in 2008. Before that, he was responsible for FMO's risk-bearing profile as Chief Investment Officer from 2000. From 1987–2000, he held a number of positions within FMO, including manager Small- and Medium-sized Enterprises, regional manager Latin America and Chief Finance Officer. Prior to joining FMO, he gained extensive experience in private-sector development while working in Nicaragua, Mexico and Peru.

Jurgen Rigterink, Chief Risk & Finance Officer

Jurgen Rigterink was appointed as Chief Risk & Finance Officer (CRFO) as of 1 January 2014. Prior to being appointed as CRFO, Jurgen served as FMO's Chief Investment Officer. He started his career at Bank Brussels Lambert working in Brussels, Chicago and New York before joining ABN AMRO in 1997. He has since served in a variety of senior positions including sector head for Central & Eastern Europe, Middle East and Africa. In 2005, he was appointed chairman of the management board and country executive at ABN AMRO Bank Kazakhstan, the leading foreign financial institution in the country, offering investment and commercial banking services, as well as, focused retail products. He is also a member of the supervisory board of the Royal Tropical Institute (KIT).

Linda Broekhuizen, Chief Investment Officer

Linda Broekhuizen was appointed as Chief Investment Officer (CIO) as of 1 January 2014. She joined FMO in 2000. Prior to being appointed as CIO, Linda served as FMO's Director Financial Institutions, Manager of the Agribusiness, Food & Water department and Manager Sustainability Development. She is also a member of the supervisory board of the Netherlands Council for Trade promotion (*Nederlands Centrum voor Handelsbevordering*).

Potential Conflicts of Interest Management Board

None of the members of the Management Board performs principal activities outside the Issuer which are significant for the Issuer. There are no potential conflicting interests between any of the duties of the members of the Management Board to the Issuer and their respective private interests or other duties.

The members of the Management Board avoid any form and semblance of conflicting interests in the performance of their duties. The regulations of the Management Board contain a provision that each member of the Management Board, who is confronted with a (potential) conflict of interest that is of material importance to FMO, must report any such instance to the Chairman of the Supervisory Board and the other members of the Management Board. A member of the Management Board who is involved in a conflict of interest provides the Chairman of the Supervisory Board and the other members of the Management Board with all the relevant information. The question whether or not there is a conflict of interest will be decided by the Supervisory Board in the absence of the Management Board member in question. The relevant member of the Management Board will not take part in the deliberations or the decision-making regarding that matter. Decisions to enter into transactions involving (potential) conflicts of interest of members of the Management Board require the approval

¹ Member of the Audit and Risk Committee

² Member of the Selection, Appointment and Remuneration Committee

of the Supervisory Board. In case of a potential conflict of interest the relevant transactions will be disclosed in the annual report.

Supervisory Board

The chosen address of the Issuer's Supervisory Board is Anna van Saksenlaan 71, 2593 HW The Hague, the Netherlands.

At the annual General Meeting held on 14 May 2014, Rein Willems stepped down as Supervisory Board member after eight years of service. The Supervisory Board of the Issuer normally consists of six members. Because of the resignation of Rein Willems there is currently one vacancy. The Supervisory Board is actively seeking a suitable successor - so far without success - and is especially keen for a candidate with an entrepreneurial or business background, given the importance of close ties with the Dutch business community. The appointment of any candidate by the General Meeting is subject to approval by DNB.

Jean Frijns, Chairman

Jean Frijns is chairman of the supervisory board of Delta Lloyd N.V., vice president of the supervisory board of Kas Bank N.V. He is also a member of the board of directors of JPMorgan SICAV Funds and JPMorgan Special Funds, Luxembourg . Until 2012 he served as part-time professor at the faculty of Economics and Business Administration at the VU University Amsterdam. From 2004 to 2009 he was chairman of the monitoring committee for recommendations on the Dutch Corporate Governance Code. Until 2005, he was chief executive officer of the investment department of the pension fund for employers and employees in service of the Dutch government, ABP.

Bert Bruggink, member

Bert Bruggink is the former Chief Financial Risk Officer and member of the executive board at Rabobank Nederland. He has worked in several positions at Rabobank since 1986. He has been actively involved with the University of Twente since 1986. He first served as an employee in the Financial Management and Business Economics Department of the Technical Business Administration faculty of the University of Twente. He has filled the position of full professor since early 1996. He also holds a position as Supervisory Board Member of Robeco Groep N.V.

Agnes Jongerius, member

Agnes Jongerius currently holds a research position at the University of Utrecht. She also holds a position as Supervisory Board member of PostNL N.V. Based on the outcome of the elections for the European Parliament, she is to become a member of the European Parliament. Until 2012 she was vice chairwoman for the International Trade Union Confederation (FNV) and vice chairwoman of the Dutch Social Economic Council (SER).

Alexandra Schaapveld, member

Alexandra Schaapveld holds a number of non-executive board positions. She is presently member of the supervisory board of Société Générale, France, non-executive director of Bumi Armada Berhad, Malaysia, member of the Supervisory Board of Vallourec S.A., France and of Holland Casino N.V., and member of the Advisory Board of Plan Nederland (an NPO). She joined ABN AMRO Bank in 1984. She was involved in Corporate Banking and subsequently in Investment Banking, Equity Capital Markets and Mergers and Acquisitions. In 2001, she was appointed Senior Executive Vice President responsible for Sector Expertise and in 2004 became Head of the Business Unit Global Clients and Investment Banking. After the acquisition of ABN AMRO by a consortium of banks, she became head of Europe for Royal Bank of Scotland, which position she held until 2008.

Pier Vellinga, member

Pier Vellinga is the chairman of National Research Program on Climate Change, which supports the Dutch government and companies with operational knowledge required for investment decisions related to climate change, climate variability and spatial planning. He holds a position at Wageningen University (WUR) and at the Vrije Universiteit in Amsterdam. He is chairman of the board of the Royal Netherlands Institute for Marine

Research (KNIOZ) on Texel. He is co-founder and board member of URGENDA, the national platform for the promotion of sustainability in business practices.

Potential Conflicts of Interest Supervisory Board

Before Mrs. Drs. A.E.J.M. Schaapveld MA was appointed as member of the Supervisory Board of FMO, she had already invested in a client of FMO and she is member of the Investment Committee and Board of Directors of this client. As a condition of her appointment to the Supervisory Board, DNB has set certain requirements to mitigate the risk of any conflict of interest arising in respect of this client. FMO complies fully with these requirements. Other than this, there are no potential conflicting interests between any of the duties of the members of the Supervisory Board to the Issuer and their respective private interests or other duties.

The Dutch corporate governance code (commonly referred to as the *Code Frijns* after its former chairman and as described in more detail below under *'Dutch Corporate Governance Code'*), to which the Issuer voluntarily adheres, requires that any conflict of interest or apparent conflict of interest between a company and supervisory board members shall be avoided. Decisions to enter into transactions involving conflicts of interest of Supervisory Board members that are of material significance to the Issuer and/or the relevant Supervisory Board members require the approval of the Supervisory Board. Transactions involving a conflict of interest that are of material significance to the Issuer and/or the relevant Supervisory Board members will be disclosed in the annual report.

The regulations of the Supervisory Board contain a provision that a Supervisory Board member who is confronted with a potential conflict of interest must report any such instance immediately to the Chairman of the Supervisory Board and provide the Chairman of the Supervisory Board with all the relevant information. It is stipulated that the Supervisory Board member in question will not take part in the deliberations or decision-making regarding the matter. In 2010, Prof. Dr. Ir. A. Bruggink did not participate in the discussion and decision-making process in respect of a contemplated transaction with Rabobank Nederland. The contemplated transaction did not materialize.

Audit and Risk Committee

As of 14 May 2012, the Audit and Risk Committee comprises Bert Bruggink (Chairman), Jean Frijns, Alexandra Schaapveld and Pier Vellinga.

The Audit and Risk Committee monitors economic capital issues, in line with Basel guidelines. It reviews and advises on FMO's financial position, operational risks and reporting, corporate governance relating to financials and processes, including compliance, internal and external control, and audit reports.

General Meeting

The annual General Meeting is held within six months after the end of the financial year. The General Meeting is notified by the Supervisory Board of any proposed appointment to the Management Board, adopts the financial statements, determines the allocation of profits, grants discharge to the members of the Management Board and Supervisory Board, fills vacancies and appoints the auditors of the Issuer. Insofar as the articles of association do not prescribe a larger majority, resolutions of the General Meeting will be adopted by an absolute majority of the votes cast.

Dividend

The provision and the appropriation of the net profit is based upon the articles of association and the State Agreement.

The General Meeting will determine which portion of the result of a financial year is reserved or in which way a loss will be incorporated, as well as the appropriation of the remaining profit, with regard to which the Supervisory Board and the Management Board can make a non-binding proposal in accordance with the provision and dividend policy adopted by the General Meeting, taking into account the relevant provisions in the State Agreement.

Structure, Policy and Compliance

FMO is a company with a two-tier board consisting of the Management Board and the Supervisory Board, within the meaning of article 2:153 of the Dutch Civil Code. Among other implications, this means that members of the Supervisory Board will be appointed by the General Meeting at the nomination of the Supervisory Board. With respect to a third of the members of the Supervisory Board, the Supervisory Board is in principle required to nominate the individual recommended by the Works Council. The Dutch Civil Code also states that the financial statements will be adopted by the General Meeting.

Dutch Corporate Governance Code

On 9 December 2003, the Dutch Corporate Governance Committee released the Dutch Corporate Governance Code which was subsequently updated effective as per 1 January 2009 (the "Code"). The Code contains 22 principles and 128 best practice provisions for a managing board, supervisory boards, shareholders and general meetings of shareholders, financial reporting, auditing, disclosure, compliance with and enforcement of the Code.

Dutch companies admitted to trading on a European regulated market or a non-European stock exchange that is comparable to a European regulated market are required under Dutch law to disclose in their annual reports whether or not they apply the provisions of the Code and, if and to the extent they do not apply, to explain the reasons why.

Although it is not a listed company, FMO voluntarily adheres to the Code and has reported on corporate governance in the financial annual report from 2004 onwards in accordance with the Code. FMO acknowledges the importance of good corporate governance. FMO supports the Code and applies the relevant provisions of the Code subject to the exceptions set out below:

- BPP II.1.9 II.1.11: stipulations on the response time of the Management Board in case of shareholder activism and the hostile takeover stipulations are not implemented, given our stable majority shareholder, the State of the Netherlands.
- BPP II.2.3: FMO complies with this article, except for the fact that the share price is not taken into account when determining the remuneration of the Management Board, as FMO is non-listed.
- BPP II.2.4 II.2.7 and II.2.13 c. and d.: these provisions relate to the granting of options and shares that are awarded to Management Board members. No options and shares are granted at FMO.
- BPP III.8.1 III.8.4: these do not apply, since FMO does not have a one tier board.
- BPP IV.1.1: this does not apply, since this provision refers to a legal entity that does not apply a so called '*structuurregime*'. FMO is a so called '*structuur*' legal entity as defined in paragraph 2.4.6 of the Dutch Civil Code.
- BPP IV.1.2: this does not apply, since this provision refers to financing preferred shares, which FMO does not use in its share capital.
- BPP IV.1.7: FMO does not comply with the provision that the company determines a registration date to exercise voting rights and rights to attend the AGM. Since FMO has registered shares only and the identity of all shareholders is known, there is no need for separate registration.
- BPP IV.2.1 IV.2.8: these concern the issuing of depositary receipts for shares. There is no such requirement at FMO, apart from the Articles of Association which lay down that the company is not permitted to cooperate in issuing depositary receipts of shares.
- BPP IV.3.1 IV.3.4: these provisions relate to analysts' meetings and presentations to institutional investors. These provisions are of no practical significance for FMO and therefore do not apply.
- BPP IV.3.8: the explanation of the agenda of the AGM is not published on FMO's website, since this
 document is sent to all shareholders of FMO.

- BPP IV.3.11: this Best Practice Provision requires the Management Board to provide a survey in the annual
 report of all the anti-takeover measures to prevent control from being relinquished. FMO did not
 incorporate any anti-takeover measures in its Articles of Association, which has to do with the fact that
 FMO has a stable majority shareholder, the State of the Netherlands. Therefore, an overview as meant in
 this provision is not incorporated in FMO's Annual Report.
- BPP IV.4.1 IV.4.3: institutional investors annually publish their policy with respect to the exercise of voting rights on shares in listed companies, report annually on the implementation of the aforementioned policy and report at least once a quarter on the voting behavior at general meetings of shareholders. The vast majority of companies FMO invests in are non-listed companies and the few exceptions concern very small stakes listed on stock exchanges abroad. FMO's mission states that FMO behaves as an active investor with regard to environmental, social and corporate governance issues, among other things. Where FMO has voting rights (with regard to its equity investments), FMO will always exercise these rights to ensure FMO's mission and interests are carried out and protected in the best possible way.
- BPP V3.3: this provision only applies when the company does not have an internal auditor. FMO does have an internal auditor.

Banking Code

The NVB has revised the Dutch Banking Code 2010. The new Dutch Banking Code 2014 ("Banking Code") entered into force on 1 January 2015 and is designated to make a contribution to public trust in banks and their role in the community. The Banking Code applies to all banks holding a banking license and formulates principles for banks relating to, for instance, the bankers' oath, remuneration, internal supervision, risk management and audits. Under this decree banks are obliged to report in their annual report on their compliance with the principles of the Banking Code. Banks are required to state in their annual report how they have applied the principles of the Banking Code in the previous year and, if they have not applied a principle or not done so in full, to provide a reasoned explanation for this. FMO has implemented the Banking Code and has drawn up an extensive document in which FMO explains per article how it complies ('FMO and the Dutch Banking Code'), which is published on FMO's website as are FMO's annual reports.

Special Measures Financial Institutions Act

Under the Special Measures Financial Institutions Act, substantial powers are granted to DNB and the Dutch Minister of Finance enabling them to deal with, inter alia, ailing Dutch banks with the aim to avoid their insolvency. The Special Measures Financial Institutions Act aims to empower DNB or the Minister of Finance, as applicable, to commence proceedings leading to: (i) the transfer of all or part of the business (including deposits) of the relevant bank to a private sector purchaser; (ii) the transfer of all or part of the business of the relevant bank to a 'bridge bank'; (iii) the transfer of the shares of the relevant bank to a 'bridge bank'; and (iv) public ownership (nationalization) of all or part of the relevant bank or of all or part of the shares of or other securities (which may include Notes) issued by the relevant bank. Subject to certain exceptions, as soon as any of these proposed proceedings have been initiated by DNB or the Minister of Finance, as applicable, the relevant counterparties of such bank would not be entitled to invoke events of default or set off their claims against the bank. The Minister of Finance may, after consultation with DNB, take immediate measures which may deviate from statutory provisions or from the articles of association of the institution concerned. Within the context of the resolution tools provided by the Special Measures Financial Institutions Act, holders of debt securities of a bank (including Noteholders) subject to resolution could be affected by issuer substitution or replacement, transfer of debt, expropriation, modification of terms and/or suspension or termination of listings. There is a risk that exercise of powers by DNB or the Minister of Finance under the Special Measures Financial Institutions Act could adversely affect the proper performance by FMO of its payment and other obligations and enforcement thereof under the Terms and Conditions of any series of Notes.

Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive

The BRRD sets out a common European recovery and resolution framework which is composed of three pillars: (i) preparation (by requiring banks to draw up recovery plans and resolution authorities to draw up resolution plans), (ii) early intervention powers and (iii) resolution powers. The BRRD entered into force on 1 January 2015. However, the BRRD has not yet been implemented in Dutch law. On 21 November 2014, a consultation document for the proposal for the Dutch Implementation act for the European Framework for the Recovery and Resolution of Banks and Investment Firms was published for public consultation purposes. The Dutch legislator did not achieve implementation and entry into force of the legislation by 1 January 2015 as required by the

BRRD. The legislator's actual target date for implementation is not yet known but it is expected that the implementation will occur at the end of 2015.

The BRRD gives regulators resolution powers, inter alia, to write down debt (which may also include the Notes) of failing banks and certain investment firms (or to convert such debt into equity) to strengthen their financial position and allow such undertakings to continue as a going concern subject to appropriate restructuring measures being taken, the Bail-in Tool. In addition to the Bail-in Tool, the BRRD will provide the resolution authorities with broader powers to implements other resolution measures with respect to banks which reach non-viability, which may include (without limitation) the sale of bank's business, the separation of assets, the replacement or substitution of the bank as obligor in respect of debt instruments, modifications to the terms of debt instruments and discontinuing the listing and admission to trading of financial instruments.

Pursuant to the BRRD, the banks are required to meet at all times a minimum amount of own funds and eligible liabilities ("MREL") expressed as a percentage of the total liabilities and own funds. The resolution authority shall set a level of minimum MREL on a bank-by-bank basis based on assessment criteria to be set out in technical regulatory standards. In addition hereto, the Financial Stability Board ("FSB") has developed proposals to enhance the total loss-absorbing capacity ("TLAC") of global systemically important banks in resolution. The FSB proposes minimum TLAC requirements to be set as a percentage of the loss-absorbing capital and debt against the balance sheet (both weighted and unweighted). It is unclear whether the TLAC will become law and, if so, in what form and when.

Single Resolution Mechanism

The SRM provides for a single resolution framework for banks. SRM consists of a regulation (Regulation 806/2014, "SRM Regulation"). The application of the SRM Regulation will be phased in and has started on 1 January 2015 with provisions on the preparation of resolution planning, the collection of information and cooperation with national resolution authorities. Provisions relating to resolution planning, early intervention, resolution actions and resolution instruments, including the Bail-In Tool, will apply as from 1 January 2016, provided that the conditions for the transfer of contributions to the single resolution fund ("SRF") have been met.

The SRM establishes a European single resolution board ("SRB") (consisting of representatives from the ECB, the European Commission and the relevant national authorities) that will manage (through the national resolution authorities or directly) the failing of any bank in the Euro-area and in other EU Member States participating in the European Banking Union. It will determine the application of resolution tools and the use of the SRF. The SRB addresses the resolution decisions to the relevant national resolution authorities for execution at the national level in accordance with the SRM Regulation and the BRRD.

Basel III and CRD IV

In December 2010, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision published its final standards on Basel III. These standards are significantly more stringent than the existing requirements. In order to facilitate the implementation of the Basel III capital and liquidity standards for banks and investment firms, on 20 July 2011 the European Commission proposed a legislative package to strengthen the regulation of the banking sector. On 26 June 2013 the Council and the European Parliament adopted CRD IV. CRD IV consists of the CRD IV Directive and CRR which aims to create a sounder and safer financial system. The CRD IV Directive governs amongst other things the access to deposit-taking activities while the CRR establishes the majority of prudential requirements institutions need to respect. On 1 August 2014, the CRD IV Directive was implemented in Dutch law. The application in full of all measures under CRD IV (including any national implementation thereof in the Netherlands) will have to be completed before 1 January 2019. The CRR entered into effect on 1 January 2014 and has direct effect in the Netherlands.

CRD IV, in implementing Basel III, intends to increase the quality and quantity of capital, to require increased capital against derivative positions and to introduce a capital conservation buffer, a counter-cyclical buffer, a systemic buffer, a new liquidity framework (LCR) and a net stable funding ratio (NSFR) as well as a leverage ratio. The LCR addresses the sufficiency of high quality liquid assets to meet short-term liquidity needs under a specified acute stress scenario which may not fall below 100% of the estimated net cash outflows for the following 30 days. The NSFR requires that banks maintain a stable funding profile in relation to their on- and off-balance sheet activities, i.e. that long-term assets are covered with sufficient stable funding. The leverage ratio is defined as Tier-1 capital divided by a measure of non-risk weighed assets. The leverage ratio requirement will be phased in with initially a reporting period, a disclosure obligation as of 1 January 2015 and the migration

to a binding harmonized requirement on 1 January 2018. If Basel III is followed under CRD IV, the leverage ratio will be 3%, but there is still uncertainty as to the exact size and implementation of the leverage ratio under CRD IV (and national implementation (if any)). With respect to the ratio, the Dutch government has announced that it wishes to implement a leverage ratio of at least 4% for - in any case - significant Dutch banks.

Subsidiaries

FMO is the majority shareholder of each of the following subsidiaries:

- FMO Antillen N.V. (100%);
- Nuevo Banco Comercial Holding B.V. (100%);
- Asia Participations B.V. (100%); and
- Medu II Investment Trust Ltd. (100%).

International Financial Reporting Standards

FMO reports on the basis of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as of 1 January 2005.

Outlook 2015

Global economic activity in 2015 is expected to show the strongest growth since 2010, although that growth is set to vary sharply among the regions in which we are active. We have broad and deep experience in managing volatility and uncertainties through diversification, in order to achieve healthy returns. We will maintain our risk policy, diversification and adequate capitalisation (with a BIS ratio of 21,3% at the end of 2014, which is well above the minimum requirements for banks under CRR, FMO is one of the best capitalised banks in the Netherlands).

With our healthy pipeline and well-diversified portfolio, supported by a strong capital base, we are moderately positive that the economic environment will allow us to reach our growth and income targets for 2015.

A number of downside risks could play out in 2015, affecting our clients and FMO.

The IMF forecasts that emerging markets will grow by 4% on average in 2015, yet there, too, expectations per region vary greatly. A sharp slowdown in Russia could drag the whole Eastern Europe and Central Asia region into recession – including many countries where we are active, such as Georgia, Kyrgyzstan and Azerbaijan. Such a scenario would likely hit FMO's profitability via additional provisions and lower private equity results. Economic slowdown would also mean less job creation in the region. The crisis in Ukraine, if it persists, is likely to further affect agricultural and financial clients.

China could see a significant slowdown in growth, which would reduce demand for commodities and undermine the economic growth of countries reliant on natural resource exports. Growth in the Southern hemisphere, will depend on positive developments in China continuing in coming years. In the Latin America and Caribbean region, Brazil and Argentina are expected to grow by just over 2%, affecting the economic prospects of the entire region.

Persistently low oil prices could also reduce appetite for investing in renewable energy, which could make FMO's green targets difficult to achieve. On the other hand, we also see that policy makers are taking a more holistic approach to their country's energy mix as climate change is starting to affect them more directly. With the technology becoming more affordable, many governments are starting to remove subsidies on renewable forms of energy. Africa's growth prospects in coming years are optimistic, with seven out of the top 10 fastest growing emerging market economies expected to be on that continent. We are also exploring opportunities for more projects in countries such as Myanmar and Pakistan. We also see opportunities in upper middle-income countries such as India, South Africa and Indonesia and expect to be able to catalyse more investors there. We will strengthen our role in the syndications market in order to close more and larger transactions, and we will scale up our fund management activities. In addition, we will continue our cooperation with DEG and Proparco, our French counterpart, in the joint finance facility.

High liquidity in more developed countries as a result of continued loose monetary policies could put pressure on our pricing, although this effect could be offset if commercial banks further reduce activities in our markets due to increased regulation. Dollar strength could affect some developing markets as investors repatriate money to the US, and we could see devaluations in some developing economies, which would make it hard for some of our clients to repay hard currency loans.

This is an important year for shaping a new and more progressive international climate regime. During the Lima Climate Summit in 2014, preparatory work was done when China and the US signed President Obama's climate pact. This implies an encouraging shift towards widespread political participation in a major international agreement to reduce greenhouse gas emissions at the UNFCCC COP21 climate change conference in Paris this December. This would be supportive in helping us achieve our climate change objectives and our focus in 2015 will be on structurally improving sourcing of green investments. We have increased our target for green investments as a percentage of total new commitments from 20% to 25%.

Related to this, 2015 is also the year of the formulation of a new global development agenda that will replace the Millennium Development Goals agenda. As part of this process, the UN International Conference on Financing for Development in July 2015 should result in an outcome agreed between governments, which will support the implementation of the post-2015 development agenda. This development agenda will be established in September.

We will gain more experience with inclusive deals this year, learning about the various factors that determine an investment's impact. By piloting a more innovative approach to inclusive business and dedicating capacity, we can devise solutions that create impact like the project with IDH to help smallholder farmers boost yields. This will help us to determine whether to set an inclusive investments target as part of our Impact & Footprint Framework.

On the footprint side we will further investigate how to quantify the effects of water as a further refinement to showing our sustainability efforts. Given that 70% of the world's freshwater is used for agriculture, we have a keen interest in helping our clients in this area.

Our focus in the rollout of the FMO impact model will be on improving the quality of non-financial indicators, so that the quality of this data can support the impact we make, how we cope with challenges and setbacks and the operational targets we set.

We will develop new products to stimulate Dutch companies to invest in our markets. This is part of our strategy, although we have not set quantifiable targets for it.

Our staff is expected to grow a total of 405 by the end of 2015 (2014: 387). Our 2020 ambitions set against the backdrop of a fastly changing world, requires us to raise the bar. To that end, we will continue to strengthen leadership in all layers of our organization through training and development programs and by cultivating operational excellence and cooperation.

Besides building up our own knowledge in green and inclusive finance, we will also partner with parties that have experience and knowledge in these fields allowing us to offer our clients relevant products, knowledge and networks. To assess their level of satisfaction, we will perform the bi-annual survey amongst our clients during the year.

For 2015, FMO's targets are as follows:

KEY TARGETS 2015

		Targets
Development impact	Total new contracts FMO and government funds	€1.6 billion
Additionally catalysed from third parties		€875 million
Green investments of the total		25%

ESG action items due implemented		85%
Financial Sustainability	FMO net annual return on shareholders' equity	6.2%
FMO cost to income		25%

FMO FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL REVIEW (AS AT 31 DECEMBER)

(x € million)	2014 IFRS	2013 IFRS	2012 IFRS	2011 IFRS	2010 IFRS
New investments 1)	1,632	1,524	1,390	1,306	1,026
of which are Government funds 2)	177	144	160	165	81
Committed investment portfolio	8,013	6,633	6,281	5,874	5,292
of which are Government funds	978	844	831	828	726
Balance sheet					
Net loans	3,860	2,981	2,817	2,585	2,269
Equity investments portfolio 3)	1,149	962	914	795	688
Shareholders' equity	2,138	1,963	1,815	1,665	1,514
Debt securities and debentures / notes					
	4,197	3,610	3,292	2,679	2,365
Total assets	7,088	6,184	5,564	5,059	4,305
Profit and loss account					
Income					
Net interest income	169	155	154	147	133
Income from equity investments	72	43	89	46	52
Other income including services	19	56	28	45	40
Total Income	260	254	271	238	225
Expenses					
Operating expenses	-62	-62	-57	-52	-50
Operating profit before value adjustments	198	192	214	186	175
Value adjustments					
> to loans and guarantees	-36	4	22	22	1.0
	-30	4	-23	-23	-18
> to equity investments	-15	-22	-23 -23	-36	-18 -11
> to equity investments	-15	-22	-23	-36	-11
> to equity investments Total value adjustments	-15 - 51	-22 -18	-23 - 46	-36 - 59	-11 -29
> to equity investments Total value adjustments Share in the results of associates	-15 - 51	-22 -18	-23 - 46	-36 - 59	-11 -29
> to equity investments Total value adjustments Share in the results of associates Profit before tax (including results from	-15 - 51	-22 -18 -5	-23 -46 4	-36 - 59 -9	-11 -29
> to equity investments Total value adjustments Share in the results of associates Profit before tax (including results from associates)	-15 -51 2 149	-22 -18 -5 169	-23 -46 4 172	-36 -59 -9 118	-11 -29 5 151
> to equity investments Total value adjustments Share in the results of associates Profit before tax (including results from associates) Taxes	-15 -51 2 149 -25	-22 -18 -5 169 -36	-23 -46 4 172 -27	-36 -59 -9 118 -25	-11 -29 5 151 -25
> to equity investments Total value adjustments Share in the results of associates Profit before tax (including results from associates) Taxes Net profit	-15 -51 2 149 -25	-22 -18 -5 169 -36	-23 -46 4 172 -27	-36 -59 -9 118 -25	-11 -29 5 151 -25

¹⁾ New investments and Committed investment portfolio concerns both investments for FMO's account and for Government funds managed by FMO.

²⁾ The Government funds include MASSIF, IDF, AEF and FOM OS.

³⁾ Including associates.
4) Since 2012 FMO has used a new offsetting methodology. Before 2012 FMO offset its CO₂ emissions through the Climate Neutral Group. FMO now compensates for the largest share its CO₂ emissions - employee flight travel - directly through KLM, its preferred carrier, and the remaining CO₂ emissions through the Climate Neutral Group.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 2014 AND 2013

The annual figures for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013 are derived from the Issuer's annual accounts for the year 2014.

(before profit appropriation) $(x \in million)$	Notes	Page number Annual Report	2014	2013
ASSETS				
Banks	(1)	100	33,743	29,042
Short-term deposits	(2)	100	1,093,606	1,102,630
Derivative financial instruments	(3)	100	241,403	296,901
Loans to the private sector	(4), (8)	101,104	3,801,325	2,927,508
Loans guaranteed by the State	(5), (8)	102, 104	58,515	53,355
Equity investments	(6)	103	1,124,417	943,197
Investments in associates	(7)	103	24,358	19,246
Interest-bearing securities	(9)	105	593,263	664,705
Tangible fixed assets	(10)	105	7,468	7,468
Deferred income tax assets	(31)	115	2,379	4,954
Current income tax receivables	(31)	115	236	7,237
Current accounts with State funds and other programs	(11)	106	230	35
Other receivables	(12)	106	23,870	52,053
Accrued income	(13)	106	83,061	83,249
Total assets	(13)	100	7,087,644	6,184,343
LIABILITIES			7,007,044	0,104,545
Banks	(14)	107	81,168	76,897
Short-term credits	(15)	107	261,145	226,885
Derivative financial instruments	(3)	100	329,099	218,157
Debentures and notes	(16)	107	4,196,998	3,609,796
Other liabilities	(17)	108	9,975	6,394
Current accounts with State funds and other programs	(18)	108	1,019	1,630
Current income tax liabilities	(31)	115	-	2,897
Wage tax liabilities	(= -)		36	80
Deferred income tax liabilities	(31)	115	3,985	5,224
Accrued liabilities	(19)	108	54,192	50,587
Provisions	(20)	109	12,467	22,839
Total liabilities	(=0)	10)	4,950,084	4,221,386
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			1,520,001	1,221,000
Share capital			9,076	9,076
Share premium reserve			29,272	29,272
Contractual reserve			1,140,363	1,020,547
Development fund			657,981	657,981
Available for sale reserve			267,119	215,889
Translation reserve			859	-644
Other reserves			28,330	25,540
Undistributed profit			4,560	5,296
Total shareholders' equity	(21)	111	2,137,560	1,962,957
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity			7,087,644	6,184,343
			, ,- -	,, - ,- ,-
Contingent liabilities				
Effective guarantees issued	(32)	117	119,630	106,470
Effective guarantees received	(32)	117	-191,777	-102,795
Irrevocable facilities	(32)	117	1,601,951	1,408,148
Loans and equity investments managed for the risk of the State ¹			721,646	646,514
-				

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ See segment reporting paragraph of the annual report 2014.

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT 2014 AND 2013

The consolidated profit and loss account figures for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013 are derived from the Issuer's annual accounts for the year 2014.

(x € million)	Notes	Page number Annual Report	2014	2013
INCOME		i ililiaar i teport		
Interest income			206,592	196,778
Interest expense			-37,193	-42,243
Net interest income	(22)	113	169,399	154,535
Fee and commission income			6,957	7,126
Fee and commission expense			-120	-187
Net fee and commission income	(23)	113	6,837	6,939
Dividend income			12,707	19,826
Results from equity investments	(24)	113	59,328	23,643
Results from financial transactions	(25)	114	-14,279	24,911
Remuneration for services rendered	(26)	114	25,114	22,896
Other operating income	(27)	114	1,195	1,124
Total other income			84,065	92,400
Total Income			260,301	253,874
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Staff costs	(28)	114	-45,923	-46,824
Other administrative expenses	(29)	115	-13,642	-13,738
Depreciation and impairment	(10)	105	-2,124	-1,662
Other operating expenses	(30)	115	-35	-220
Total operating expenses			-61,724	-62,444
Operating profit before value adjustments			198,577	191,430
VALUE ADJUSTMENTS ON				
Loans	(8)	104	-33,659	2,966
Equity investments and associates	(6), (7)	103,103	-14,531	-22,087
Guarantees issued	(8)	104	-2,907	1,635
Total value adjustments			-51,097	-17,486
Share in the result of associates	(7)	103	1,892	-3,034
Result on disposal of subsidiaries				-1,934
Total result on associates and subsidiaries			1,892	-4,968
Profit before taxation			149,372	168,976
Income tax	(31)	115	-24,996	-35,641
Net profit			124,376	133,335

TAXATION

Tax treatment in the Netherlands

General

The following is a general summary of certain Netherlands tax consequences of the acquisition, holding and disposal of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts. This summary does not purport to describe all possible tax considerations or consequences that may be relevant to a holder or prospective holder of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts and does not purport to deal with the tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which (such as trusts or similar arrangements) may be subject to special rules. In view of its general nature, it should be treated with corresponding caution. Noteholders or prospective noteholders should consult with their tax advisors with regard to the tax consequences of investing in the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts in their particular circumstances. The discussion below is included for general information purposes only.

Except as otherwise indicated, this summary only addresses Netherlands national tax legislation and published regulations, whereby the Netherlands means the part of the Kingdom of the Netherlands located in Europe, as in effect on the date hereof, and as interpreted in published case law until this date, without prejudice to any amendment introduced at a later date and implemented with or without retroactive effect.

Withholding tax

All payments made by the Issuer under the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts may be made free of withholding or deduction of, for or on account of any taxes of whatever nature imposed, levied, withheld or assessed by the Netherlands or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein, unless the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are treated as equity of the Issuer for Netherlands tax purposes.

Legislation stipulates that debt will be treated as equity, if the debt is created under such conditions that it in effect functions as equity. Pursuant to Dutch case law, debt will in any event function as equity if the debt (i) carries a profit dependent interest (ii) is perpetual (whereby debt with a maturity in excess of 50 years is considered to be perpetual) as such that the outstanding amount can only be claimed upon liquidation or bankruptcy of the debtor; and (iii) the debt is subordinated to all other debt. A consequence of equity treatment is, inter alia, withholding tax (at a general rate of 15%) in respect of interest payments (please also refer to Condition 6 on pages 59 and 60 of this Prospectus).

Taxes on income and capital gains

Please note that the summary in this section does not describe the Netherlands tax consequences for:

- (i) holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts if such holders, and in the case of individuals, his/her partner or certain of their relatives by blood or marriage in the direct line (including foster children) have a substantial interest or deemed substantial interest in the Issuer under the Netherlands Income Tax Act 2001 (in Dutch: "Wet inkomstenbelasting 2001"). Generally speaking, a holder of securities in a company is considered to hold a substantial interest in such company, if such holder, alone or, in case of individuals, together with his /her partner (as defined in the Netherlands Income Tax Act 2001), directly or indirectly, holds (i) an interest of 5% or more of the total issued and outstanding capital of that company or of 5% or more of the issued and outstanding capital of a certain class of shares of that company; or (ii) holds rights to acquire, directly or indirectly, such interest; or (iii) holds certain profit sharing rights in that company that relate to 5% or more of the company's annual profits and/or to 5% or more of the company's liquidation proceeds. A deemed substantial interest may arise if a substantial interest (or part thereof) in a company has been disposed of, or is deemed to have been disposed of, on a non-recognition basis;
- (ii) pension funds, investment institutions (in Dutch: "fiscale beleggingsinstellingen"), exempt investment institutions (in Dutch: "vrijgestelde beleggingsinstellingen") (as defined in the Netherlands Corporate Income Tax Act 1969; in Dutch: "Wet op de Vennootschapsbelasting 1969") and other entities that are, in whole or in part, not subject to or exempt from Netherlands corporate income tax; and
- (iii) holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts who are individuals for whom the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts or any benefit derived from the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are a remuneration or deemed to be a remuneration for activities performed by such holders or certain individuals related to such holders (as defined in the Netherlands Income Tax Act 2001).

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Residents of the Netherlands

Generally speaking, if the holder of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts is an entity that is a resident or deemed to be resident of the Netherlands for Netherlands corporate income tax purposes, any payment under the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts or any gain or loss realised on the disposal or deemed disposal of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts is subject to Netherlands corporate income tax at a rate of 20% with respect to taxable profits up to EUR 200,000 and 25% with respect to taxable profits in excess of that amount.

If a holder of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts is an individual, resident or deemed to be resident of the Netherlands for Netherlands income tax purposes, any payment under the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts or any gain realised on the disposal or deemed disposal of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts is taxable at the progressive income tax rates (with a maximum of 52%), if:

- (i) the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are attributable to an enterprise from which the holder of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts derives a share of the profit, whether as an entrepreneur or as a person who has a co-entitlement to the net worth (in Dutch: "medegerechtigd tot het vermogen") of such enterprise, without being a shareholder (as defined in the Netherlands Income Tax Act 2001); or
- (ii) the holder of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts is considered to perform activities with respect to the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts that go beyond ordinary asset management (in Dutch: "normaal, actief vermogensbeheer") or derives benefits from the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts that are taxable as benefits from other activities (in Dutch: "resultaat uit overige werkzaamheden").

If the above-mentioned conditions (i) and (ii) do not apply to the individual holder of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts, such holder will be taxed annually on a deemed income of 4% of his/her net investment assets for the year at an income tax rate of 30%. The net investment assets for the year are the fair market value of the investment assets less the allowable liabilities on 1 January of the relevant calendar year. The Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are included as investment assets. A tax free allowance may be available. Actual income, gains or losses in respect of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are not subject to Netherlands income tax.

Non-residents of the Netherlands

A holder of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts that is neither a resident nor deemed to be a resident of the Netherlands will not be subject to Netherlands taxes on income or capital gains in respect of any payment under the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts or in respect of any gain or loss realised on the disposal or deemed disposal of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts, provided that:

- (i) such holder does not have an interest in an enterprise or deemed enterprise (as defined in the Netherlands Income Tax Act 2001 and the Netherlands Corporate Income Tax Act 1969) which, in whole or in part, is either effectively managed in the Netherlands or carried on through a permanent establishment, a deemed permanent establishment or a permanent representative in the Netherlands and to which enterprise or part of an enterprise the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are attributable; and
- (ii) in the event the holder is an individual, such holder does not carry out any activities in the Netherlands with respect to the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts that go beyond ordinary asset management and does not derive benefits from the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts that are taxable as benefits from other activities in the Netherlands.

Gift and inheritance taxes

Residents of the Netherlands

Gift or inheritance taxes will arise in the Netherlands with respect to a transfer of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts by way of a gift by, or on the death of, a holder of such Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts who is resident or deemed resident of the Netherlands at the time of the gift or his/her death.

Non-residents of the Netherlands

No Netherlands gift or inheritance taxes will arise on the transfer of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts by way of gift by, or on the death of, a holder of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts who is neither resident nor deemed to be resident in the Netherlands, unless:

- (i) in the case of a gift of a Note, Coupon, Talon or Receipt by an individual who at the date of the gift was neither resident nor deemed to be resident in the Netherlands, such individual dies within 180 days after the date of the gift, while being resident or deemed to be resident in the Netherlands; or
- (ii) the transfer is otherwise construed as a gift or inheritance made by, or on behalf of, a person who, at the time of the gift or death, is or is deemed to be a resident in the Netherlands.

For purposes of the above, a gift of Notes made under a condition precedent (in Dutch: "opschortende voorwaarde") is deemed to be made at the time the condition precedent is satisfied.

For purposes of Netherlands gift and inheritance taxes, amongst others, a person that holds the Netherlands nationality will be deemed to be resident in the Netherlands if such person has been resident in the Netherlands at any time during the ten years preceding the date of the gift or his/her death. Additionally, for purposes of Netherlands gift tax, amongst others, a person not holding the Netherlands nationality will be deemed to be resident in the Netherlands if such person has been resident in the Netherlands at any time during the twelve months preceding the date of the gift. Applicable tax treaties may override deemed residency.

Value added tax (VAT)

No Netherlands VAT will be payable by the holders of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts on (i) any payment in consideration for the issue of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts or (ii) the payment of interest or principal by the Issuer under the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts.

Other taxes and duties

No Netherlands registration tax, stamp duty or any other similar documentary tax or duty, other than court fees, will be payable by the holders of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts in respect of (i) the issue of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts or (ii) the payment of interest or principal by the Issuer under the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts.

Tax treatment in Belgium

General

The following information is general in nature with respect to the tax treatment of the Notes (including Coupons, Talons or Receipts). It does not constitute tax advice and does not purport to describe all tax considerations or consequences that may be relevant to a holder of Notes or prospective holder of Notes with respect to an investment in the Notes. In certain cases, other rules may apply. Moreover, the tax laws and their interpretation are liable to change at any time. Potential investors who would like complete information about the tax consequences in Belgium of the acquisition, holding and assignment of the Notes should consult their regular financial and tax advisors.

Except as otherwise indicated, this summary only addresses Belgian tax legislation, as in effect and in force at the date hereof, as interpreted in published case law, without prejudice to any amendments introduced at a later date and implemented with or without retroactive effect. See section 'Tax treatment in the Netherlands' for a summary of Dutch taxation rules that may apply.

Income tax and withholding tax

For Belgian tax purposes, the following amounts are qualified and taxable as "interest": (i) periodic interest income, (ii) amounts paid by the Issuer in excess of the issue price (whether or not on the maturity date), and (iii) in case of a realization of the Notes between two interest payment dates, the pro rata of accrued interest corresponding to the detention period. For the purposes of the following paragraphs, any such gains and accrued interest are therefore referred to as "interest".

(i) Tax rules applicable to Belgian resident individuals

Individuals resident in Belgium for tax purposes are, in principle, subject to personal income tax in Belgium (*impôt des personnes physiques/personenbelasting*) and will, in principle, be subject to the tax treatment described below insofar as the Notes are concerned. Other rules may apply in specific situations, in particular if an individual holds the Notes in the context of a professional activity or if the investment in the Notes falls outside the scope of normal wealth management.

Payments of interest on the Notes made through a debtor or paying agent in Belgium will in principle be subject to a 25% withholding tax in Belgium (computed on the interest received after deduction of any non-Belgian withholding taxes). The Belgian withholding tax constitutes the final income tax for Belgian resident individuals holding Notes. This means that they do not have to declare the interest obtained on the Notes in their personal income tax return, provided Belgian withholding tax was levied on these interest payments.

If the interest income is not collected through a debtor or paying agent in Belgium, no Belgian withholding tax is due. Interest payments that have not undergone Belgian withholding tax, must be declared in the personal income tax return and will be taxed separately at a flat rate of 25% (unless the globalisation with the other income would be more advantageous).

If the interest is received through a foreign paying agent within the meaning of the Savings Directive and such agent levied the Home State Tax (as defined in the section 'Savings Directive' below), such Home State Tax does not relieve the Belgian individual from declaring the interest income in his personal income tax return. However, the Home State Tax will be imputed to the beneficiary's tax liability. If the Home State Tax exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability, the surplus will be refunded provided it is at least EUR 2.50. The rate of the Home State Tax is currently 35%.

Capital gains realized on the sale of the Notes are in principle tax exempt, unless the capital gains are realized outside the scope of the normal management of one's private estate, the Notes are held in the context of a professional activity or unless the capital gains qualify as interest (as defined above). Capital losses are in principle not tax deductible.

(ii) Tax rules applicable to Belgian resident corporations

Companies resident in Belgium for tax purposes are, in principle, subject to corporate income tax in Belgium (*impôt des sociétés/vennootschapsbelasting*) and will, in principle, be subject to the tax treatment described below insofar as the Notes are concerned.

Interest derived and capital gains realized on the Notes by Belgian corporate investors will in principle be subject to Belgian corporate income tax at a rate of 33.99%. If the income has been subject to a foreign withholding tax, a foreign tax credit will be applied on the Belgian tax due. For interest income, the foreign tax credit is generally equal to a fraction where the numerator is equal to the foreign tax and the denominator is equal to 100 minus the rate of the foreign tax, up to a maximum of 15/85 of the net amount received (subject to some further limitations). Capital losses are in principle tax deductible.

To the extent that payments of interest on the Notes are made through a debtor or paying agent in Belgium, such payments will in principle be subject to a 25% withholding tax in Belgium (computed on the interest received after deduction of any non-Belgian withholding taxes). In certain circumstances, exemption from withholding tax may be available. The Belgian withholding tax that has been levied, if any, is creditable against the corporate income tax due subject to certain conditions.

(iii) Tax rules applicable to other legal entities resident in Belgium

Legal entities resident in Belgium for tax purposes are, in principle, subject to legal entities tax in Belgium (*impôt des personnes morales/rechtspersonenbelasting*) and will, in principle, be subject in Belgium to the tax treatment described below insofar as the Notes are concerned.

Payments of interest on the Notes made through a debtor or paying agent in Belgium will in principle be subject to a 25% withholding tax in Belgium. No further tax on legal entities will be due on the interest payment.

However, if the interest is paid outside Belgium without the intervention of a Belgian debtor or paying agent and thus without the deduction of Belgian withholding tax, the legal entity itself is responsible for the declaration and payment of the 25% withholding tax.

Capital gains realized on the sale of the Notes are in principle not taxable, unless the capital gain qualifies as interest (as defined above). Capital losses are in principle not tax deductible.

(iv) Tax rules applicable to non-residents

Holders of Notes not resident in Belgium for tax purposes are, in principle, subject to non-resident income tax in Belgium (*impôt des non-résidents/belasting der niet-inwoners*) and will, in principle, be subject to the tax treatment described below insofar as the Notes are concerned.

Payments of interest on the Notes made through a debtor or paying agent in Belgium will in principle be subject to a 25% withholding tax, save the application of a double taxation agreement (if any). Non-resident investors that do not hold the Notes through a Belgian establishment may also obtain an exemption of Belgian withholding tax on interest if certain conditions are met.

The non-residents who use the Notes to exercise a professional activity in Belgium through a permanent establishment are subject to the same tax rules as the Belgian resident companies (see above, section 'Tax rules applicable to Belgian resident corporations').

Non-resident Noteholders who do not allocate the Notes to a professional activity in Belgium and who do not hold the Notes through a Belgian establishment are not subject to Belgian income tax, save, as the case may be, in the form of withholding tax.

Tax on stock exchange transactions

A tax on stock exchange transactions (*taxe sur des operations de bourse/taks op de beursverrichtingen*) at a rate of 0,09% (subject to a maximum amount of EUR 650 per party and per transaction) is due upon the sale and purchase of the Notes entered into or settled in Belgium in which a professional intermediary acts for either party and to the extent that they relate to public funds. The notion "public funds" refers to all marketable securities, which, by their nature, are susceptible of being traded on an organized exchange. The tax is due from each of the seller and the purchaser, both collected by the professional intermediary. The tax is not due upon subscription of new securities (primary market transactions) but only on secondary market transactions.

The tax will not be payable by exempt persons acting for their own account, including investors who are not Belgian residents and certain Belgian institutional investors as defined in Article 1261 of the Code governing miscellaneous duties, levies and taxes.

If Belgium were to adopt the FTT (see *section 'Risk Factors - Risks relating to the Notes - The proposed Financial Transaction Tax'*), the tax on stock exchange transactions will need to be abolished.

Tax treatment in Germany

The following is a general description of certain German tax considerations relating to the payment of principal and interest in respect of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts. It does not purport to be a complete analysis of all tax considerations relating to the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts and does not deal with other tax aspects of acquiring, holding or disposing of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts. It relates only to persons who are the absolute beneficial owners of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts and may not apply to certain classes of holders. In addition, these comments may not apply where interest on the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts is deemed to be the income of any other person for tax purposes. Prospective purchasers of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts should be aware that the particular terms of issue of any series of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts as specified in the relevant Final Terms may affect the tax treatment of that series of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts and, therefore, an exact analysis of the tax consequences is only possible on the basis of the respective Final Terms. This summary is based upon the law as in effect in May 2015 and is subject to any change in law that may take effect thereafter even with retrospective effect. The following is a general guide and should be treated with appropriate caution. Holders or prospective holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons

or Receipts should consult with their tax advisors with regard to the tax consequences of investing therein in their particular circumstances.

Tax residents

The following paragraphs apply to persons resident in Germany, i.e. persons whose residence, habitual abode, statutory seat, or place of effective management and control is located in Germany.

Taxation of interest income and capital gains

Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts held as private assets

Private income derived from capital investments (*Einkünfte aus Kapitalvermögen*) is subject to the flat tax (*Abgeltungsteuer*) regime (unless the holder or a related person or entity holds a stake of at least 10 % in the Issuer, is a related person or entity to the Issuer). Such income from capital investments includes, inter alia, any interest received including interest having accrued up to the disposition of a security and credited separately (the "Accrued Interest"; *Stückzinsen*), if any, and capital gains from the disposal, redemption, repayment or assignment of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts held as non-business assets irrespective of a holding period. The taxable capital gain is the difference between the proceeds from the disposition, redemption, repayment or assignment on the one hand and the direct acquisition and disposal costs (including lump sum fees payable to banks for the administration of a depository account or of assets provided they are documented as covering transaction costs and not current management fees and subject to further requirements) on the other hand. If Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are issued in a currency other than Euro, the disposal proceeds and the acquisition costs each will be converted into Euro using the exchange rates as at the relevant dates, to the effect that currency gains and losses will also be taken into account in determining taxable income.

Related expenses (*Werbungskosten*) are not deductible, however, an annual tax allowance (*Sparer-Pauschbetrag*) of up to EUR 801 is granted in relation to all income from capital investments (up to EUR 1,602 for married couples or partners in a civil union (*Lebenspartnerschaft*) filing a joint tax return).

Accrued Interest paid upon the acquisition of privately held Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts may give rise to negative income from capital investments. Such negative income and losses from capital investments can only be set off with income from capital investments. Any losses not offset in a given year may be carried forward to future years and may only be deducted from income from capital investments.

Income from capital investments is subject to German income tax at a special tax rate of 25% (plus a solidarity surcharge (*Solidaritätszuschlag*) thereon at a rate of 5.5%, arriving at a tax rate of 26.375% plus, as the case may be, church tax at a rate of 8 or 9% thereon (depending on the residence of the holder)). The assessment base of the church tax is as a rule the income tax. The collection of church tax is provided for as a standard procedure unless the investor has filed a blocking notice (*Sperrvermerk*) with the German Federal Central Tax Office (*Bundeszentralamt für Steuern*). If the holder files a blocking notice, such holder is required to include the income from the Notes in his tax return (see below).

As a rule, the tax is imposed by way of withholding (*Kapitalertragsteuer*). The withheld tax amounts settle the personal income tax liability. In the event that no withholding tax was withheld (for example in cases where the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts were kept in custody abroad), the relevant income has to be declared in the personal tax return and income tax is assessed on the gross income from capital investments at the special tax rate of 25% (plus solidarity surcharge and, if applicable, church tax). An assessment may also be applied for in order to set off losses or to take advantage of the tax allowance if this was not done within the withholding process. An assessment may further be applied for if a taxation at the personal progressive rates applicable for the relevant tax payer would lead to a lower tax burden (so-called favourableness test – *Günstigerprüfung*). A deduction of related cost exceeding the above mentioned lump sum deduction (which applies once to all items of investment income) is not possible in the assessment procedure.

Where the income from the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts qualifies as income from letting and leasing of property, the flat tax is not applicable. The holder will have to report income and related

expenses in the tax return and the balance will be taxed at the holder's applicable personal progressive tax rate of up to 45% plus solidarity surcharge of 5.5% and church tax of 8 or 9% (depending on the residency of the investor) thereon. Any withholding tax withheld is credited against the personal income tax liability subject to certain documentation.

Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts held as business assets

Where Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are held as business assets, any income derived therefrom is taxed as income from agriculture or forestry, business income, or as income from a self-employed activity (*selbständige Arbeit*), as the case may be. The flat tax regime is not applicable.

In the event that Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are held by an individual, the income is subject to income tax at the personal progressive tax rates of up to 45% (plus solidarity surcharge thereon of 5.5% and church tax thereon, as the case may be). In addition, the income – to the extent it is business income – is subject to trade tax (trade tax rates ranging from approx. 7 to 17% depending on the trade tax multiplier of the municipality concerned). Trade tax may in principle be (partially) credited against the income tax by way of a lump sum procedure.

If the holder is a corporation, the income is subject to corporate income tax of 15% plus solidarity surcharge thereon of 5.5% and trade tax at the above rates.

If the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are held by a partnership, the income derived therefrom is allocated directly to the partners. Depending on if the partners are individuals or corporations, the income is subject to income tax or to corporate income tax at the level of the partner. The income – to the extent it is business income – is further subject to trade tax at the above rates at the level of the partnership. In case of a partner who is an individual, the trade tax may in principle (partially) be credited against the income tax by way of a lump sum procedure.

Withholding tax

Withholding tax, if legally required, is levied at a uniform rate of 25% (in all cases plus solidarity surcharge thereon of 5.5% and, as the case may be, church tax thereon at a rate of 8 or 9% depending on the residency of the holder). A German branch of a German or non-German bank or of a German or non-German financial services institution, or a German securities trading bank or business (each a "German Disbursing Agent") is in principle obliged to withhold withholding tax and pay it to the German tax authorities for the account of the holder of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts.

Where Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are held in a custodial account that the holder maintains with a German Disbursing Agent, withholding tax will be levied on the gross interest payments. In the event that the disposition, redemption, repayment or assignment of a security is made or commissioned through a German Disbursing Agent effecting such disposition, redemption, repayment or assignment, withholding tax is levied on the capital gains from the transaction. To the extent the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts have not been kept in a custodial account with the German Disbursing Agent since the time of acquisition, upon the disposal, redemption, repayment or assignment, the withholding tax rate is applied to 30% of the disposal proceeds (substitute assessment base – Ersatzbemessungsgrundlage), unless the holder of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts provides evidence of the actual acquisition cost by submitting a certificate of the previous German Disbursing Agent or a foreign credit or financial services institution within the European Economic Area. In computing the withholding tax base, the German Disbursing Agent will take into account (the following each derived from private capital investments) Accrued Interest paid to it and, according to a specific procedure, settle losses from the disposal of capital investments (other than stocks (Aktien) and similar financial instruments) from other transactions entered into through or with the same German Disbursing Agent. If, in this context, losses cannot be offset in full against positive income from capital investments, the German Disbursing Agent will upon request issue a certificate stating the losses in order for them to be offset or carried forward in the assessment procedure. The request must reach the German Disbursing Agent by 15 December of the current year and is irrevocable.

If, in the case of physical delivery, no cash payment is made on redemption, the German Disbursing Agent will request the holder of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts to pay the withholding tax amount to it unless the physical delivery qualifies as tax neutral exchange in which case no withholding tax applies. If the holder of the

Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts does not pay the amount to be withheld to the German Disbursing Agent, the latter must notify the tax authorities of such failure which will then otherwise collect the tax not withheld.

In general, no withholding tax will be levied if the holder is an individual (i) whose Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are held as private assets and are not allocated to income from leasing and letting of certain property, and (ii) who files an exemption certificate (*Freistellungsauftrag*) with the German Disbursing Agent, but only to the extent the interest income derived from the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts together with the other income from capital investment does not exceed the exemption amount shown on the withholding exemption certificate. Similarly, no withholding tax will be deducted if the holder has submitted to the German Disbursing Agent a certificate of non-assessment (*Nichtveranlagungsbescheinigung*) issued by the relevant local tax office.

If Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are held as private assets and the income derived therefrom is not allocable to income from the leasing and letting of certain property, the personal income tax liability is, in principle, settled by the tax withheld. A tax assessment may be applied for in the cases outlined above. In assessment cases and in cases where the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are held as business assets or is allocable to other types of income, the withholding tax is credited against the income tax or corporate income tax liability of the holder, or is refunded (each subject to documentation requirements).

Withholding tax, as a rule, does not have to be deducted or withheld if the holder is a German branch of a German or non-German bank or of a German or non-German financial services institution or a German capital investment administration company (*Kapitalverwaltungsgesellschaft*).

Taxes on the capital gains from the disposal of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts derived by a private law corporation that is subject to unlimited taxation in Germany and which is not exempt from corporate income tax, and that is neither a German branch of a German or non-German bank or of a German or non-German financial services institution nor a German capital investment company, are not collected in the form of withholding tax. In the case of certain specific kinds of corporations, this applies only if they provide evidence of falling under this group of taxpayers by a certificate from their competent tax office.

To the extent that the capital gains represent business income of a domestic business and the sole proprietor declares this to be so to the German Disbursing Agent on the officially required standard form, the German Disbursing Agent must not deduct an amount as withholding tax.

If the holder is member of a congregation that levies church tax the holder will be subject to withholding in respect of church tax if the security is held in custody with a German Disbursing Agent. The German Disbursing Agent will be informed by the German Federal Tax Office (*Bundeszentralamt für Steuern*) about the membership of the holder in a congregation that levies church tax. Such holder may, however, elect to file a blocking notice (*Sperrvermerk*) with the German Federal Tax Office. In this case, the German Disbursing Agent holding the security in custody for the holder is not informed about the holder's membership in a congregation. However, the income from capital investment needs to be included in the income tax return of the holder and church tax will be levied by way of assessment.

Non-residents

Taxation of interest income and capital gains

Income from capital investments (including interest, Accrued Interest, and capital gains) is not subject to German taxation, unless (i) the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts form part of the business assets of a permanent establishment (including a permanent representative) or a fixed base maintained in Germany by the holder; or (ii) the income otherwise constitutes German-source income creating German limited tax liability (such as income from the letting and leasing of certain property located in Germany). In cases (i) and (ii), a regime similar to that explained above under "*Tax Residents*" applies.

Withholding tax

Non-residents are, in general, exempt from German withholding tax on interest and the solidarity surcharge thereon. However, where the interest is subject to German taxation as set forth in the preceding paragraph and Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are held in a custodial account with a German Disbursing Agent, withholding tax is levied as explained above under "*Tax Residents*". The withholding tax may be refunded based on an assessment to tax or under an applicable tax treaty.

Inheritance and gift tax

No inheritance or gift taxes with respect to any security will arise under the laws of Germany, if, in the case of an inheritance *mortis causa*, neither the decedent nor the beneficiary, or, in the case of an endowment *intra vivos*, neither the donor nor the donee has its residence or habitual abode or, as the case may be, its place of management or seat in Germany and such security is not attributable to a German trade or business for which a permanent establishment is maintained, or a permanent representative has been appointed, in Germany. Exceptions from this rule apply for example to certain German citizens who previously maintained a residence in Germany. Otherwise, inheritance and gift tax may apply.

Inheritance or gift tax may apply inter alia – without any transfer – in intervals of 30 years, if the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are held by a qualifying family foundation (*Stiftung*) or a family association (*Verein*) having its statutory seat or place of management in Germany.

Other taxes

No stamp, issue, registration or similar taxes or duties will be payable in Germany in connection with the issuance, delivery or execution of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts. Currently, net assets tax (*Vermögensteuer*) is not levied in Germany.

Tax treatment in Norway

General

The following is a general summary of certain Norwegian tax consequences resulting from the acquisition, holding and disposal of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts. This discussion does not purport to be an exhaustive description of all possible tax considerations and consequences that may be relevant to a holder or prospective holder of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts and does not purport to deal with the tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which (such as banks, insurance companies or tax-exempt organizations) may inter alia be subject to special rules. In view of its general nature, this tax summary should be treated with corresponding caution. Noteholders or prospective noteholders are strongly advised to consult with their tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences of investing in the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts in their particular circumstances. The information below is included for general information purposes only.

This summary is based on the laws currently in force and as applied on the date hereof in the Kingdom of Norway, which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect.

Please note that for the purposes of the summary below, a reference to a Norwegian or non-Norwegian holder of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts refers to the tax residency and not the nationality of the holder of such.

Taxation of Interest

Norwegian holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts

Both corporate and individual holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts who are residents of Norway are subject to Norwegian tax on interest received at a flat tax rate of 27%. Any interest received in another currency than Norwegian kroner is converted to Norwegian kroner when calculating the taxable interest income.

For Zero Coupon Notes offered and sold at a discount the discount should be regarded as interest for Norwegian tax purposes.

Non-Norwegian holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts

In general, payments of interest on Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts issued to holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts who are not resident in Norway for tax purposes are, under present Norwegian law, not subject to Norwegian tax. Payments to non-Norwegian holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts may therefore be made without any withholding tax or deduction for any Norwegian taxes, duties or governmental charges.

If the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are held by an individual or by a company not resident in Norway, that is performing business activities in Norway, and the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are effectively connected with such business activities in Norway, interest received should be taxed in Norway similar as for Norwegian holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts.

Taxation of Capital Gains or Losses on Disposal of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts

Norwegian holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts

Capital gains realized by Norwegian holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts upon the sale, disposal or other redemption of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts will be subject to Norwegian taxation at the rate of 27%. Losses will be tax deductible.

The taxable gain or deductible loss is calculated per Note, Coupon, Talon or Receipt and is equal to the sales price less the cost price, including costs incurred in relation to the acquisition or realization of the Note, Coupon, Talon or Receipt. Any gain received in another currency than Norwegian kroner when realizing Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts is converted to Norwegian kroner when calculating the taxable gain.

Non-Norwegian holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts

Capital gains or profits realized on the sale, disposal or other redemption of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts by non-Norwegian holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are not subject to Norwegian taxation.

For non-resident corporate or individual holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts, a tax liability in Norway may arise if the non-resident corporation or individual is performing a business activity in Norway and the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are effectively connected with such business activities.

Withholding Tax

There is no Norwegian withholding tax on payments under the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts (principal or interest) to Norwegian holder of Notes, i.e., no obligation for the issuer to withhold for or on account of Norwegian taxes. On interest payments Norwegian holders of Notes will be taxed as described above.

Net Wealth Tax

Corporate holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts that are residents of Norway are exempt from net wealth tax.

Individual holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts who are residents of Norway are liable to net wealth tax. The value of the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts is included in the basis for the computation of net wealth tax imposed on Norwegian holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts who are individuals. Currently, the marginal net wealth tax rate is 0.85% of the value assessed.

Non-resident holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are not liable to pay net wealth tax in Norway on the holding of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts unless the holder is an individual and the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts are effectively connected with a business that the individual holder of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts carries out in Norway.

Gift and Inheritance Taxes

Norway has no gift or inheritance tax effective from 1 January 2014.

Other Taxes and Duties

There is no Norwegian registration fee, stamp duty or similar tax or duty payable by holders of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts in respect of (i) the issue of Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts or (ii) the payment of interest or principal by the Issuer under the Notes, Coupons, Talons or Receipts.

Tax treatment in the United Kingdom

The comments below are of a general nature only and are based on the laws of England and Wales and HM Revenue & Customs published practice (which may not be binding on HM Revenue & Customs). They relate only to the United Kingdom withholding tax treatment of payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes and certain information provision requirements. They do not deal with any other United Kingdom taxation implications of acquiring, holding or disposing of Notes and are not intended to be exhaustive. They assume that interest on the Notes does not have a UK source. They also assume that there will be no substitution of the Issuer and do not address the consequences of any such substitution (notwithstanding that such substitution may be effected under the Special Measures Financial Institutions Act). The United Kingdom tax treatment of prospective holders of Notes depends on their individual circumstances and may be subject to change in the future. Prospective holders of the Notes who may be unsure as to their tax position should seek their own professional advice.

References in this part to "interest" shall mean amounts that are treated as interest for the purposes of United Kingdom taxation.

On the basis that neither interest nor any other payments in respect of the Notes are expected to have a United Kingdom source, there should be no United Kingdom withholding tax on such payments.

HM Revenue & Customs has powers to obtain information relating to securities in certain circumstances. This may include details of the beneficial owners of the Notes (or the persons for whom the Notes are held), details of the persons to whom payments derived from the Notes are or may be paid and information and documents in connection with transactions relating to the Notes. Information may be required to be provided by, amongst others, the holders of the Notes, persons by (or via) whom payments derived from the Notes are made or who receive (or would be entitled to receive) such payments, persons who effect or are a party to transactions relating to the Notes on behalf of others and certain registrars or administrators. In certain circumstances, the information obtained by HM Revenue & Customs may be provided to tax authorities in other countries.

Tax treatment in Luxembourg

The following information sets out certain material Luxembourg tax consequences of purchasing, owning and disposing of the Notes, Receipts, coupons or Talons. It does not purport to be a complete analysis of all possible tax situations that may be relevant to a decision to purchase, own or sell the Notes, Receipts, Coupons or Talons, and is furthermore limited to Luxembourg withholding tax issues and the taxes mentioned under the heading 'Other taxes' only. It is not intended to be, nor should it construed to be, legal or tax advice. Prospective purchasers of the Notes, Receipts, Coupons or Talons should consult their own tax advisers as to the applicable tax consequences of the ownership of the Notes, Receipts, Coupons or Talons, based on their particular circumstances. This information does not allow any conclusions to be drawn with respect to issues not specifically addressed. The following description of Luxembourg tax law is based upon the Luxembourg law and regulations as in effect and as interpreted by the Luxembourg tax authorities on the date of the Prospectus and is subject to any amendments in law (or in interpretation) later introduced, whether or not on a retroactive basis.

Please be aware that the residence concept used under the respective headings below applies for Luxembourg income tax assessment purposes only. Any reference in the present section to a tax, duty, levy impost or other charge or withholding of a similar nature refers to Luxembourg tax law and/or concepts only.

Withholding Tax

All payments of interest and principal by the Issuer in the context of the holding, disposal, redemption or repurchase of the Notes, Receipts, Coupons or Talons can be made free of withholding or deduction for or on account of any taxes of whatsoever nature imposed, levied, withheld, or assessed by Luxembourg or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein in accordance with applicable law, subject however to the application of the Luxembourg law of December 23, 2005 as amended introducing a final tax on certain payments of interest made to certain Luxembourg resident individuals (the "**RELIBI Law**").

Payment of interest or similar income (within the meaning of the RELIBI Law, referring to the Luxembourg laws of 21 June 2005 (the "EUSD Laws") implementing the EUR Savings Directive and several agreements (the "Agreements") concluded with certain dependent or associated territories, on debt instruments made or deemed made by a paying agent (within the meaning of the RELIBI Law) established in Luxembourg to or for the benefit of an individual Luxembourg resident for tax purposes who is the beneficial owner of such payment or to certain

residual entities (entities defined in article 4.2 of the EUSD Laws, hereafter "**Residual Entities**") established in another EU Member State or in an associated or dependent territory with which an Agreement has been signed, and deemed to be acting on behalf of an individual Luxembourg resident, may be subject to a withholding tax at a rate of 10%. Such withholding tax will be in full discharge of income tax if the individual beneficial owner acts in the course of the management of his/her private wealth. Responsibility for the withholding and payment of the tax lies with the Luxembourg paying agent.

An individual beneficial owner of interest or similar income (within the meaning of the RELIBI Law, referring to the EUSD Laws) who is a resident of Luxembourg and acts in the course of the management of his private wealth may opt for a final tax of 10% when he receives or is deemed to receive such interest or similar income from a paying agent established in another EU Member State, in a Member State of the EEA which is not an EU Member State, or in a State which has concluded a treaty directly in connection with the EU Savings Directive. Responsibility for the declaration and the payment of the 10% final tax is assumed by the individual resident beneficial owner of interest.

Other taxes

In principle, there is no Luxembourg registration tax (as long as the Notes are not submitted for registration on a voluntary basis, or in the case of legal proceedings before Luxembourg courts, or in the case the Notes must be produced before an official Luxembourg authority, in which case a fixed or ad valorem registration duty may be due), stamp duty or any other similar tax or duty payable in Luxembourg by holders of Notes as a consequence of the Notes or subsequent transfer of the Notes.

EU Savings Directive

In a press release of 10 April 2013, the Luxembourg government has announced its intention to abolish the withholding tax system with effect as from 1 January 2015 onwards and to replace it with a system of automatic exchange of information. On 18 March 2014, a draft law was introduced into parliament by the Luxembourg Minister of Finance with a view to amend the EUSD Laws in that sense.

European Union Directive on Taxation of Savings Income

Under the EU Savings Directive, each Member State is required to provide to the tax authorities of another Member State details of payments of interest or other similar income paid by a person within its jurisdiction to, or collected by such a person for, an individual resident in that other Member State; however, for a transitional period, Austria may instead apply a withholding system in relation to such payments, deducting tax at a rate of 35%. The transitional period is to terminate at the end of the first full fiscal year following agreement by certain non-EU countries to the exchange of information relating to such payments.

A number of non-EU countries, and certain dependent or associated territories of certain Member States, have agreed to adopt similar measures (either provision of information or transitional withholding) in relation to payments made by a person within its jurisdiction to, or collected by such a person for, an individual resident in a Member State. In addition, the Member States have entered into reciprocal provision of information arrangements or transitional withholding arrangements with certain of those dependent or associated territories in relation to payments made by a person in a Member State to, or collected by such a person for, an individual resident in one of those territories.

On 24 March 2014, the EU Savings Directive has been amended by the Council Directive 2014/48/EU (the "Amending Directive"). The Amending Directive broadens the scope of the requirements described above. Member States have until 1 January 2016 to adopt the national legislation necessary to comply with the Amending Directive. The Amending Directive will apply from 1 January 2017. The changes made under the Amending Directive include extending the scope of the EU Savings Directive to payments made to, or collected for, certain other entities and legal arrangements. They also broaden the definition of 'interest payment' to cover income that is equivalent to interest.

However, the European Commission has proposed the repeal of the EU Savings Directive from 1 January 2017, in the case of Austria and from 1 January 2016, in the case of all other Member States (subject to on-going requirements to fulfil administrative obligations such as the reporting and exchange of information relating to, and accounting for withholding taxes on, payments made before those dates). This is to prevent overlap between the EU Savings Directive and a new automatic exchange of information regime to be implemented under Council Directive 2011/16/EU on Administrative Cooperation in the field of Taxation (as amended by Council

Directive 2014/107/EU). The proposal also provides that, if it proceeds, Member States will not be required to apply the new requirements of the Amending Directive.

Under, and subject to terms and conditions of, the paying agency agreement, the Issuer will ensure that it maintains a Paying Agent in a Member State of the European Union that is not obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to a directive or regulation of the European Union relating to the taxation of interest income or an intergovernmental agreement on its taxation in which the Netherlands or the European Union is involved or any provision implementing or complying with or introduced in order to conform to such directive, regulation or agreement (together, the "**EU Directive**").

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act

Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Revenue Code ("FATCA") impose a new reporting regime and potentially a 30% withholding tax with respect to certain payments to (i) any non-U.S. financial institution (a "foreign financial institution", or "FFI" (as defined by FATCA)) that does not become a "Participating FFI" by entering into an agreement with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") to provide the IRS with certain information in respect of its account holders and investors or is not otherwise exempt from or in (deemed) compliance with FATCA and (ii) any investor (unless otherwise exempt from FATCA) that does not provide information sufficient to determine whether the investor is a U.S. person or should otherwise be treated as holding a "United States Account" of the Issuer (a "Recalcitrant Holder"). The Issuer may be classified as an FFI. Where non-U.S. law prohibits disclosure of the information required under a FATCA agreement with the IRS, a Noteholder will be required to agree to a waiver of such law within a reasonable period of time.

The withholding at a rate of up to 30% on all, or a portion of, payments in respect of the Notes may be applied to payments after 30 June 2014. This withholding does not apply to payments on Notes that are issued prior to 1 July 2014 (or, if later, the date that is six months after the date on which the final US Regulations that define "foreign passthru payments" are published), unless the Notes are characterised as equity for US federal income tax purposes.

The FATCA withholding regime has in principle entered into force on 1 July 2014 for payments from sources within the United States and will apply to foreign passthru payments (a term not yet defined) no earlier than 1 January 2017. This withholding would potentially apply to payments in respect of (i) any Notes characterised as debt (or which are not otherwise characterised as equity and have a fixed term) for U.S. federal tax purposes that are issued on or after the date (the "grandfathering date") that is six months after the date on which final U.S. Treasury regulations define the term foreign passthru payments, or which are materially modified on or after the grandfathering date and (ii) any Notes characterised as equity or which do not have a fixed term for U.S. federal tax purposes, whenever issued.

The United States and a number of other jurisdictions have announced their intention to negotiate intergovernmental agreements to facilitate the implementation of FATCA (each, an "IGA"). Pursuant to FATCA and the "Model 1" and "Model 2" IGAs released by the United States, an FFI in an IGA signatory country could be treated as a "Reporting FI" not subject to withholding under FATCA on any payments it receives. Further, an FFI in a Model 1 IGA jurisdiction would not be required to withhold under FATCA or an IGA (or any law implementing an IGA) (any such withholding being "FATCA Withholding") from payments it makes (unless it has agreed to do so under the U.S. "qualified intermediary," "withholding foreign partnership," or "withholding foreign trust" regimes). The Model 2 IGA leaves open the possibility that a Reporting FI might in the future be required to withhold as a Participating FFI on foreign passthru payments and payments that it makes to Recalcitrant Holders. Under each Model IGA, a Reporting FI would still be required to report certain information in respect of its account holders and investors to its home government or to the IRS.

If the Issuer does not become a Participating FFI, Reporting FI, or is not treated as exempt from or in (deemed) compliance with FATCA, the Issuer may be subject to FATCA Withholding on payments received from U.S. sources and Participating FFIs. Any such withholding imposed on the Issuer may reduce the amounts available to the Issuer to make payments on the Notes.

If the Issuer becomes a Participating FFI under FATCA, the Issuer and financial institutions through which payments on the Notes are made may be required to withhold FATCA Withholding if (i) any FFI through or to

which payment on such Notes is made is not a Participating FFI, a Reporting FI, or otherwise exempt from or in (deemed) compliance with FATCA or (ii) an investor is a Recalcitrant Holder.

If an amount in respect of FATCA Withholding were to be deducted or withheld either from amounts due to the Issuer or from interest, principal or other payments made in respect of the Notes, neither the Issuer nor any paying agent nor any other person would, pursuant to the conditions of the Notes, be required to pay additional amounts as a result of the deduction or withholding. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected.

FATCA will be implemented in the Netherlands by means of an IGA between the U.S. and the Netherlands, which IGA has been published on 18 December 2013.

FATCA is particularly complex and its application is uncertain at this time. The above description is based in part on regulations, official guidance and model IGAs, all of which are subject to change or may be implemented in a materially different form. Prospective investors should consult their tax advisers on how these rules may apply to the Issuer and to payments they may receive in connection with the Notes.

EACH TAXPAYER IS HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT: (A) ANY TAX DISCUSSION HEREIN IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE USED, AND CANNOT BE USED BY THE TAXPAYER FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX PENALTIES THAT MAY BE IMPOSED ON THE TAXPAYER; (B) ANY SUCH TAX DISCUSSION WAS WRITTEN TO SUPPORT THE PROMOTION OR MARKETING OF THE TRANSACTIONS OR MATTERS ADDRESSED HEREIN; AND (C) THE TAXPAYER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON THE TAXPAYER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR.

SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

The Dealers have in an amended and restated programme agreement dated 17 June 2015 (the "**Programme Agreement**") agreed with the Issuer a basis upon which they or any of them may from time to time agree to purchase Notes. Any such agreement will extend to those matters stated under 'Form of the Notes', 'Form of Final Terms' and 'Terms and Conditions of the Notes' above. In the Programme Agreement, the Issuer has agreed to reimburse the Dealers for certain of their expenses in connection with the establishment of the Programme and the issue of Notes under the Programme.

General

Each Dealer has represented and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that it will (to the best of its knowledge and belief) comply with all applicable securities laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers Notes or possesses or distributes this Base Prospectus and will obtain any consent, approval or permission required by it for the purchase, offer, sale or delivery by it of Notes under the laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction to which it is subject or in which it makes such purchases, offers, sales or deliveries and neither the Issuer nor any other Dealer shall have any responsibility therefore.

With regard to each Series or Tranche, the relevant Dealer will be required to comply with any additional restrictions set out in the relevant Syndication Agreement or Dealer Accession Letter.

Non-exempt Offer Selling Restriction under the Prospectus Directive

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a "Relevant Member State"), each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the "Relevant Implementation Date") it has not made and will not make an offer of Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Base Prospectus as completed by the Final Terms in relation thereto to the public in that Relevant Member State except that it may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, make an offer of such Notes to the public in that Relevant Member State:

- (a) if the final terms in relation to the Notes specify that an offer of those Notes may be made other than pursuant to Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive in that Relevant Member State (a "Non-exempt Offer"), following the date of publication of a prospectus in relation to such Notes which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State, provided that any such prospectus has subsequently been completed by the final terms contemplating such Non-exempt Offer, in accordance with the Prospectus Directive, in the period beginning and ending on the dates specified in such prospectus or final terms, as applicable and the Issuer has consented in writing to its use for the purpose of that Non-exempt Offer;
- (b) at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;
- (c) at any time to fewer than 150, natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive), subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by the Issuer for any such offer; or
- (d) at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive,

provided that no such offer of Notes referred to in (b) to (d) above shall require the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive, or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression "an offer of Notes to the public" in relation to any Notes in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Notes, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State, the expression "Prospectus Directive" means Directive 2003/71/EC

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(as amended, including by Directive 2010/73/EU) and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State.

United States

1. The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except in certain transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

The Notes are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, except in certain transactions permitted by U.S. tax regulations. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by the Revenue Code and regulations thereunder.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not offer, sell or deliver Notes (a) as part of their distribution at any time or (b) otherwise until 40 days after the completion of the distribution, as determined and certified by the relevant Dealer or, in the case of an issue of Notes on a syndicated basis, the relevant lead manager, of all Notes of the Series or Tranche of which such Notes are a part, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Each Dealer has further agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to agree, that it will send to each dealer to which it sells any Notes during the distribution compliance period a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

Until 40 days after the commencement of the offering of any Series of Notes, an offer or sale of such Notes within the United States by any dealer (whether or not participating in the offering) may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act if such offer or sale is made otherwise than in accordance with an available exemption from registration under the Securities Act.

2. In addition (but only in relation to Notes with an initial maturity in excess of 365 days that are treated as issued in bearer form for US federal income tax purposes):

where TEFRA D is specified in the applicable Final Terms:

- (a) except to the extent permitted under U.S. Treas. Reg. §1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D) or, any successor rules in substantially the same form as such rules for purposes of Section 4701 of the Revenue Code, as amended (the "**D Rules**"), each Dealer (a) represents that it has not offered or sold, and agrees that during the restricted period it will not offer or sell, Notes in bearer form to a person who is within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, and (b) represents that it has not delivered and agrees that it will not deliver within the United States or its possessions definitive Notes in bearer form that are sold during the restricted period;
- (b) each Dealer represents that it has and agrees that throughout the restricted period it will have in effect procedures reasonably designed to ensure that its employees or agents who are directly engaged in selling Notes in bearer form are aware that such Notes may not be offered or sold during the restricted period to a person who is within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, except as permitted by the D Rules;
- (c) if it is a United States person, each Dealer represents that it is acquiring the Notes for purposes of resale in connection with their original issuance and if it retains Notes in bearer form for its own account, it will only do so in accordance with the requirements of U.S. Treas. Reg. §1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D)(6) or, any successor rules in substantially the same form as such rules for purposes of Section 4701 of the Revenue Code, as amended; and
- (d) with respect to each affiliate that acquires Notes from a Dealer for the purpose of offering or selling such Notes during the restricted period, such Dealer repeats and confirms the representations and agreements contained in subparagraphs (a), (b) and (c) on such affiliate's behalf.

Terms used in this paragraph 2 have the meanings given to them by the Revenue Code and regulations thereunder, including the D Rules.

where TEFRA C is specified in the applicable Final Terms:

Each Dealer understands that under U.S. Treas. Reg. §1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(C) or, any successor rules in substantially the same form as such rules for purposes of Section 4701 of the Revenue Code, as amended (the "C Rules"), Notes in bearer form must be issued and delivered outside the United States and its possessions in connection with their original issuance. Each Dealer represents and agrees that it has not offered, sold or delivered, and will not offer, sell or deliver, directly or indirectly, Notes in bearer form within the United States or its possessions in connection with their original issuance. Further, in connection with the original issuance of Notes in bearer form, the Dealer has not communicated, and will not communicate, directly or indirectly, with a prospective purchaser if either the Dealer or the prospective purchaser is within the United States or its possessions or otherwise involve a U.S. office of the Dealer in the offer or sale of Notes in bearer form. Terms used in this paragraph 1(2) have the meanings given to them by the Revenue Code and regulations thereunder, including the C Rules.

United Kingdom

Each Dealer has represented and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that:

- (a) in relation to any Notes which have a maturity of less than one year, (a) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business and (b) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Notes other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or as agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the issue of the Notes would otherwise constitute a contravention of Section 19 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the "FSMA") by the Issuer;
- (b) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Notes in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer; and
- (c) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

Japan

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan (Law No. 25 of 1948, as amended; the "**FIEL**") and each Dealer has represented and agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree that it will not offer or sell any Notes, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (which term as used herein means any person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organised under the laws of Japan), or to others for re offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, a resident of Japan (as defined under Item 5, Paragraph 1, Article 6 of the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law (act. No. 228 of 1949, as amended) except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the FIEL and any other applicable laws and regulations of Japan.

The Netherlands

Any Notes (including rights representing an interest in a Global Note) issued under the Programme that are offered anywhere in the world shall only be offered in accordance with the paragraph below.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that unless the relevant Final Terms specify that this provision does not apply because the standard exemption wording required by Article 5:20(5) DFSA is not applicable, it will not make an offer of Notes to the public in the Netherlands in reliance on Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive unless (i) such offer is made exclusively to persons or entities which are qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus

Directive or (ii) standard exemption wording is disclosed as required by Article 5:20(5) DFSA, provided that no such offer of Notes shall require the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed that Zero Coupon Notes (as defined below) in definitive form may only be transferred and accepted, directly or indirectly, within, from or into the Netherlands through the mediation of either the Issuer or a member of Euronext in Amsterdam with due observance of the Dutch Savings Certificates Act (*Wet inzake spaarbewijzen*) of 21 May 1985 (as amended) and its implementing regulations.

No such mediation is required in respect of (a) the transfer and acceptance of rights representing an interest in a Zero Coupon Note in global form, or (b) in respect of the initial issue of Zero Coupon Notes in definitive form to the first holders thereof, or (c) the transfer and acceptance of Zero Coupon Notes in definitive form between individuals not acting in the conduct of a business or profession, or (d) the transfer and acceptance of such Zero Coupon Notes within, from or into the Netherlands if all Zero Coupon Notes (either in definitive form or as rights representing an interest in the Zero Coupon Note in global form) of any particular Series or Tranches are issued outside the Netherlands and are not distributed within the Netherlands in the course of their initial distribution or immediately thereafter.

In the event that the Dutch Savings Certificates Act applies, certain identification requirements in relation to the issue and transfer of, and payments on, Zero Coupon Notes have to be complied with and, in addition thereto, if such Zero Coupon Notes in definitive form do not qualify as commercial paper traded between professional borrowers and lenders within the meaning of the agreement of 2 February 1987, attached to the Royal Decree of 11 March 1987, (*Staatsblad 129*) (as amended), each transfer and acceptance should be recorded in a transaction note, including the name and address of each party to the transaction, the nature of the transaction and the details and serial numbers of such Notes. For purposes of this paragraph "Zero Coupon Notes" means notes that are in bearer form and that constitute a claim for a fixed sum against the Issuer and on which interest does not become due during their tenor or on which no interest is due whatsoever.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Authorisation

The establishment and updating of the Programme and the issue of Notes under the Programme have been duly authorised by written resolutions of the Board of Management of the Issuer dated 11 May 1999, 9 May 2000, 8 May 2001, 14 May 2002, 6 August 2003, 20 September 2004, 24 October 2005, 20 November 2006, 4 October 2007, 14 May 2008, 11 September 2008, 10 September 2009, 15 April 2010, 10 May 2011, 27 June 2012, 26 June 2013, 26 May 2014 and 9 June 2015 and by written resolutions of the Supervisory Board of the Issuer dated 11 May 1999, 9 May 2000, 8 May 2001, 14 May 2002, 16 September 2003, 20 September 2004, 24 October 2005, 11 September 2006, 13 September 2007, 14 May 2008, 11 September 2008, 2 April 2009, 10 September 2009, 15 April 2010, 10 March 2011, 8 March 2012, 12 December 2013 and 11 May 2015. All consents, approvals, authorisations or other orders of all regulatory authorities required by the Issuer under the laws of the Netherlands have been given for the issue of Notes and for the Issuer to undertake and perform its obligations under the Programme Agreement, the Agency Agreement and the Notes.

Listing

The Issuer has currently listed Notes on the Six Swiss Exchange, the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and Euronext in Amsterdam. Application may be made for the Notes to be listed and admitted to trading on Euronext in Amsterdam, the Luxembourg Stock Exchange or the London Stock Exchange as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

Documents Available

For the period of twelve (12) months following the approval by the AFM of this Base Prospectus, copies of the following documents will, when published, be available from the registered office of the Issuer at Anna van Saksenlaan 71, 2593 HW The Hague, the Netherlands, and from the specified office of the Agent:

- (i) the articles of association (statuten) of the Issuer and an English translation thereof;
- (ii) the publicly available audited annual financial statements of the Issuer for the two most recent financial years;
- (iii) the publicly available non-audited interim financial statements of the Issuer for the two most recent financial years, as reviewed by the external auditor;
- (iv) the Deed of Covenant and the Agency Agreement (which contains the forms of the Temporary and Permanent Global Notes, the Notes in definitive form, the Receipts, the Coupons and the Talons);
- (v) a copy of this Base Prospectus;
- (vi) any future prospectuses, information memoranda and supplements to this Base Prospectus and any other documents incorporated herein or therein by reference;
- (vii) the Final Terms for each Series or Tranche of Notes which are listed or admitted to trading on Euronext in Amsterdam, the Luxembourg Stock Exchange or the London Stock Exchange; and
- (viii) an English translation of the State Agreement dated 16 November 1998 between the Issuer and the State and the addendum thereto dated 9 October 2009.

Issuer's Website

The Issuer's website address is https://www.fmo.nl/. Information on the Issuer's website does not form part of this Base Prospectus and may not be relied upon in connection with any decision to invest in any Notes.

Clearing and Settlement Systems

The Notes have been accepted for clearance through Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg and Euroclear Netherlands. The appropriate common code and ISIN for each Series or Tranche allocated by Euroclear, Clearstream, Luxembourg, Euroclear Netherlands and any other relevant security code, will be specified in the

applicable Final Terms. If the Notes are to clear through an additional or alternative clearing system the appropriate information will be specified in the applicable Final Terms.

No Material Change

There has been no material adverse change in the prospects of the Issuer since 31 December 2014.

No Significant Change

There has been no significant change in the financial or trading position of the Issuer or its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, since 31 December 2014.

Litigation

The Issuer is not aware of any governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings (including any such proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer is aware), nor have there been any such proceedings during the 12 months before the date of this Base Prospectus which may have, or have had in the recent past, significant effects on the financial position or profitability of the Issuer or any of its subsidiaries taken as a whole.

Dealers transacting with the Issuer

In the ordinary course of their business activities, the Dealers and their affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. Such investments and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of the Issuer or the Issuer's affiliates. Certain of the Dealers or their affiliates that have a lending relationship with the Issuer routinely hedge their credit exposure to the Issuer consistent with their customary risk management policies. Typically, such Dealers and their affiliates would hedge such exposure by entering into transactions which consist of either the purchase of credit default swaps or the creation of short positions in securities, including potentially the Notes issued under the Programme. Any such short positions could adversely affect future trading prices of Notes issued under the Programme. The Dealers and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

Conditions for Determining Price

The price and amount of Notes will be determined by the Issuer and the relevant Dealer at the time of issue. The issue price will be disclosed in the Final Terms.

Auditors

KPMG Accountants N.V. ("**KPMG**") acts as the auditors of the Issuer. The address of KPMG is Laan van Langerhuize 1, 1186 DS Amstelveen, the Netherlands. KPMG are registered with the Netherlands Institute of Chartered Accountants (*Nederlandse Beroepsorganisatie van Accountants (NBA)*). Each of the independent auditor's reports of KPMG with respect to the annual financial statements of the Issuer for the financial years ended 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013 is incorporated by reference in the form and context in which it is included, with the consent of KPMG.

Rating

FMO has been rated 'AA+/Stable/A-1+' by Standard & Poor's. An 'AA+' rating is the second highest rating assigned by Standard & Poor's. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is considered to be very strong.

FMO has been rated 'AAA/Stable/F1+' by Fitch. An 'AAA' rating is highest rating assigned by Fitch. The obligor's capacity to meet its financial commitment on the obligation is considered to be exceptionally strong.

Series or Tranches of Notes issued under the Programme may be rated or unrated. Where a Tranche or Series of Notes is rated, such rating will not necessarily be the same as the ratings assigned to the Programme. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency. The rating of a certain Series or Tranche of Notes to be

issued under the Programme may be specified in the applicable Final Terms. Whether or not each credit rating applied for in relation to a relevant Series or Tranche of Notes will be issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies, as amended (the "CRA Regulation") will be disclosed clearly and prominently in the Final Terms. In general, credit institutions as defined in Regulation 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (the Capital Requirements Regulation or "CRR"), such as the Issuer, are restricted from using a rating for regulatory purposes if such rating is not issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under the CRA Regulation unless the rating is provided by a credit rating agency operating in the European Union before 7 June 2010 which has submitted an application for registration in accordance with the CRA Regulation and such registration is not refused.

Post-issuance information

The Issuer does not intend to provide any post-issuance information in relation to any issues of Notes, other than required by any applicable laws and regulations or as specified in the applicable Final Terms.

Registered office of the Issuer

Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V.

Anna van Saksenlaan 71 2593 HW The Hague The Netherlands

Paying Agents

Banque Internationale à Luxembourg, société anonyme

69, route d'Esch L-2953 Luxembourg Luxembourg

ABN AMRO Bank N.V.

Gustav Mahlerlaan 10 1082 PP Amsterdam The Netherlands

Legal Advisers

To the Issuer in the Netherlands

To the Dealers in the United Kingdom

To the Dealers in the Netherlands

NautaDutilh N.V.

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Allen & Overy LLP

One Bishops Square London E1 6AD United Kingdom

Allen & Overy LLP

Apollolaan 15 1077 AB Amsterdam The Netherlands

Auditors to the Issuer

KPMG Accountants N.V.

Laan van Langerhuize 1 1186 DS Amstelveen The Netherlands

Amsterdam Listing Agent

ABN AMRO Bank N.V.

Gustav Mahlerlaan 10 1082 PP Amsterdam The Netherlands

Arranger

Coöperatieve Centrale Raiffeisen-Boerenleenbank B.A. (Rabobank)

Croeselaan 18 3521 CB Utrecht The Netherlands

Dealers

Citigroup Global Markets Limited

Citigroup Centre, Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5LB United Kingdom

Coöperatieve Centrale Raiffeisen-Boerenleenbank

B.A. (Rabobank) Croeselaan 18 3521 CB Utrecht The Netherlands

Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank

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Daiwa Capital Markets Europe Limited

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Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch

Winchester House 1 Great Winchester Street London EC2N 2DB United Kingdom

ING Bank N.V.

Foppingadreef 7 1102 BD Amsterdam The Netherlands

HSBC Bank plc

8 Canada Square London E14 5HQ United Kingdom

J.P. Morgan Securities plc

25 Bank Street Canary Wharf London E14 5JP United Kingdom

Mizuho International plc

Bracken House One Friday Street London EC4M 9JA United Kingdom

Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V.

Anna van Saksenlaan 71 2593 HW The Hague The Netherlands

Clearing Agents

Euroclear

3 Boulevard de Roi Albert II B.1210 Brussels Belgium Clearstream Luxembourg 42 Avenue J.F. Kennedy

12 Avenue J.F. Kennedy L-1855 Luxembourg Luxembourg **Euroclear Netherlands**

Herengracht 459-469 1017 BS Amsterdam The Netherlands